Today's Forecast.
Fair and Warmer; Fresh East to Southeast Winds.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

The Coon Hollow Folks
Do the Pittsburgh Expo. in
THE SUNDAY GAZETTE

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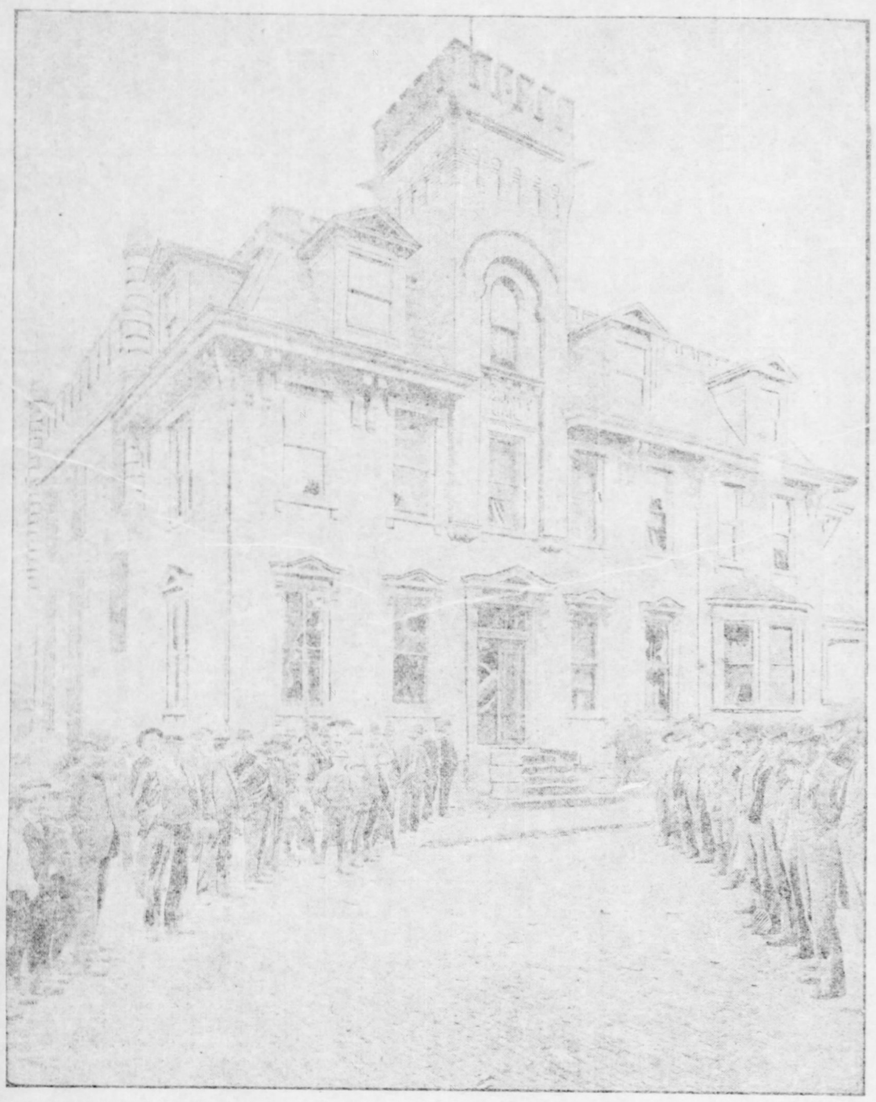


The County Jail at Butler, Showing the Broken Doors and Windows.

NEWS SUMMARY

M'KINLEY.

President Roosevelt was mortified at the Oyster Bay memorial services by the Rev. H. H. Washburn's sermon, which was too political and flattering to the present executive to please the president.—Page 2.

Judge Day, at Canton, pays a tribute of love to his old neighbor and friend.—Page 1.

DOMESTIC.

Two men are found dead from poison on street in Cumberland, Md.—Page 1.

The navy department published a resume of foreign naval progress last fiscal year.—Page 7.

Bishop Fallows of Chicago will meet Miners' President Mitchell in Pittsburgh today and go east to study the strike situation and seek an interview with J. P. Morgan.—Page 1.

Scores of people perish in the forest fires in the northwest.—Page 1.

Congregation of New York church demands recognition of consumers in coal strike.—Page 2.

FOREIGN.

The Colombian government is rushing reinforcements to the isthmus to save Panama and Colon.—Page 3.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Butler mob leaves its mark on walls and windows of the county jail.—Page 1.

Gov. Stone gives up attempt to settle the miners' strike.—Page 12.

The Pattison party will start on a seven-weeks' campaign today.—Page 2.

LOCAL.

Negro laborers working on the government dam at Legionville fought over a game of craps and William Cunningham, who was run out of the game for cheating, shot and killed Alonzo Scott. Cunningham escaped.—Page 12.

Magistrate D. J. McGarey had 214 cases to dispose of at yesterday morning's hearing at Central police station and it took him six hours to do it. John McAleese, superintendent of police, started his promised raids on disreputable places and thereby made the docket a big one. A prominent First ward club was among the places raided.—Page 12.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop J. N. Fitzgerald of the Methodist Episcopal church, in ordaining deacons and elders of the German conference yesterday afternoon, said the great need of the Methodist church today was exhorters and that exhoriation had almost become a lost art in the church.—Page 8.

The speakeasy agitation stirred up by Supt. John McAleese of the bureau of police has led to a superficial investigation into the extent of the illicit liquor traffic and the statement is made by men who ought to know that it is greater than that of the licensed retail houses. Wholesalers openly disobey the mandates of the license court. The retailers are contemplating seeking relief somehow.—Page 1.

The first anniversary of the death of President McKinley was observed in most of the churches of the two cities and surrounding boroughs yesterday with appropriate services.—Page 8.

The Rev. Dr. John H. Prugh of Grace Reformed church held special services yesterday for the anniversary of President McKinley's death and delivered a sermon on "McKinley at Antietam."—Page 8.

James A. Clark's ruse by which he gained copies of the registry lists for the Citizens and Democrats weeks in advance of the usual time causes much annoyance to the machine. J. Carson Mercer says Clark ought not to have done it.—Page 8.

SPORTING.

The Pirates were delayed by a wreck, reached St. Louis late, made many errors, yet won the game.—Page 10.

New and exciting style of bike racing was introduced at Vailsburg.—Page 10.

The local football eleven will play preliminary games at Greensburg and open the season in this city next month.—Page 10.

St. Louis beat Cleveland twice and is drawing close to the Athletics for the American league pennant.—Page 10.

BUTLER JAIL SHOWS MARKS OF MOB'S WORK

Stones Chipped By Bullets and Windows Are Smashed In.

SHERIFF PROMISED RETURN OF RIOTERS

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Butler, Pa., Sept. 14.—Butler is as quiet as usual on Sunday, except that curious crowds surround the county jail discussing the wild scenes of last night and viewing the much abused bastile.

On the rear walls of the court house, opposite the jail entrance, the stones are chipped in half a dozen places where bullets from the officers' guns, fired over the mob's heads to frighten them, struck.

Every window of the two rooms adjoining the entrance on the first floor of the jail is smashed and several on the second floor also. One brick crashed through an upper window, barely missing the head of Miss Lena Hoon, the sheriff's daughter. The door, transom, jambs and casing were carried in and broken by the heavy timber in the mob's hands.

Picture Tells But Little.

The damage is worse than the picture of the jail indicates. The bricks and stones gathered out of the sheriff's living rooms would fill a two-bushel sack. Sheriff Hoon, who is over 60 years old, was struck in the breast by a brick and severely bruised.

At 4 o'clock this morning a crowd of about 1,000 men, probably half of whom were armed, gathered in front of the jail, but the lights in the building were all put out and Sheriff Hoon, with a well-armed posse, stood behind the barricaded entrance, and the crowd was afraid to make an assault. The mob had been told that the officers would shoot to kill.

Jerry Bennett's crime is really of a more brutal nature than at first reported. John Wagner, father of Thelma Wagner, the injured child, lives next door to Bennett's mother on Elm street.

Drunk His Only Excuse.

Jerry got drunk Saturday morning. In the evening he saw little Thelma in front of her home and coaxed her to accompany him to an Italian fruit stand on East Jefferson street for candy. From there they walked up the street.

At 7:30 Bennett and the little girl were seen walking toward the Purvis lumber yard. Search for the pair was soon commenced by a dozen men, and Policemen Schultz and Kemper, but it was not until 9:30 that Lewis Patton, James Madden and another young man found them under a box car.

The child was almost unconscious and covered with blood, as also was Bennett's clothing. When the men seized him and dragged him out, the craven wretch lay groveling on his face, whimpering:

"Oh, mother, mother! O God, forgive me."

At 6 o'clock this evening no response had been received to the message sent to the governor last night requesting aid to protect the jail, and it is not now thought that the assistance of the state troops will be needed.

Some alarm was caused by the arrival of some belated passengers on the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh flyer from Pittsburgh, who got in here at 4 o'clock this morning. Among the number were C.

Continued on 2d Page, 7th Column.

BISHOP FALLOWS COMING EAST IN MINERS' BEHALF

Will Be in Pittsburgh Today to See President Mitchell.

SEEKS INTERVIEW WITH J. P. MORGAN

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 14.—Rt. Rev. Samuel Fallows, bishop of the du-diocese of the west and northwest and rector of St. Paul's Reformed Episcopal church of this city, left tonight on his trip to study conditions among the miners in the Pennsylvania anthracite coal fields.

He will arrive in Pittsburgh tomorrow afternoon, where he will meet President Mitchell and other representatives of the miners, and after a conference the party will proceed to Philadelphia. There the bishop will see some of the leading Pennsylvania coal operators, especially those interested in the anthracite mines.

Bishop Fallows will then go to New York with the mine workers' officials, wait upon J. Pierpont Morgan and endeavor to secure a personal interview with Mr. Morgan. The next day the bishop and his party will go down into the coal fields and remain until Bishop Fallows is certain he has accumulated a sufficiently intimate knowledge of the situation. He will then go back to New York and try to lay the result of his investigation before Mr. Morgan and make one more appeal for settlement.

Bishop Fallows is eminently fitted for the mission he has undertaken. Eminent in his church, he goes with a certain authority. A student of sociological and industrial problems, he goes with a foreknowledge of the conditions he will meet. A friend of the poor and oppressed, and a sympathizer with labor, he goes as a brother of the men he will meet.

During his visit and after his return to Chicago, the bishop will labor with a monster subscription list with which he hopes to secure relief for the worst cases of destitution which he finds.

The bishop left over the Pennsylvania railroad at 5:40 this evening and will leave Pittsburgh tomorrow afternoon on the Pennsylvania limited for Philadelphia. Before leaving this evening the bishop said:

"My particular mission is to meet just as far as possible the miners and their families and to see how they live and what is necessary for their immediate welfare in the way of clothing, supplies and money. I shall aim to be thorough in my methods of obtaining knowledge and conservative in the expression of my views.

"I know that there is the greatest need of instant relief, and whether the strike is to be settled now or at a later period, there will be an imperative demand for succor by the miners and those dependent upon them. Their resources are exhausted and they will have to depend upon both the justice and the generosity of the American people in their noble struggle for the recognition of their rights as laborers and as union workingmen. I hope there will be no cessation of earnest effort in every direction to minister to their pressing needs."

The Brandur Magazine Pays

three cents a word or more for all contributions—the highest rate paid by any periodical in the world. Weekly. Five cents a copy. Eight stories in each number.

NATION PAYS LOVING TRIBUTE TO ITS MARTYRED PRESIDENT

People of Canton Gather to Hear Eulogy of McKinley by Judge Day, Who Finds Lesson in His Life and Work.

EACH DAY A MEMORIAL TO SORROWING WIDOW

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Canton, O., Sept. 14.—Canton today paid its tribute to the memory of William McKinley on the first anniversary of his death. From almost every pulpit there was reference in prayer or in address to him and his work. His favorite hymns were sung. There was no attempt at decoration other than to have the portraits of McKinley draped with flags and surrounded with choice flowers.

The address that attracted most attention was that given by Judge William R. Day, former secretary of state and a friend and adviser of McKinley for many years. The address was delivered in the First Methodist Episcopal church, of which McKinley was a member and in which the public funeral was held, September 19, 1901.

In the Catholic churches of the city special mass was said and tribute was also paid by some of the priests to the memory of McKinley, having known him personally.

Every Day a Memorial.

Although deeply conscious of the fact that it was just one year ago that her beloved husband died, Mrs. McKinley did not vary the program followed by her for several months. All days to her have been memorial days. Her usual trip to West Lawn cemetery was taken this forenoon and she laid love's offering of flowers on the casket that contains the remains of the nation's chief.

Mrs. Garret A. Hobart, who is her guest, went with her into McKinley's tomb, and also laid a bouquet of flowers on the coffin. The afternoon and evening were spent at the McKinley home. During the day there was many visitors at the McKinley vault.

Judge Day's tribute to his martyred chief was in part as follows:

"This tragedy which fills our hearts with grief has a lesson for the living, and calls upon lawmakers and law enforcers for all that legislation and courts can do, suppression and punishment of those who teach or practice the dreadful tenets of this code of lawlessness and ruin."

His Call to War.

Referring to the early life of McKinley, he said:

"From the school he heard the call of his country to her sons, and at once stepped into the ranks as a defender of the union. His associates in arms, officers of his regiment, included such lawyers as Hay and Matthews, and in their companionship, while a valiant soldier, he determined to adopt the legal profession as his calling, should he survive the perils of war."

Referring to the Spanish-American war, Judge Day said:

"He determined to do all within the range of his official duties to better the condition of the Cuban people, to relieve the strain upon our country, and if possible to accomplish these ends without an appeal to arms. These purposes were the key to his Cuban policy, steadily pursued, with much accomplished, when the unlooked-for happened in the treacherous anchoring of the Maine, where she became the easy prey of malicious persons bent upon her destruction.

Loses Hope for Peace.

"The president realized that he could no longer hope for a peaceable settlement which did not include the withdrawal of Spain from the American continent, and he promptly advised our minister at Madrid that only such a settlement would be satisfactory, and that no assistance could be afforded to further plans of so-called autonomy under Spanish rule.

"William McKinley never consciously wronged a fellow-being," said Judge Day. "It was his rule not only to refrain from inflicting pain, but to scatter joy wherever he could. He would step aside from a march to retreat to assure a weeping mother who loved the Union, that defeat was but for the day and would be turned into victory.

"Steadfast in his friendship, he would not swerve from loyalty for the glittering prize of the presidency. Enduring the burdens which came before, during and after war, no word of impatience ever escaped him and he met the people with a smile of welcome and a word of encouragement.

"He would turn from the most important affairs of state to give a flower to a little child, or to say a kindly word to some visitor for whom he could do no more. Resentment he had none. He believed life was too short to give any of his time to cherishing animosity. Sensitive to criticism, no one ever heard him utter any unkind word of another. He met calumny with silence and unfair criticism with charity. His was the gospel of cheerfulness. His presence was sunshine, never gloom; his encouraging word dispelled doubt, and nerved others to their duty."

In conclusion the speaker said:

"If the youth of the country learn from his life that the surest foundation of success is upright character and that the path of duty is indeed the way to glory, then may this great life live beyond its too short living with praises and thanksgiving that such a character was given to the world."

MEMORY STILL STRONG AT SCENE OF TRAGEDY

Large Public Meeting in Honor of McKinley Held at Buffalo—Services in Other Cities.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 14.—The anniversary of the death of William McKinley was universally observed in this city today. The pastors in all the churches paid tribute to the memory of the martyred president and the congregations sang his favorite hymns, "Nearer, My God, to Thee" and "Lead, Kindly Light." These hymns were also sung by the worshipers in small chapels and missions and gloriously in tones on the great organs in the larger churches, seemingly with special significance and fervor.

In the afternoon a public meeting was held in the city convention hall. Despite the presence of the immense throng, a reverential quiet prevailed throughout the services. The interior of the hall was decorated with the national colors. A large oil painting of the dead president, festooned in flags, faced the audience. Over the portrait was a banner inscribed with the words uttered by the president

Continued on 2d Page, 3d Column.

AIR BRAKES ARE SET BY AN EXPLOSION

A Locomotive Blows Up While the Train Is Running and the Engineer Was Instantly Killed.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—George Lutz, engineer; James J. Dooley, fireman, and Walter Weber, conductor, were blown out of the cab of a locomotive which exploded on the Pennsylvania railroad just west of Jersey City today.

Lutz was killed and the others seriously scalded and bruised.

No cause for the explosion has been discovered. The boiler had been filled, there was plenty of water in the tender and the locomotive had been working smoothly.

The engine was one of the biggest on the road and of mogul type. It was drawing a heavy freight train, made up in the west, into Jersey City. The wreck of the boiler indicates that the crown sheet blew out. The boiler landed on the tracks about 175 feet forward of where the explosion occurred.

The bursting of the boiler and its flight had no effect on the train, except to set the air brakes.

MOBBED A MESSIAH.

Former English Clergyman Who Claims to Be the Christ Rescued by the Police.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Extraordinary scenes, verging upon riot, occurred today at Clapton, where nearly 5,000 persons attempted to mob a former Episcopalian clergyman named Smyth Piggott, who is now the leader of an eccentric sect called the "Agapemonites."

Piggott last week announced himself as the Messiah. Exposures of the man, which filled many columns in the newspapers, heightened public interest in the matter to such a pitch that today Piggott was taken from the mob only by the efforts of mounted policemen. In spite of warnings, the chapel in which Piggott held services today was invaded by jeering crowds, but in the fact of howling disorder, Piggott again affirmed that he was the Christ.

SOME HOPE FOR KELLY.

Doctors at Last Give His Children a Little Encouragement.

STOCKBRIDGE, MASS., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—Tonight George Kelly still shows his strong constitution. Instead of losing ground he has gained slightly during the day and early part of the night.

There has been no change in the past 24 hours, for he is able to sleep fairly well and take some nourishment. The doctors here have at last told the children that they may have a little hope.

NEW PRIMARY LAW TO BE TRIED TODAY

Some Minnesota Congressmen Are Having a Very Hard Battle for a Return Engagement.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 14.—Tomorrow will close the campaign for the first general nominating election under the new Minnesota primary election law. Each party will nominate nine congressional, eight judicial and 182 legislative candidates, the gubernatorial tickets and platforms having been cared for in state conventions.

In the First congressional district, Congressman J. A. Tawney is meeting with spirited opposition from State Senator T. V. Knatvold for the Republican nomination. In the Second district Congressman McCleary is without opposition for renomination. The Democratic candidate will be C. N. Andrews of Mankato.

Seven Republicans have conducted a bitter campaign for the congressional nomination in the Third. C. C. Kolare of Lesuer Center is unopposed for the Democratic nomination.

In the Fourth district Congressman Stevens will be renominated. John L. Gieske of St. Paul will be the Democratic nominee.

Congressman Fletcher faces a strenuous struggle for re-election in the Fifth. In the Sixth district, composed largely of counties which once elected Charles A. Towne to congress, Dr. J. A. Dubois of Sauk Center will be the Democratic nominee against either C. B. Buckman of Little Falls or A. F. Foster of Litchfield.

A three-cornered fight in the Seventh district will end in the equivalent of election to congress for the successful Republican contestant.

In the Eighth district, Adam Bede and W. D. Edson seek the Republican nomination, while M. L. Fay and Charles D'Autremont are contesting for the Democratic candidacy. Five seek the Republican nomination in the Ninth district, Alexander McKinnon will be the Democratic nominee.

DELAY IN PIOUS CASE.

Mexico Does Not Seem to be Quite Ready for the Arbitration.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 14.—It is not yet definitely known whether the postponement of the hearing of the Pious fund case between Mexico and the United States before the arbitration court, which was yesterday regarded as not improbable, will be necessary; but Mexico does not appear to be quite ready, and there is some doubt as to whether all the persons interested can reach here in time.

It has been announced that the court will open Monday, September 15.

The Start of the Democratic Bandwagon.

TWO MEN FOUND DEAD IN STREET, POISON VICTIMS

Police Looking for Man Seen Bending Over One of Them.

ROBBERY POSSIBLE CAUSE OF TRAGEDY

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Cumberland, Md., Sept. 14.—This city has been thrown into a state of wild excitement over a mysterious double poisoning case. Shortly after last midnight the bodies of William G. Little, a Baltimore & Ohio conductor employed in the Cumberland yards, and John Steckman of Hyndman, Pa., were found lying only a few yards from each other on Front street.

Steckman was still breathing when discovered and was frothing at the mouth. He was dead, however, before physicians reached the scene. Little was dead when first found, and some one had placed a cent on each eye.

When the bodies were searched a half-pint flask of whisky was found in one of Little's pockets, while Steckman had a quart of whisky and a half-pint bottle, three-fourths filled with carbolic acid. There were no marks of violence visible.

A post-mortem was held and traces of carbolic acid discovered, but the physicians who made the post-mortem contend that the deaths were not occasioned by acid poison. Their reason for advancing the above theory is due to the fact that the condition in which the men were found indicated that they had died without a struggle and the further fact that there were no signs of burning or scalding, which carbolic acid produces when taken internally.

Robbed of Month's Pay.

Yesterday was pay day on the Baltimore & Ohio. Little drew $115. His people state that he had all his money with him. When his body was found all his money was gone with the exception of $5. Steckman was employed at a brick yard at Hyndman and was paid off on the 10th, and only 30 cents was found on him.

The physicians claim that both men could hardly have taken the carbolic acid accidentally, as when one would have swallowed a dose of it it would have scalded him so that his cries of pain would have warned the other one that a mistake had been made. Others contend that at least one of the men was intoxicated and made a mistake in treating his partner, handing him the wrong bottle and being in a maudlin condition paid no attention to any evidence of pain, and swallowed some himself.

The bottle of carbolic acid contained no label and how Steckman got so much of the poison is mystifying the officers. When the bodies were first discovered by three young men returning home, they state that there was a man bending over one of them, who called himself a "corn doctor." The latter was at the time listening as if to ascertain if the man's heart was beating.

Looking for Corn Doctor.

The police are looking for the alleged chiropodist, as it is further alleged that he was in company with at least one of the dead men during the night.

Little was last seen in a restaurant eating oysters near 12 o'clock. He was sober and was arranging to go on a fishing excursion next week.

The police and many others claim that the dead men are victims of poison administered for robbery or some other purpose, and contend that facts will yet develop that will produce a sensation. The coroner held an inquest today, but no facts other than the above were produced.

Little was about 30 years of age and leaves a widow. Steckman was 28 and unmarried. The mysterious occurrence is attracting hundreds to the morgue.

SCORES PERISH IN FOREST FIRES IN NORTHWEST

Not a House Left Standing Along Lewis River, Washington, for Thirty Miles.

PROPERTY LOSS IMMENSE

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Kalamazoo, Wash., Sept. 14.—News has reached here that the forest fires on Lewis river have wrought sad havoc. D. L. Wallace, his wife and two children were burned to death. They were camping in the woods when caught by the fire. Their wagon was found burned up, the charred bodies lying near. A 12-year-old boy of Mr. Manley also is dead.

Mrs. John Polly, her baby and a brother, name unknown, and Mr. Newhouse and Mrs. Graves are dead. Fifteen others were found without clothing, except gunnysacks.

Five logging camps are burned out completely.

The fire has spread from Lewis river north to the Kalama river, and 50 sections of the finest timber on the coast have been destroyed. It is impossible to give any estimate of the amount of the damage done to property.

Oak Point, 20 miles below here, on the Columbia river, has been destroyed. There are no reports of lives lost, but loss to property is estimated at about $300,000.

A great fire also is raging on the Coweman, in the northern part of the county. Everything combustible in its path has been consumed. The air is thick with smoke and falling ashes. Three lumber camps are reported destroyed or badly damaged.

Two men from Barrs camp are reported missing; people are panic-stricken and crazed over the loss of property. Cowlitz county thought it was going to escape, until today, when the reports came thick and fast, each worse than the last. Five people are dead and two missing, with only partial reports from the burned district.

A courier just arrived from Lewis river states that only two houses are left standing on Lewis river from Trent's place to the head of the river, 30 miles, and that not less than 50 persons have perished.

PORTLAND, ORE., Sept. 14.—About 200 people are left homeless in Multnomah and Clackamas counties, as a result of the forest fires that have raged for the past week.

In the fire that destroyed the town of Palmer, near Bridal Veil, two boys named Hamilton were burned to death.

The timber losses in Clackamas county have been immense and the whole length of the Clackamas river presents nothing but vistas of ruined settlements.

TRAIN HITS HOUSE.

Occupants Are Thrown from Their Beds and Narrowly Escape With Their Lives.

CUMBERLAND, MD., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—At Williamsport, below this city, last night a large brick and log house, was demolished and the family of William Bovey and three workmen narrowly escaped being killed, the result of a serious wreck on the Potomac Valley railroad. As a freight train was passing the house a number of cars jumped the track and crashed into the residence. Mr. Bovey and his wife were hurled into a yard and their two children, who were asleep, were knocked from their bed.

Robert Shaffer, J. N. Keyton and Joseph Rudy, who were also asleep in the house, were hurled into the yard. Rudy had one leg broken, but the others were unhurt.

NO HOPE FOR QUEEN.

Marie Henriette of Belgium Believed to Be Dying of Heart Disease and Asthma.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 14.—The Soir says the condition of Marie Henriette, queen of the Belgians, is hopeless and that King Leopold probably will be obliged to shorten his visit at Bagnere-de-Luchon, France, in consequence.

Queen Marie Henriette has long been ill with a malady of the heart. She is at Spa, and it was reported from there last Thursday that the queen had been seized by a severe attack of asthma.

THE SPEAKEASY TRADE IS THE BEST PAYING

Agitation Stirred Up by McAleese Brings Important Facts to Light

LICENSED MEN ARE NOT PLEASED

Though there has been much published about the unlicensed sale of liquor in Pittsburgh, especially since Supt. John McAleese of the bureau of police began to tell what he proposes doing in the way of suppressing speakeasies and other disreputable places where beer, whisky and wine are freely dispensed, yet few people have a really adequate idea of the enormous sales made by wholesale dealers to men and women who retail the stuff without the approval of the Allegheny county license court.

That the trade is extensive is evident from the well-substantiated charges that a regular syndicate controls the trade in one part of the city, while in other parts "favored" wholesalers divide up the traffic among themselves, shutting out other men in the wholesale trade.

Big Money in Illicit Trade.

When charges of "graft" and "protection" are made so promiscuously and generally the average citizen may draw his own conclusions, and while these may lead him to believe that there is money in the business for somebody he would probably decline the statement that the "illicit" traffic exceeds in money value the aggregate of all the liquor sold over the bar in Pittsburgh and Allegheny to be exaggerated. Yet that statement was made yesterday by a prominent saloonkeeper and his estimate was indorsed by other men in the same business.

At first blush the assertion seems too extreme to be believed, but it is made by responsible men who have had occasion to investigate the trade that interferes with the prosperity of their own business. A probing analysis would open up many considerations of public and private morals; limiting the field of investigation to an inquiry into the effect of the illicit traffic on the legitimate business of licensed saloonkeepers elicits staggering facts.

Some of the Differences.

The government license is a mere trifle to the legitimate saloonkeeper, for it is only $25, but when it comes to paying the state, county and city for the privilege of conducting a bar, the financial proposition becomes one of moment. During the dull times following the panic of 1893, many saloonkeepers went to the wall. Scores of them might have weathered the hard times, had it not been for the license fee of $1,100, a sum that in many cases represented the difference between a sheriff's sale and a fair living. In other words, had the license been a two-figure fee many saloonkeepers who failed in business could have continued in business.

Having paid his lawyer, taken out his license, leased his premises and purchased his fixtures and furnishings, the saloonkeeper hires his bartenders and opens up for business. At the very outset he learns of competition in his district, when early on Monday morning somebody staggers in and asks for a drink. How he became drunk during Sunday and the Monday morning hours when all licensed places are closed the saloonkeepers soon learns; around the corner is a speakeasy or a disorderly house, or a so-called club, run in the interest of the private individual who holds the charter, and it was there the would-be customer loaded up.

Some Things Saloonkeepers Know.

The saloonkeeper knows that the person who does business under a government license alone, takes in to his or her unlawful resort, more money than the licensed man himself. The saloonkeeper knows that were he to keep open on Sunday the argus-eyed police would mark him down for slaughter at the license

court, whereas the police seem to sleep while his illegal competitor is doing business. To add irony to the situation, the saloonkeeper knows that the unlicensed resorts charge from two to 10 times the prices that prevail in the saloon, evil deeds thust bringing greater rewards than fall to the lot of the man who obeys the law and the license judges' rulings.

The saloonkeeper now in the business might wonder where these unlicensed persons procure their liquor. He knows that wholesalers, in applying for license, are sometimes put through a series of searching questions by the court; that some years ago a rule was laid down that they must close at 7 p. m. and that at that time they were forbidden by the court to sell liquor to persons who, by the magnitude of their purchases, plainly indicated their nefarious calling. Knowing this he perhaps thinks that his unlawful competitors procure their liquors by false representation, or that at least the product is taken into their places by stealth, under the thicket veil of secrecy.

Courts Orders Openly Disobeyed.

One who might have such ideas is soon undeceived, for, if he but casually watch the places conducted illegally, he can see wagons dash up and barrels of bottled beer and quantities of whisky and wine be delivered with great hurrah, and on the wagons he sees the name of a man who has been approved by the court as one to hold a wholesaler's license and who has promised to obey the court's rulings.

A light finally dawns on the saloonkeeper, and if he represents the average of his calling, he keeps his mouth closed, does not inquire too closely how and why the license court judges are kept in ignorance of the character of that particular applicant for a wholesale license, and does not dare to criticise the police authorities who keep a strict eye turned on his delinquencies, but are blind to what is going on around the corner. And when he reads of the "syndicate wholesaler" and the "protected bottler" he already knows all about it.

It was Matthias Weiss who estimated for a Gazette reporter the value of the unlicensed liquor trade as compared with that of the regularly licesed houses.

One Who Knows Talks.

"The average citizen has no knowledge of the magnitude of the trade," said Mr. Weiss. "I know all about it, for I have had occasion to investigate the conditions. Take the value of all the wines, liquors and beer sold in the licensed saloons of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and take the value of all the wines, liquor and beer sold in unlicensed houses, counting speakeasies, disorderly houses and so-called clubs—excluding the legitimate clubs—and I assert boldly that the unlicensed trade amounts to far more in money than the lawful trade traffic aggregates. I mean that wholesalers sell more to the illicit trade than they do to the saloonkeepers. And when it comes down to the money actually taken in by the unlicensed traffickers, I say that it far exceeds the profits of all the saloonkeepers, for the prices of the unlicensed houses are high.

"The saloonkeeper pays heavily for the privilege of conducting business and does not dare to disobey the rules of the license court, except at his peril. Yet he is exposed to the competition of the unlicensed dealer, and the effect on his moral qualities cannot be of the best when he contemplates the prosperity that bold infraction of the laws brings. I believe that today we have a better class of men in the saloon business than ever before. I admit that some of them leave much to be desired, but I also believe that many of their shortcomings can be attributed to the impunity which they see the unlicensed liquor traffic enjoy."

McAleese Has a Big Job.

George N. Mashey said he agreed with Mr. Weiss in his comparative valuation of the money in the licensed and unlicensed traffic. Every saloonkeeper, he said, knew of the extent of the unauthorized business, but it was not in their power to procure a remedy. Mr. Mashey referred to the statements made by Superintendent of Police McAleese. "Mr. McAleese has a big job before him," he said. "I have read of his promises regarding the selling of liquor in speakeasies and disorderly houses. I think he means business, and that if let alone and permitted to carry out his ideas, that he will do what he has promised. But he has a big job on hand."

Some years ago the Retail Liquor Dealers' association tried to stop the sale of liquor in unlicensed houses and effected one reform—closing the wholesale houses at 7 p. m. They also secured the court's ruling that wholesale bottlers should not sell to speakeasies and disorderly houses. The latter part of the rule, the saloonkeepers say, has fallen into disuse. Through the work of the retail liquor dealers throughout the state the legislature was led to make the law against the illegal sale of liquor more stringent, the fine under summary process being materially increased.

What Are Constables For?

"Any justice or alderman can now impose a heavy fine," said Henry Noll, the president of the association. "Some years ago the association employed a detective, who brought numerous suits in court against speakeasies and proprietors of disorderly houses, but when the cases came up for trial the witnesses could not be found. That was why the fine under summary process was made heavier. The unlicensed traders could be driven out of business if the constables did their duty and reported them to the court or entered suits before aldermen. The saloonkeepers can do nothing. What are the constables and police for?

"It is probable that at the next meeting of the association the matter will come up. It does not seem fair that we should pay a heavy tax and not be protected in our business."

Robbers Leave Car Fare.

ALTOONA, PA., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—John Boyles of this city, a conductor on the Pennsylvania railroad, was held up and robbed on one of the bridges which spans the railroad just east of the city at 9 o'clock last night by two negroes. Boyles had received his month's wages, and this and his gold watch were taken. Before they left him Boyles asked them for a nickel for street car fare, which they "generously" gave him.

Strikers Abandon Fight.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 14.—The striking weavers at Olneyville, the center of the fight against the American Woolen Company and its two-loom system, voted today to return to work. Lack of money to carry on the fight was announced as the cause of the action. The workers voted to support all weavers who will quit the mills if asked to operate two looms on fancy worsted.

Growing girls and boys who exhibit signs of failing or impaired health, get robust from the persistent use of Dr. Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

ALVIN—DeWolf Hopper in "Mr. Pickwick," 8:15 p. m.

NEW GRAND—New stock company in "A Stranger in a Strange Land." 2:15 and 8:15 p. m.

BIJOU—"King of the Detectives." 2:15 and 8:15 p. m.

EMPIRE—"A Mother's Heart." 8:15 p. m.

ACADEMY—Harry Bryants' Burlesquers, 8:15 p. m.

PITTSBURGH EXPOSITION—Sousa's band in concerts afternoon and evening, and Miss Liebling.

Ocean Intelligence.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
New York		Kroonland
New York		Cymric
New York		Columbia
Liverpool		Etruria
London		Minnehaha.
Queenstown		Lucania.
Liard		Koenigin Luise
St. Johns		Peruvian
Gibraltar		Lahn.

Positively Last Excursion.
Niagara Falls.
$5.00. Round Trip. $5.00.
P. & L. E. Sept. 20th.
Three fast trains—9:25 a. m., 5:20 and 11:59 p. m., city time.

This is Sousa day at the New Exposition. The great bandmaster positively closes his engagement tomorrow night.

FULSOME PRAISE SADLY CHAGRINS THE PRESIDENT

Goes to Hear William McKinley Praised, but Hears Himself Flattered.

SERMON TOO POLITICAL FOR HIS TASTE

The Rev. Mr. Washburn's Discourse Turned Into a Denunciation of Trusts and of the Rich. Roosevelt Shows Mortification.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Oyster Bay, L. I., Sept. 14.—In Christ Episcopal church this morning the Rev. Henry Homer Washburn, the rector, delivered a sermon on the anniversary of the death of President McKinley which bore a closer resemblance to a political speech than a memorial address. To the surprise of his congregation and the evident chagrin of President Roosevelt, who attended church with his family, the rector abandoned scriptural texts and launched into a furious attack upon trusts and the wealthy and powerful classes who, he said, are displaying their animosity toward the head of the nation.

Mr. Washburn's discourse was an indorsement of the president's efforts to place great corporations under governmental control; but, so replete was it with broad flattery of the nation's chief executive, who sat before him; so direct were his allusions to the personality of the president, that the latter was thunderstruck and could not conceal his vexation.

Took Roosevelt Unawares.

The first part of the rector's sermon was devoted to an eulogy upon the life and character of the martyred McKinley —and to this the president listened attentively; but when in the second part of the sermon, Mr. Washburn took occasion to speak of the possibility of danger coming through certain trusts, and also to laud the president, Mr. Roosevelt became restive. At the conclusion of the sermon he turned to Mrs. Roosevelt, who sat beside him, and whispered: "He should not have done that."

After the services the president said he had requested Mr. Washburn to hold memorial services, but that he had no knowledge of what the sermon contained, nor had he any intimation that the rector would refer to the trusts or to himself. Mr. Washburn also said he had prepared the sermon without consulting any members of the president's family.

"Who could fill his place?" exclaimed Mr. Washburn, in speaking of President McKinley's death. "Fortunately, a David was vice president. Many said he was too young to be president, that youth is apt to be impulsive. How the love of him is filling the hearts of the people! What one serious mistake has he made?"

President Roosevelt fairly writhed in his pew, and his face flushed. His ears turned purple, as the over-zealous rector praised his honesty.

Launches Into Trust Question.

"Only on one thing do some of his friends fear he is making a mistake," continued the clergyman, "and that is regarding the trusts. He had better let them have a free hand, they say, and work out their ends. But evidently he has studied methods and is convinced that the good of all demands that the trusts be brought under control of the national government.

"Is this not sound judgment? Is not this a conservative proposition? How can one have any knowledge of human nature and not see the possibility of danger coming by and through the unguarded use of great wealth concentrated in the hands of a few?

"You hear of good trusts and bad trusts. What does this mean, if not that unscrupulous men already are at the head of certain trusts and are planning methods to cheat, rob and oppress? What course will the generality of business men pursue when they see wealth within the reach of their grasp? To hold that no danger may come through great accumulations of wealth is to ignore the teachings of the holy scriptures. From Genesis to Revelations the Bible is filled with precepts and warnings regarding the power and use of wealth. It declares that 'the love of money is a root of all kinds of evil,' and it utters a prophecy that all may read who will 'Howl, ye rich men, for the woes that are coming upon you.'

Rector Sees Danger Ahead.

"Evidently the president sees and is convinced of the possibility of danger. There can be no backward steps toward former business methods. Shall trusts have their own way, or come under control of the national government? Shall trust methods be in the hands of the few or the many? There is certainly danger ahead. The first utterances of the president favoring governmental control have brought upon him caustic criticism. This shows the antigus of the power he is seeking to control.

"Meanwhile, slowly but surely, we are marching toward a new national event. Civilization ever progresses, but great reforms have generally come through the perils of fire and sword. If ever circumstances indicated that one was placed providentially in the executive chair of the nation, then the circumstances that attended the promotion of Mr. Roosevelt so indicate. If words mean anything, his motives contemplate the good of all. From past exeprience with President Roosevelt, we know that he will labor toward that end, come what may."

"I hope it is distinctly understood that when I spoke of the president I was voicing my own personal opinions," said the rector, after the services. "Either directly nor indirectly did President Roosevelt suggest any of the subjects on which I spoke. I am heartily sorry if what I did say displeased him, but I believe the fact that the president occupies the executive chair of the nation is a providential one, and that his efforts may avert or partially minimize the social danger that is impending."

The Rev. Mr. Washburn, when the first intimation was made to him that the president would like him to preach a memorial sermon, thought a reference to the death of President McKinley would be sufficient. He had prepared his sermon, when a second suggestion was made to him last night that the memorial services would be held in nearly every church in the country, and that the memorial services would assume the importance of a national observance. Thinking the address he had prepared was not entirely sufficient to meet the occasion, the rector practically re-wrote it and did not complete his discourse until shortly before the morning services today.

Don't Wait for Success

to come to you—meet it half way by saving with the Standard Security Trust Company, 209-213 Fourth avenue. Pays 4 per cent interest on savings accounts—2 per cent on checking accounts.

Estelle Liebling sings two great arias at the New Exposition today—Ophelia, from "Hamlet," and the "Pearl of Brazil."

Crush, drush, crush! That has been the rule at the New Exposition every day during the Sousa-Liebling engagement. Come early tonight to get a seat.

NATION PAYS LOVING TRIBUTE TO ITS MARTYRED PRESIDENT

Continued From First Page.

on his deathbed: "It is God's way." Mayor Erastus C. Knight presided.

The services were opened with Chopin's funeral march by the orchestra. After the invocation the choir of 100 voices and the audience sang "Lead, Kindly Light."

Addresses were made by the Rev. E. C. Locke, Tracy C. Becker and Anslem J. Smith. "Nearer, My God, to Thee" and "America" were sung by the audience and the services ended with Mendelssohn's funeral march by the orchestra.

Tomorrow memorial services will be held in all the public schools.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The first anniversary of the death of President McKinley was specially observed today in a large number of the churches of this city, while it was referred to by the pastors of almost all the others.

The Rev. Charles L. Thompson preached at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church on "Religious Elements of National Strength." This is the church which President McKinley attended when his visits to this city included Sundays. In this church, as in all the others, the hymns "Lead, Kindly Light" and "Nearer, My God, to Thee" were included in the program of congregational singing. The sermons were laudatory of the public acts and private character of the dead executive.

Fifteen thousand persons gathered around the band stand at the Mall in Central park in the afternoon to listen to a memorial concert by a regimental band.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 14.—McKinley memorial services were held in all the churches of this vicinity today. There were special programs in many churches, including the favorite hymns of the martyred president. In the afternoon a concert was given at Eden park with a program suitable to the anniversary. In some churches the floral tributes were as elaborate as on Easter. No day was ever more generally observed in sacred or secular circles here. Suitable memorial exercises will be held in all the city schools tomorrow.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 14.—The anniversary of the death of President McKinley was observed today by special services in the churches of all denominations in this city. Many clergymen took for their texts the life and death of the late president. "Nearer, My God, to Thee" and "Lead, Kindly Light" were the principal hymns sung.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—Throughout the city, from platform and pulpit, men of all nationalities and all creeds lauded the life and deeds of President McKinley, whose death occurred one year ago today. His nobility of character, purity of home life, solidity of statesmanship and greatness of heart were subjects for outpourings of eloquence from clergy and laity. Musical services, arranged especially for the occasion, added to a considerable degree to the impression made by prayer and oratory.

OMAHA, NEB., Sept. 14.—McKinley memorial day was generally observed by the churches, religion and other organizations in this city today. "Lead, Kindly Light," rang out from the chimes from Trinity cathedral early this morning and special services were held at the Catholic churches. With few exceptions, the clergy of the city made reference to the life and death of the late president and at the musical festival specially prepared programs were rendered this afternoon and evening.

HELENA, MONT., Sept. 14.—McKinley memorial day was observed in a majority of the Helena churches today. In the Methodist, Presbyterian and Congregational churches special memorial services were held, and at each of these churches memorial addresses were delivered.

SALT LAKE, Sept. 14.—A number of Salt Lake pastors referred in their sermons to the first anniversary of the death of President McKinley today, and one special memorial service was held. The Rev. E. H. Koepel of the Iliff M. E. church spoke on "Lessons from the Life of McKinley."

DETROIT, MICH., Sept. 14.—Although there were but few McKinley memorial services held in Detroit today, many of the pastors of the city took occasion to refer to the death of the martyred president a year ago, and draw lessons from his life. Throughout the state many pastors preached sermons on the life of the former president.

TOLEDO, O., Sept. 14.—McKinley memorial day was observed throughout the city today. At all the churches this morning reference was made to the sad death of a year ago, and this evening union services were held at St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church on the West Side and the Memorial Baptist church on the East Side.

The services were largely attended and addresses were made by pastors of various churches. A special musical program was also rendered.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 14.—Services were held in all the leading churches in Kansas City today, commemorating the anniversary of President McKinley's death. The favorite hymns of the martyred president had prominent places in the musical programs. Many of the sermons held up McKinley's life as an ideal of American citizenship.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., Sept. 14.—The anniversary of President McKinley's death was not generally observed by special services in the Milwaukee churches. The most elaborate commemoration of the day was at the English Lutheran Church of the Ascension. The Rev. Dr. Hall, who occupied the pulpit at Calvary Presbyterian church, and the Rev. Thomas Edwards, pastor of the People's church, made appropriate allusions to the day.

SEATTLE, WASH., Sept. 14.—Services commemorative of the anniversary of the death of President McKinley were held in Seattle today. A number of ministers preached special memorial sermons.

PORTLAND, ORE., Sept. 14.—While there was no general observance of the McKinley memorial in this city today, many pastors alluded to the anniversary in their sermons and paid tribute to the memory of the late president.

DES MOINES, IA., Sept. 14.—All the pastors of this city made reference in their sermons today to the death of President McKinley and dwelt upon his life and his work.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 14.—Memorial services in observance of the anniversary of the death of President McKinley were held in many churches here today. Citizens generally paid tribute to the day by wearing pink carnations of the variety favored by the deceased president.

LINCOLN, NEB., Sept. 14.—McKinley memorial services were preached in a number of Lincoln churches today, but the special observance was held tonight at St. Paul's Methodist church, where are located the McKinley memorial chiming bells. A musical program was rendered and addresses were made by members of the Grand Army of the Republic.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 14.—Pink carnations were worn by many hundreds of people in Indianapolis today in remembrance of the late President McKinley. While the day was not generally observed in all the churches, several devoted the usual Sunday services to the memory of the late president. At all the churches the favorite hymns of the martyred president were sung.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Sept. 14.—McKinley memorial services were held in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium this afternoon, in which all the churches of the city joined. Former Gov. Asa S. Bushnell was chairman of the meeting and introduced the three speakers, Gen. J. Warren Keifer, John L. Zimmerman and the Rev. D. P. Bauslin, D. D., of the Wittenburg Theological seminary. Mitchell post, G. A. R., attended in a body. Separate memorial services were held in different churches tonight.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—Services in memory of President McKinley were held in a number of churches today. At the Presidio military post Oliver C. Miller, chaplain of the artillery corps, delivered a sermon on the martyred president.

DAYTON, O., Sept. 14.—Memorial services for the late President McKinley were held in various churches of this city today, each service being attended by crowds of interested worshippers. Several churches united in memorial services. The Rev. Dr. Frank Garland and the Rev. Dr. Wera spoke on McKinley's legacy to the nation. The late president's favorite hymn was sung in every service.

TOPEKA, KAN., Sept. 14.—The principal churches of the state and the G. A. R. posts generally held McKinley memorial services today.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 14.—McKinley memorial services were generally held in the churches in this city today. The life and work of the late president formed the subject matter of the discourses of the preachers, and choirs sang the two hymns McKinley loved.

In the Roman Catholic churches a prayer composed by Archbishop Carroll, for the guidance and protection of rulers, was read.

A very impressive observance was that in Edgewater park, where 25,000 people, present at a band concert, joined in the singing of the hymn, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," with heads uncovered to the music of a band.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 14.—Services in memory of the late President McKinley were held in nearly all the Columbus churches today. Portraits of the martyred president and flowers were generally displayed. Memorial addresses were delivered by Governor Nash at the Third Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, by Congressman Grosvenor at Broad Street Methodist Episcopal church and by Senator Warner of Cleveland at Eastwood Congregational church.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Sept. 14.—Nearly all the churches in the city were crowded this morning and evening, when memorial services were held for the late President McKinley. All the preachers in the city made the president's death anniversary the subject of their remarks.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Services commemorating the death of William McKinley were held in almost every church in this city today. In many of the churches the music of a year ago, always including the favorite hymns of the martyred president, was repeated, and the sermons enlarged upon the lessons to be drawn from the nation's tragedy.

PEW IN WASHINGTON DRAPED IN MOURNING

McKinley's Old Pastor at Capital Speaks of Him as Representative of American Type.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 14.—In the Metropolitan Methodist church, where he seldom failed on the Sabbath to occupy the pew today draped with mourning, was conducted the most pathetic of Washington's many religious services in memory of President McKinley. His pastor during the greater part of his term as president, the Rev. Frank M. Bristol, preached the sermon.

The service was thoroughly characteristic of the love which the members of the congregation of the Metropolitan church bore for President McKinley, who took the keenest personal interest in the affairs of the parish, and the work of Dr. Bristol, who in his sermon preached from the text, "The memory of the just is blessed," and said in part:

"The records of historic people verify the fact which has become proverbial—it is true in every nation and in every age—that the memory of the just is blessed. The instinct of humanity will not let the name of the righteous perish. The good and great are held in veneration by the love, the gratitude, the patriotism, and the pride of the people.

"Not only are men inspired with love and thankfulness toward their benefactors, but they also have a pride in perpetuating the fame, in immortalizing the names of the national geniuses and heroes, because they justly flatter themselves that they represent to the world and to posterity what is best in themselves and in their nationality. Their standards and their ideals are what we would attain. These great, good men represent the national aspirations. They are the first fruit to ripen on the tree of liberty—the first sure-footed climbers to reach the summit in the people's progress, the first bright stars of the galaxy to shine out and penetrate the darkness which hides the world in mystery and fear.

"We are learning in our national development that the law of grateful memory is as imperative as the instinct of justice, as imperative as the sense of honor and claims of immortal love, as imperative in new America as in old England, or as it ever was in Greece or Rome or Israel. Just as truly and by that law of righteous fame, just as inevitably as Moses, Joshua, Gideon, Daniel and Isaiah of the Hebrews, Phoenician, Solon, Themistocles, Miltiades and Leonidas, of the Greeks, or Alfred, Wiclif, Hampden, Cromwell and Wellington of England, in the immortality of their fame, prove that the memory of the just is blessed, so truly inevitable is this problem to be verified and accentuated in the everlasting remembrance in which are to be held our own Washington, Lincoln and McKinley."

(For McKinley memorial services in local churches see Page 8.)

THE WEATHER.

Warmer.

The weather forecast for Pittsburgh and vicinity today and tomorrow, as sent out from Washington is fair and warmer. The mercury did not knock frost from out of the tubs yesterday and overcoats were dug out of many a closet and trunk. The mean temperature was 64, as against an average of 67 for the same date during the last 15 years. The high point was 84; in 1897 it was 80. We did not get a frost here, but they did in the mountains. The low mark in Pittsburgh was 44 at 6 o'clock yesterday morning.

Time of sunrise today..... 5:39 a. m.
Time of sunset today..... 6:13 p. m.

Daily report for yesterday furnished by the United States weather bureau:

Time.	Baro.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weath.
8 a. m.	30.33	46	86	N. W.	Clear
8 p. m.	30.21	59	53	N. E.	Clear

Comparative temperature and precipitation for the past six years:

	1901	1900	1899	1898	1897	1896
Maximum	78	81	65	73	80	86
Minimum	58	56	47	61	71	67
Mean	68	68	56	67	76	76
Precipitation	T.	.0	.0	T.	.0	.0

Maximum temperature (4 p. m.)..... 64
Minimum temperature (6 a. m.)..... 44
Mean temperature..... 54
Normal temperature (for 34 years)..... 67
Deficiency in temperature for the day..... 13
Deficiency in temperature since Sept. 1... 62
Deficiency in temperature since Jan. 1... 167
Normal precipitation (for 31 years)..... .93
Precipitation for the day..... 0
Deficiency in precipitation for the day... .93
Deficiency in precipitation since Sept. 1... .05
Deficiency in precipitation since Jan. 1... 2.54

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia—Fair, warmer Monday; fresh east to southeast winds. Tuesday fair.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.

Pittsburgh	58	Clear	Jacksonville	72	Rain
Parkersb'g	56	Clear	New Orleans	72	Clear
Columbus	58	Clear	Norfolk	62	Clear
Indianap'lis	60	Clear	W. Platte	80	PtCldy
Wash'gton	54	Clear	Huron	70	PtCldy
Amarillo	70	PtCldy	Memphis	62	Clear
Chicago	60	Clear	Marquette	58	Clear
Des Moines	64	Clear	St. Paul	68	PtCldy
Kan. City	68	Clear	Bismarck	68	Cloudy
G. Haven	62	Clear	Helena	72	Cloudy
Louisville	62	Clear	New York	70	Clear
Vicksburg	64	Clear	Cheyenne	70	Clear
Chat'nooga	68	Clear	Denver	80	Clear
St. Louis	62	Clear	Salt Lake	80	Clear
Philad'phia	56	Clear	Omaha	70	Cloudy

PATTISON PARTY START CAMPAIGN OF SEVEN WEEKS

First Two Mapped Out in Detail, with Pittsburgh One of the Bases.

AT OLD CITY HALL ON SECOND SATURDAY

Nearly a Month to Be Spent in Western Pennsylvania, and the Remainder of the Time in the East—Special Train.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 14.—Ex-Gov. Pattison and his associates on the Democratic state ticket will start from here tomorrow on a seven-weeks' campaign which will cover every county in the state. They will be accompanied by Maj. Moses Veals of Philadelphia and Representative Joseph W. Mayne of Lehigh county. The party will travel in a private car.

The general plan is to cover every county west of the Susquehanna river during the first four weeks, and the remaining three weeks will be devoted to the eastern counties. The itinerary has been completed only for the first two weeks. At every stop a speech will be made by the candidates.

The itinerary for the first week in detail follows:

Monday—Leave Harrisburg, Cumberland Valley railroad, 11:45 a. m. Arrive at Chambersburg, 1:32 p. m. Dinner. Leave, tally-ho, 2 p. m. Arrive McConnellsburg, 5:30 p. m. Supper. Meeting at court house, 8 p. m.

Tuesday—Leave McConnellsburg, 8 a. m., tally-ho. Arrive at Mercersburg, 7:30 a. m. Meeting at hotel. Leave by Cumberland Valley railroad, 11:05 p. m. Arrive at Shippensburg, 8:45 a. m. Leave, 9:30 a. m. Arrive at Green Castle, 10 a. m. Meeting at town hall. Leave, 12:24. Arrive at Chambersburg, 1:05 p. m. Dinner. Meeting at court house, 2 p. m. Leave, 4:40 p. m. Arrive at Waynesboro, 5:05 p. m. Supper. Meeting at opera house, 7 p. m. Leave, 11 p. m., special train. Arrive at Hagerstown, Md., 11:05 p. m.

Wednesday—Leave Chambersburg, 7:34 a. m., Cumberland Valley railroad. Arrive at Shippensburg, 7:55. Meeting, 8:30 a. m. Leave, 10:45 a. m. Arrive at Newville, 10:55 a. m. Meeting, 10:30. Leave at 11:30 a. m., special train. Arrive at Carlisle, noon. Dinner. Meeting at court house, 1:30 p. m. Leave, 3:05 p. m. Arrive at Mechanicsburg, 3:30. Meeting at 3:40. Leave, 6:15 p. m. Arrive at Harrisburg, 6:55 p. m. Meeting at court house, 8 p. m.

Thursday—Leave Harrisburg, Northern Central, 8:35 a. m. Arrive at Center Hall, 8:18 a. m. Grange meeting. Leave, 3:30 p. m. Arrive at Bellefonte, 4:10 p. m. Dine at Eagle Hotel. Arrive at Tyrone, 6 p. m. Supper. Leave, 6:27. Pennsylvania railroad. Arrive at Huntingdon, 7:10 p. m. Meeting at court house, 8 p. m.

Friday—Leave Huntingdon, Broad Top railroad, 8:45 a. m. Arrive at Hyndman, 11:35. Meeting, 1 p. m. Leave, 2:40 p. m. Arrive at Bedford, 3:55 p. m. Meeting, 4 p. m. Drive to Bedford. Meeting in evening at Bedford.

Saturday—Leave Bedford, 9:25 a. m., Broad Top railroad. Arrive at Huntingdon, 11:20. Leave, Pennsylvania railroad, 11:52. Arrive at Tyrone, 2:20 p. m. Dinner. Meeting, 3:30 p. m. Leave, 5:40. Arrive at Altoona, 5:50 p. m. Leave, 6:10 p. m., special cars. Arrive at Hollidaysburg, 7:00. Meeting at court house, 4 p. m. Leave, 5:30 p. m., electric cars. Arrive at Altoona, 6 p. m. Supper. Rally at opera house, 8 p. m.

The itinerary for the second week, beginning Monday, September 22, is as follows:

Monday—Cresson, 8 p. m. Patton, 11 a. m. Reception at Johnstown and visits to neighboring towns in the afternoon. Meeting at 8 p. m. in Johnstown opera house.

Tuesday—Leave Johnstown 7 a. m., Baltimore & Ohio railroad, arriving at Somerset at 8:35. Meeting. Leave Somerset 10:45 a. m. Arrive at Connellsville 12:45. Dinner. Leave Connellsville 1:50 p. m., special train. Arrive at Uniontown 2 p. m. Meeting. Leave 4:41. Arrive at Connellsville 5:35. Meeting at opera house 8 p. m.

Wednesday—Leave Connellsville, Baltimore & Ohio, 7:40 a. m. Arrive at Pittsburgh 9:45. Leave 12:40 p. m. Arrive at Beaver Falls 1:20 p. m. Meeting 2 p. m. Leave 5:30. Arrive at New Castle 6:05. Meeting 8 p. m.

Thursday—Leave New Castle, Erie & Pittsburgh railroad, 7 a. m. Arriving at Pittsburgh 8:20. Leave 9 a. m. Arrive at Wasaington 10:02. Leave on special train. Arrive at Waynesburg, 11:36. Dinner. Meeting 2 p. m. Leave 4:30. Arrive at Washington 5:30. Meeting 8 p. m.

Friday—Leave Washington 7:06 a. m. Arrive at Pittsburgh 8. Leave 10. Arrive at Kittanning 11:58. Dinner. Meeting 2 p. m. Drive to Pine Furnace. Arrive 6 p. m. Leave 6:28. Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh railroad. Arrive at Punxsutawney 7:30 p. m. Meeting.

Saturday—Leave Punxsutawney 8 a. m. Drive to Indiana. Arrive 11. Dinner. Meeting 2 p. m. Leave. Pennsylvania railroad. Arrive at Pittsburgh 6:56. Meeting in Old City hall 8 p. m.

PRAISES GERMAN ARMY.

American Generals Particularly Struck by Its Organization, Instruction and Equipment.

BERLIN, Sept. 14.—Maj.-Gen. Henry C. Corbin, who, together with Maj.-Gen. Samuel M. B. Young and Brig.-Gen. Leonard Wood, attended the German army maneuvers near Frankfort-on-the-Oder last week, gave out a statement before he left for Dusseldorf, denying what purported to be an interview with him in which he was represented as unfavorably criticising the German infantry. In this statement Gen. Corbin said:

"My companions and I have reached the conviction that the German army, in every respect, but particularly in organization, instruction, discipline and equipment, is among the best in existence. If not the best. The army excited the admiration of all the American officers who witnessed the maneuvers, and we shall never forget the many marks of distinction and courtesy bestowed upon us by Emperor William and his officers."

Heisley Declines the Sacrifice.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 14.—Attorney Echo M. Heisley, who was nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Twentieth district, has sent a letter to the chairman of the committee declining to run because of the belief that his nomination was irregularly made.

Oil Fire Burns Out.

BEAUMONT, TEX., Sept. 14.—The burning gusher ceased flowing of its own accord this morning and the fire was easily extinguished. Smouldering fire at the big tank is all that remains of the flames.

Bloodthirsty Tale a Fake.

NEWAYGO, MICH., Sept. 14.—The story of a member of a thrashing gang throwing a boy into the machine, where he was ground to pieces, and afterward being lynched, proves today to be a fake.

For Over 60 Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Only today and tomorrow can you hear Estelle Liebling, of the golden throat, at the New Exposition. She is a wonder!

TWELVE MILLION DOLLARS.

This Huge Sum of Money Owned by 32,000 Persons, Many of Them Your Near Neighbors.

The total deposits of the Pittsburgh Bank for Savings are in excess of twelve million dollars, an increase in the year of over three million dollars. Such an increase so hard to attain, and forcibly illustrates the highest esteem in which this old established banking house is held by the general public. Deposits of a dollar and upwards are received by mail or in person and four per cent compound interest paid. Now is the day to provide against sickness and less prosperous times, and nothing will take the place of a snug bank account. Call at the bank or write for booklet No. 20.

It is like giving away gold for the New Exposition to offer the music of those two great artists, Sousa and Liebling, for 25 cents admission fee.

PEOPLE DEMAND A SETTLEMENT

MINE STRIKE DISCUSSED IN CHURCHES.

Resolutions Adopted Asking Recognition of Rights and General Welfare of Consumers.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The entire congregation of the First Union Presbyterian church tonight at the service adopted a resolution calling upon the coal operators and miners to end the strike. The resolution read in part:

"We demand of the contending parties a recognition of the rights of the consumers and we earnestly request, in the interest of the general welfare, that they at once endeavor to adjust their differences; and we recommend that if they are unable to come to any agreement among themselves, they submit the matter for final and peaceful adjustment to arbitration."

In his sermon on "Christ and the Religion of the People" the Rev. Dr. George C. Lorimer, pastor of the Madison Avenue Baptist church, discussed the coal strike. The refusal of the coal operators to listen to arbitration, Dr. Lorimer said, would waken the people to speedy action. The entire American people, he declared, should compel the operators to arbitrate, whatever the cost. He summed up the rights and the duties of the operators and said that the strike situation had grown far too serious to talk about rights. Duties to the poor man, women and children in the coal regions were far more important to consider.

The Rev. John Lloyd Lee of the Westminster Presbyterian church also referred to the coal strike, saying in part:

"If those who have large money power, in connection with the coal strike, would regard the true rights of those under their control, not only this, but all similar troubles would be at an end."

The Rev. Walter E. Bentley, in All Souls' church, talked on the same subject and said it was to be regretted there was not a united church of the United States to take up the coal war problem. Such a church, representing the religious sentiments of all the people, would soon secure a settlement of the question. Mr. Bentley thought President Roosevelt ought to act.

SPANISH POLITENESS.

So Deferential to France That She Kicks M. Deroulede, the French Exile, Out of the Country.

SAN SEBASTIAN, SPAIN, Sept. 14.—M. Paul Deroulede, the French exile, has left here, by express injunction of the authorities, the Spanish government wishing to show some return to France for the attention showed the queen mother in Paris.

M. Deroulede has been living at San Sebastian, in Spain, ever since the beginning of 1900, except for a brief period, when he journeyed to Switzerland to fight a duel with M. Andre Buffet, a royalist, who was found guilty, along with M. Deroulede, the Marquis de Lur-Saluces and the notorious Jules Guerin, chief actor in the Fort Chabrol episode, of a conspiracy against the republic.

The sentence passed upon M. Deroulede by the senate, sitting as a high court of justice, was 10 years' banishment, and though there have several times been rumors that President Loubet was likely to pardon him, the sentence is still in force.

For some time past little or nothing has been heard of M. Deroulede, and the action which the Spanish authorities are reported to have taken against him will cause considerable surprise. It may be questioned whether the French government will consider it an adequate return for the attention shown Queen Marie Christina in Paris.

TOO MANY MURDERERS.

Roman Police Mystified by Confessions in a Homicide Case—Victim's Wife Arrested.

ROME, Sept. 14.—The Countess Bon Martini, wife of Count Bon Martini, who was assissinated at Bologne by Tullio Murri, his brother-in-law, has been arrested on the charge of complicity in the murder of her husband. It is alleged that the countess spurred her brother on to commit the crime.

Dr. Naldi, an intimate friend of Tullio Murri, who confessed to the murder of the count last week, has given himself up as implicted in the crime.

The mystery of this case grows deeper every day. Doubt is now thrown upon the genuiness of Tullio Murri's confession, and it is said he took the responsibility of the crime upon his own shoulders. It is also alleged that the Countess Bon Martini induced her brother to hire Dr. Naldi to assassinate the count.

In spite of the evidence against her, which the police believed to be convincing, the countess protests her innocence. Prof. Murri, father of the countess and the confessed murderer of her husband, fainted today when he witnessed the arrest of his daughter.

OIL LOST AT SEA.

Tank Steamer in a Collision and Drops Part of Her Cargo.

CHESTER, PA., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—Tank steamer No. 58, of the Standard Oil Company, has reached Roach's shipyard for repairs, with a large hole stove in her side as the result of a collision on the morning of September 5 with the three-masted schooner John Hay, bound for Nova Scotia. The accident happened outside of Sandy Hook

CLARK'S COUP A STARTLING BLOW TO THE MACHINE

Commissioner Mercer Is Filled With Indignation Over the Matter.

CLARK'S COLLEAGUES TO TALK TO HIM

Mercer Says that Neither He Nor Commissioner Murray Would Have Done Such a Thing—Books Not Ready.

The bold scheme by which County Commissioner James A. Clark on Saturday secured copies of the registry books five weeks in advance of the usual time that anti-machine candidates have heretofore been able to secure them annoyed the machine men extremely yesterday. Last year the Citizens party got a chance to copy the registry lists only three weeks before the election, and this year the chance would have come still later had not Commissioner Clark admitted 50 Democratic and Citizens workers into the court house on Saturday, and put them to work transcribing the names of voters in the districts outside Pittsburgh.

County Commissioner J. Carson Mercer was much annoyed when he read in the newspapers of Clark's ruse. To think that for a whole night the opposition to the machine had the run of the county commissioners' office, without the consent of the machine, was enough to upset the equanimity of any man.

Will Tell Clark What They Think.

When Mercer and his colleague, Webb W. Murray, confront Clark today, the Democratic commissioner will be told what his colleagues think of him. Clark will be informed that he broke the rules of the commissioners' office and thereby did something which Mercer and Murray would, so they say, have scorned to do for any inducement.

Politicians all realize the importance of securing copies of the registry lists early in the campaign, for some names of voters may have been omitted, and other names not entitled to registry may have been placed on the rolls. Besides, it is useful to have the names for electioneering purposes. The machine has always been able to secure the names far in advance of rival political organizations, and it expected to enjoy the same advantage this time had not Commissioner Clark stolen a march.

Commissioner Mercer was asked yesterday if he had anything to say regarding Commissioner Clark's action. He had considerable to say. "The registry books are returned to the county commissioners' office 62 days before the election," said Mercer. "After we receive them they are kept under lock and key until they have been copied. In this copy the names are arranged alphabetically. The copies are sent upstairs to the transcribing room, where clerks make other copies, which are sent to the election officers in the different districts.

Mercer Says Rules Were Broken.

"Until the first copies have been made no person is permitted to copy the names. After that any person may look at the books in our office, and any responsible person, such as the secretary or any accredited representatives of any political party, may take the books away over night, on condition that he return them the next day.

"We have already had made copies of the names in the election districts of Pittsburgh, and those names are now being copied at Republican headquarters. The Democrats and the Citizens party also have the privilege of copying those names at their own headquarters."

"Why don't you allow access to the books until they have been copied in your office?"

"Because we found on former occasions that names had been added to the lists by persons whom we permitted to take the books away to copy. By having copies made in our office we can then tell whether persons who borrow the books have added names that are not entitled to registry."

"Have the districts outside Pittsburgh been copied in your office yet?" was asked.

"No," replied Mercer.

"Those are the books that Clark had copied," Commissioner Mercer was assured.

"Then Mr. Clark broke a stringent rule of the county commissioners' office, and something ought to be done about it. Nobody has any right to copy those lists until we have had copies prepared."

Mercer Turned Down a Friend.

"Are you going to discipline Clark?"

"Mr. Clark is a county commissioner and has the same rights and power that we have, but if he copied registry books which had not first been copied in our office, then he did something that he had no right to do and something that I would not have done. One of our own candidates asked to be allowed to copy the books from certain districts, and I refused the permission. He told me that he must have the books, and I told him that I was just as much interested in the success of our ticket as he was, but under no circumstances would I permit the books to be copied until the commissioners had prepared their copy."

"How long would it have taken the commissioners' office to copy the books that Clark's force went at on Saturday night?"

"Five weeks longer," replied Mr. Mercer.

"Mercer's statement sounds very plausible," said Joseph Howley, "but wen I was Democratic county chairman we always had difficulty in getting the registry lists to copy, and when finally we were allowed to have them it was only a short time before the election. The excuses the commissioners gave were the same that Mercer now gives—that the lists had not yet been copied, but that as soon as they had been, then we could have them to copy."

Ring Has Had Advantages.

"All this time we knew that the ring had had the lists long before, had copied them off and were then at work out in the election districts, armed with the foreknowledge of every name on the registry lists. Whenever we got the names they were of little use to us."

The Democrats and Citizens party are jubilant over the success of Commissioner Clark's coup. It will save lots of expense and trouble, as it would have been necessary, in the absence of the registry lists, to make a canvass of all the boroughs and townships to obtain the names of the voters.

The Allegheny County Republican club held a meeting yesterday at its headquarters, No. 37 Federal street. The club is managed by Adolf Edlis, a machine candidate for the legislature in the Third district, and is composed exclusively of Hebrews. About 50 men, who purported to be delegates from that many Jewish clubs in the county, were present. Edlis made a speech, and resolutions indorsing the entire machine ticket were adopted.

HUSBAND IS GONE WIFE DISTRACTED

JOHN O'BRIEN'S MOTHER SEARCHES HOSPITALS.

Was Married Three Weeks Ago and Rival for Wife's Hand Is Blamed for Assault.

John O'Brien, a teamster who lives in Kirkpatrick street, mysteriously disappeared from home Saturday night and nothing has been heard of him since. His bride of three weeks is lying at her home in a distracted condition. It is feared that he has met with foul play, as four weeks ago he was waylaid and assaulted by some unfavored rival for the hand of his bride. A search was made by his old mother yesterday. She visited all the station houses and hospitals in Pittsburgh and Allegheny city, but was unable to find any trace of him. He is 24 years old and is a man of exceedingly steady habits.

O'Brien and his young wife came down town Saturday evening to do some shopping. They went home about 9 o'clock and he said that he wanted to get some cigars before the stores closed, and went out. He visited a cigar store just around the corner from his house, in Webster avenue. This was the last seen of him.

From this place it is supposed that he started home. His wife and mother waited for him to return until daylight yesterday morning. They were more or less apprehensive, because of an assault at the hands of some unknown man just one week prior to his wedding. O'Brien was walking home and he was crossing the Sixteenth street bridge. Just as he approached the end of the bridge, he was struck on the head and was left there in an unconscious condition until daylight. His mother says that he has had trouble with another young fellow, who was in love with Mrs. O'Brien before their marriage, and this unsuccessful rival is blamed for the assault and O'Brien's disappearance.

He was taken to his home, but did not give the police a description of his assailant. His wife was distracted yesterday and his mother went through both cities making inquiry for him. She said her son never drank and was an industrious man. He is employed by the American Transfer Company.

THE THREE RIVERS.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 14.—River 4.3 feet and falling. Clear and cool. The Ramona, the finest gasoline launch on the river in this neighborhood, will leave on her trial trip today. The boat is owned by Albert Bettinger, George Greenwood, president of the Atlas bank; Louis Hauck, the brewer, and several others. The boat will be presented with a stand of colors and water tank by the boat owners at the time of this port.

LOUISVILLE—River on a stand. Canal, 2.9 feet; falls, .7; foot of locks, 3.7. Business dead. Weather clear and pleasant. Bonanza from and to Cincinnati. Avalon from Evansville; Bellevue from Leavenworth.

MEMPHIS—River 7.8 feet on the gauge, a fall of .8 in the last 24 hours. The Rees Lee departed at 1 p. m. for St. Louis on her first trip of the season.

CAIRO—River 12.7 feet. Clear and pleasant. The City of Memphis passed up for the Tennessee river at 4:30 a. m. The City of Clifton from the Tennessee river and the Stacker Lee from Memphis are due. The T. H. Davis is off the Mound City ways and will go below tomorrow.

OIL CITY—River .5 of a foot and stationary; clear and cool.

GALLIPOLIS—River 3 feet and stationary; clear and cool.

PT. PLEASANT—River 1.9 feet, rising; clear and pleasant.

PARKERSBURG—River 2.5 feet and stationary; clear and cool. The Bessie Smith arrived from Wheeling and returned at 3 p. m.

GREENSBORO—River 6.2 feet and stationary; clear and cool. Elizabeth and Cherry down Monday; Gertrude and Woodward up.

STEUBENVILLE—River 1.10 feet and stationary; warm and clear.

MORGANTOWN—River 8 feet and falling; clear and cool.

WARREN—Low water mark; fair and warmer.

BROWNSVILLE—River 5.3 feet and stationary; clear.

WHEELING—River 2.2 feet and stationary; cool and clear.

Packets Leaving Today.

Gertrude, Morgantown, 3 p. m.

News of the Rivers.

The Keystone State is being overhauled and painted at Cincinnati.

The towboat C. J. Reynolds is reported to be above Louisville, going south.

The Major Mackenzie is being kept busy hauling mud and rocks out of the Louisville canal.

Pilots John Fisher and Robert Purdy were at Hughes bar last week staking off the channel route with barrel buoys.

The government contractors working on the reconstruction of the locks in the Kentucky river are putting in an electric light plant, so the work can go on day and night. The new dam at lock No. 1 is to be constructed of concrete, and will be 20 feet high, 20 feet wide at the bottom and 10 feet wide at the top.

STATE AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

WASHINGTON, PA.—The Washington school board has decided to add another teacher to the High school faculty. It also contemplates erecting a new $100,000 high school building.

WARREN, O.—Rev. H. T. Jackson preached his farewell sermon as pastor of the First M. E. church Sunday. He will spend a year abroad.

NEW CASTLE, PA.—The new wire and nail plant and galvanizing shops of the Cuyahoga Steel and Wire Company in this city are about completed and will be ready for operation by October 1. Grant Izzo, a P. & L. E. railway employe, died Saturday morning at the hospital from injuries received Labor Day. He fell into a car of half molten furnace slag and was literally roasted alive.

ZERO WEATHER IN EUROPE.

Bitter Cold and Hurricane-Like Winds Inflict Damage in Germany.

BERLIN, Sept. 14.—Destructive storms raged in many parts of Germany yesterday. In Saxony the temperature sank to zero and a hurricane-like wind unroofed many houses and injured a large number of people. The damage is estimated at millions of marks.

A very severe northwest storm visited the cities on the North Sea. Considerable damage was done to bathing establishments on the Elbe and a number of low lying houses were partially wrecked.

Sprowls Family to Meet.

CLAYSVILLE, PA., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—On Thursday, September 15, a reunion of the Sprowls descendants, the majority of whom reside in East and West Finley townships, will be held on the B. C. Stout farm in East Finley township. It is expected that over 2,000 people, descendants of John Sprowls, who came to this country from Ireland about 1750, will be present.

RepairsHair

Nature always tries to repair damaged hair. Sometimes she succeeds, very often she doesn't. She needs a little help—Ayer's Hair Vigor. It repairs the hair, touches it up, gives it new life, brings back the old dark color, and makes it soft and glossy. Cures dandruff, too.

"I used only one bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor and it completely stopped my hair from falling out."—Mrs. C. Leasenfeld, New York City.

$1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

RUSHING TROOPS TO SAVE PANAMA AND COLON, TOO

Revolution in Interior of Colombia Said to Be Crushed Out.

IT RELEASES ARMY FOR ISTHMUS SERVICE

Rebel Gen. Herrara Will Have to Attack the Two Cities Soon or He Will Lose All Chance of Victory—Panther Sails.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

Panama, Sept. 14.—Advices from Barraquilla say the government cruiser Cartagena is at that port awaiting the arrival of troops down the Magdalena river from Honda. The Cartagena may reach Colon tomorrow.

A dispatch has been received here from the minister of war at Bogota saying that Gen. Perdomo and his army are coming to reinforce the isthmus as quickly as possible. The war minister orders Gen. Salazar to employ all the means in his power to resist the insurgents pending the arrival of Gen. Perdomo. Gen. Perdomo recently pacified the province of Tolima, and the fact of his now being sent to the isthmus is taken as proof that the government at Bogota appreciates the perilous situation of its forces here.

The Insurgent Gen. Herrera is reported to be strengthening his positions at Bejuco and Chame. It is believed in certain quarters that he may have resolved not to attack Panama or Colon, having heard how well these ports are defended. Unless Gen. Herrera attacks within the next four days, he may lose his chances of capturing either city, for with the arrival of reinforcements it is believed such an enterprise would be too much for his army.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 14.—A belated telegram received at the Colombian legation, dated Bogota, September 10 and signed by President Marroquin, says:

"Revolution in the interior of Colombia entirely ended with the surrender of the remaining guerrillas. A numerous army is on its way to Panama."

The army spoken of in this dispatch is said to be that referred to a number of times in the press dispatches, and contains about 10,000 men, of whom 2,000 are reported to have already reached Colon. The whole force is in command of Gen. Gonzales Valenda, commander-in-chief of the Colombian army.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Sept. 14.—In response to hurry orders from Washington the auxiliary cruiser Panther, in command of Capt. Wilson, left the League island navy yard at 6:15 o'clock tonight for Colon. On board the Panther is a battalion of marines numbering 320 men, in command of Lieut. Col. B. R. Russell. The cruiser took along a field battery of four Colt rapid-fire guns, two other field pieces and ample ammunition.

When the orders were received the Panther had on a full supply of coal and was in every way prepared to go.

NOTICE!

Remember that the great new **Mt. Washington Tunnel** is being constructed by **The Beechwood Improvement Company, Ltd.,** and that the new **Electric Highspeed Railway** will run **exclusively** through the private properties and on the different streets of the company's Plans of Lots.

SO DON'T BE FOOLED BY MISREPRESENTATIONS!

We have at present a large force of men employed, laying sewers, grading and paving streets on our beautiful

WEST LIBERTY PLAN No. 2.

Our Plan No. 1, containing over 600 lots, having been sold out in less than a week. When these magnificent and unprecedented improvements, an almost incredible enterprise, are completed, we will carry people from the **Pittsburgh Postoffice** to any of **our plans** in **10 minutes.**

The nearest adjoining Plans of lots offered by other parties will be a half mile or more from the new Tunnel Railway.

In order that you may have a fair chance to secure a lot and get in on an unheard of proposition, leave your name and address for plan of **Tunnel Highspeed Electric Railway** and **Plan No. 2.** All information regarding this new Plan will be freely given at our Main Office, Third Floor, Times Building.

The Beechwood Improvement Company, Ltd.

TIMES BUILDING, PITTSBURGH.

DON'T FAIL TO READ NEXT SUNDAY'S GAZETTE.

PITTSBURGH CARPET CO.

BIG CARPET BARGAINS

CLOSING OUT SALE.

The expiration of our Lease forces us to either close out our entire stock or pay the unreasonable demand of a

SEVENTY PER CENT INCREASE IN RENTAL.

To do the latter—the public of course would have to pay it, in advanced prices—and in justice to our many friends, we have decided that we cannot do this. We will, therefore, close out at once—every yard—of

CARPETING---LINOLEUM---MATTING--ETC.

Including our large stock of

ORIENTAL RUGS AND CARPETS
LACE CURTAINS AND PORTIERES

At Marvelous Reductions from Regular Prices.

Remember, these goods are new Fall stock—just in and arriving, and offer the finest designs and coloring, showing for the Fall season of 1902. Buy for Fall—Anticipate your wants and buy for Spring—A like opportunity may never occur again.

All Carpets Made, Laid and Lined **FREE.**

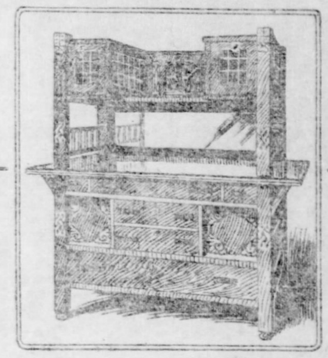
PITTSBURGH CARPET CO.,

227---FIFTH AVENUE---227

THE GREAT CREDIT STORES. **KEECH'S** KEECH'S FURNITURE MAKES HAPPY HOMES

The Correctly Furnished

Dining Room.



The furnishing of the Dining Room is the keynote of the home. It tells a story of penury or thrift, of indifference or good taste. It's where friends are best entertained, where cares are laid aside, where cheeriness should prevail.

This store has amply provided all the best things that should go in a properly furnished dining room—New, fresh, up-to-date Sideboards, Buffets, Tables, Chairs, China and Crystal Closets. Some are staple and standard pieces that you know all about. Many are entirely new creations. Some plain; some elaborate. There's everything that's right—Nothing wanting.

And all are unusually good values that merit the attention of all buyers—from the modest outfit at $17.50 to the top notch of elegance and style. Will be very much mistaken if our customers don't say it's the best display in town.

W. H. Keech Co. 923 to 931 Penn Ave.

"BREVITY IS THE SOUL OF WIT."
GOOD WIFE! YOU NEED
SAPOLIO

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

IN the court of common pleas No. 2, No. 776, July term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Falck avenue, from Massachusetts avenue to Fleming avenue, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas No. 2 of Allegheny county in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 13th day of September, A. D., 1902, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within 30 days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

HUGH M. STILLEY,
WILLIAM JENKINSON,
CHAS. F. HESELBARTH,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total cost and expenses, $829 31.

Falck avenue sewer, from Massachusetts avenue to Fleming avenue.

Total cost of improvement, $829 31.

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $829 31.

South Side—

Harry Wood	$ 45 00
W. G. Stewart (Mrs. B. Downs)	35 00
William G. Stewart	141 00
North Side—	
James O'Reily	$ 90 00
J. Fuhs (Barton Grubbs)	60 00
D. B. Williams (B. Grubbs)	60 00
E. J. Clark (B. Grubbs)	60 00
Total	$495 00

Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.

Brought forward	$495 00
City of Allegheny	434 31
Total	$929 31

All of which is respectfully submitted.
HUGH M. STILLEY,
WILLIAM JENKINSON,
CHAS. F. HESELBARTH,
Viewers.
Allegheny, Sept. 13, 1902.

In the Court of Common Pleas No. 2, No. 623, April term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the City of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for construction of a main sewer on McClure avenue from Davis avenue to present sewer near Schwerd's Mill, —— ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas No. 2 of Allegheny county in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 13th day of September A. D. 1902, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within thirty days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damage ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

JAS. H. CRAIG,
JNO. ESPY,
JNO. A. FAIRMAN,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $10,868 81.
Total cost of improvement, $10,868 81.

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $10,868 81.

East Side—

Owner.	Amount.	Paid.	Unpaid.
Louis Gerber	$ 170 00	$ 170 00	$
Michael Gyer Est. (Gyer Heirs)	1,403 00	1,403 00	
Samuel Gass	212 00		212 00
George E. Robinson	381 90	381 90	
Evangelical Luth Church Allegheny	180 26		180 26
Sophia Metz	169 00	169 00	
P. F. McCool	100 00		100 00
John Gass (T. M. Jackson)	44 00		44 00
John Gass	324 87		324 87
Elizabeth Kiesling	64 00		64 00
Maggie J. McClelland	82 00		82 00
James R. Hawking (A. C. Schwerd)	187 48		187 48
Christian Gass (Wm. Harris)	230 00		230 00
Chas. Gass (Con. Dietrich)	246 00		246 00
S. W. Gault	225 00	225 00	
M. E. Cochran (Woodruff)	319 76		319 76
Henry Baumgartner	50 00	50 00	
Mary E. Cochran (Mrs. W. H. Woodruff)	390 00		390 00
Mary E. Cochran (A. Heurich)	40 00		40 00
W. J. Morris	114 44	114 44	
Adam Byers	26 60	26 60	
Harriett Gilmore	340 00	340 00	
West Side—			
Mrs. A. Benedict	$ 90 00	$ 90 00	$
Harriett Gilmore	90 00	90 00	
Albert Schwerd	455 20	455 20	
Fred Heck Westphal	252 00		252 00
George Hapcher	40 00	40 00	
Alb. Schwerd	128 00	128 00	
Jno E. Evans	80 00	80 00	
Fred Westphal	44 00		44 00
Kate Meade	122 00	122 00	
J. D. Sheedy	7 16	7 16	
P. & C. Casement	40 00	40 00	
D. E. Lewis	144 00	144 00	
J. R. W. Sloan (A. Schwerd)	35 00	35 00	
J. McL. Milligan	464 00	464 00	
Robert Polsley (P. Briley	124 00	124 00	
St. John's Lutheran home	570 90	570 90	
D. C. Stewart (P. E. Stewart)	50 00	50 00	
Dan Kelly (City Ins. Co. of Pgh)	100 00		100 00
Wm. A. Kelly	50 00	50 00	
R. Singer	50 00		50 00
Nic. Dinger	50 00	50 00	
J. Dinger	64 88		64 88
Caroline Hoffer (Wm. Hoffer)	122 50		122 50
Mich. McCallin	50 00	50 00	
S. A. Williams	50 00	50 00	
J. A. Lindsay	146 00	146 00	
Theo. J. Jones	50 00	50 00	
John Allen	50 00		50 00
C. R. Cumming	50 00	50 00	
Richard Millard	120 00	120 00	
Ferdinand Domkey	104 00	104 00	
John Coursen (Ferdinand Domkey)	32 00		32 00
Chas. Hoffer	84 66		84 66
Mary C. Reed	100 00		100 00
Caroline Hoffer (Chas & Louisa Weber)	655 00		655 00
Annie M. Phillips	90 00	90 00	
Wm. Lees	541 00	541 00	
Wm. Lees (Miss M. A. Lees)	280 00	280 00	
Totals	$10,868 81	$8,892 80	$3,976 01

Amount assessed against the City of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.

City of Allegheny, nothing.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
JAMES H. CRAIG,
JOHN ESPY,
JOHN A. FAIRMAN,
Allegheny, Sept. 13, 1902. Viewers.

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ESTABLISHED 1863.

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ANECDOTES OF THREE POETS OF AMERICAN LIFE

How Bret Harte Looked Upon Popular Enjoyment of "Heathen Chinee."

FIRST MEETING WITH JOHN HAY

Occurred on the Morning That "Little Breeches" First Appeared in Type—Joaquin Miller's Ignorance of "Fire Lines."

Many of the newspapers and weekly periodicals of America have published since the death of Bret Harte several of what they called his poems, as though they were new to the present generation. And possibly this is true, for Harte's poems did not sell as generally as his short stories of mining camp life, and some of the best, or at least most stirring, like "John Burns," were written nearly 40 years ago, says W. F. G. Shanks in the New York Times Saturday Review. Nearly all of the selections as republished lately contained "The Heathen Chinee," and it was generally alluded to as the poem which first brought fame to Harte. I have reasons for thinking that the poet rather disliked to recognize this truth, for he did not regard the poem highly, and to those unfamiliar with the facts which gave it origin it must read very much like dogrel, without wit or point or moral to redeem it. The existing circumstances, now only a legend in most minds, and entirely unknown to most of Harte's present readers, were about these:

Many thousands of Chinese laborers had been imported, in the early 60's, into San Francisco by an oriental firm known there as the Six Companies. They were quartered in a part of the city which came to be known as Chinatown. They were principally laundrymen and cooks, but many of the more intelligent or imitative, who called the quick aptitude at learning any trade which they exhibited, became house painters, carpenters, plasterers, etc. They worked for small wages, much smaller than men of other nationalities received, and hence arose the designation of their work as "Chinese cheap labor." A local San Francisco politician named Dennis Kearney, a boss truckman who used to speak from one of his trucks to the people assembled in open commons, and who gained the sobriquet of "the sandlots orator," made the burden of his speeches the danger to other laborers of the cheap competition, and a refrain which he repeated in every speech was "We will be ruined by Chinese cheap labor." It was in ridicule of this blatant demagogue and his oft-repeated warning that Bret Harte wrote. The notorious fact that the Chinese were great gamblers added pith to the doggerel, which was almost universally copied as an apt contemporary satire.

My reason for thinking that Harte did not kindly accept this popularity of his occasional poem, while his better things found slower acceptance, may not on reflection prove conclusive. He had followed Mark Twain to New York, coming a few years later, and I used to meet him occasionally, generally at a late breakfast at Solari's restaurant, at University place and Eleventh street. Our introduction was informal; one night say mutual, for each had seen the other previously, and meeting at the same breakfast table no recognition and greeting was simultaneous. On one occasion (incidentally) I told him of a curious criticism I had heard upon one line of "The Heathen Chinee" by a friend who was very fond of reciting it at the slightest provocation at reunions he attended, and who always explained, with a solemnity that was unfathomable to all who "did understand the game" of euchre, that the line as printed "about the Chinaman having up his sleeve four packs" should read "24 jacks," since it was manifestly impossible, as the critic explained in detail, for Ah Sin to conceal so many cards even in his ample sleeves, and that it would have been useless to have whole packs in reserve, as only the five cards of any value in euchre! Harte laughed at the story, saying "the poem was hardly worthy of so learned a criticism," and adding that the substitute "jacks" was quite as allowable a rhyme to "facts" as "packs." He really seemed ignorant of the game. On another occasion I alluded to it incidentally in telling him the story of the publication of Col. John Hay's poems of "Little Breeches" and "Jim Bludso," which brought Hay such sudden and unwelcome popularity. Harte was manifestly annoyed by the second allusion to his poem, and remarked that it "was disgusting to accept applause for such work;" but I am not sure now whether or not he meant Hay's poems or his own or all three. I know that Col. Hay once shared this opinion so far as his own poems were concerned. This latter knowledge came to me partly owing to that same heathen Chinee. I had taken much interest in the first excitements in the east of employing Chinamen as boot and shoe makers at North Adams, Mass., and as steam laundrymen at Belleville, N. J. In June, 1871, I had been relieved of duty as foreign editor of the New York Tribune and had been given a fortnight's vacation prior to resuming duty on the same paper as its city editor. I spent several days at the big steam laundry of Capt. James Hervey at Belleville, where 100 or so of the Chinamen were employed. I had occasion to run into the city on the morning that "Little Breeches," by "J. H.," was published in the Tribune. It had struck my fancy on a first reading, for it recalled many exhortations I had heard from old Methodist ministers in my youthful days in Kentucky. I took the signature to the poem, "J. H.," to be an abbreviation of the familiar initials of John R. G. Hassard, the musical critic of the Tribune, whose desk for some years had been next mine as foreign editor. I remember wondering how it was possible that Hassard, who was a very cultured man and a devout Catholic, could ever have written such purely western dialect or been guilty of such apparent irreverence as appeared in the closing lines of the poem. When I reached the office I entered the editorial room, and after having just had time to notice that a stranger sat at my old desk, I said to Mr. Hassard:

"My dear Hassard, why didn't you put all your initials to 'Little Breeches,' it is capital! I didn't know you had so much fun and irreverence in you." Hassard, with all his reserve and dignity toward strangers, was easily provoked to boisterous laughter when with his associates or friends, and for a moment he laughed heartily as he rose from his seat. The stranger at my old desk had also risen, and we three faced each other as Hassard said: "Let me introduce you to Col. John Hay, the writer of the poem."

In the conversation which ensued it appeared that the poem was a poetical paraphrase of a religious exhortation which Mr. Hay had actually heard in his native state many years previously; and the poem, among others, had lain in his desk for years, until Mr. Whitelaw Reid, discovering it, had had it set up, "just to see how it would read in type." It was by this way that the poem, which first brought Hay into general popularity as a poet, came to be published largely against his will. There was an immediate demand for more of the same sort and Mr. Stillman S. Conant, formerly of the New York Times, and then managing editor of Harper's Weekly, secured the copy of "Jim Bludso," which, like "Little Breeches," had long lain unappreciated and unused in his desk. This poem, it will be remembered, was in regard to the self-sacrificing engineer of a burning Mississippi river steamer, the "Prairie Belle," who held "her nozzle agin the bank till the last galoot's ashore."

I called Hay's attention to the fact that his machinery was all wrong, and that the pilot and not the engineer was the one whom he should have sacrificed, as only the pilot could have any control over the direction in which the boat could be pointed. He must have thought my criticism as ridiculous in its gravity as was that of Harte's admirer over the blunder in "The Heathen Chinee," but Hay accepted both my criticisms as sincere if not able and appropriate; and thus began one of the few friendships which outlive a generation. The next mail or two thereafter brought me reinforcement in the form of a comically critical letter from Mark Twain, who pointed out the same error as to machinery and gravely, as was that comic writer's favorite method, upbraided Hay for immortalizing a lowdown engineer who had nothing to do with the rescue, to the neglect of a noble pilot like himself. (Twain had been a Mississippi river pilot), who was the real hero of the mythical "Prairie Belle." Col. Hay jocosely defended his poem by declaring that the "Prairie Belle" had been specially built with double engines which could go forward on one side of the boat and backward on the other, just to made it possible for him to write the poem. I called his attention to the fact that all Mississippi river boats were similarly equipped with duplex engines to facilitate turning around in the rapid currents of the stream, but that the rudder, not the engines, and the pilot, not the engineer, directed the course of the vessel. A young man in the office named Wyck off overheard this argument, and, taking it seriously, wrote to some paper that there was an actual boat named "Prairie Belle," so constructed that the engineer in the hold and not the pilot on the "Texas" guided it in navigating. I believe the last-named absurd version is still accepted as correct.

It was Joaquin Miller who once betrayed to me his amusing ignorance of New York city ordinances as displayed in one of his longer poems, the name of which I have forgotten.

Mr. Miller and I were assigned to the same coupe to carry us to Greenwood cemetery on the occasion of the dedication of the monument to Horace Greeley. On the way I alluded to the poem I have mentioned and especially to a rather thrilling incident in one of the cantos. A western cowboy (rough riders were unknown then) was described as leisurely parading all alone on a mustang down Fifth avenue when beast and rider, too, suddenly pricked up their ears at the sound of the steam fire engine bells and immediately joined in the mad race to the fire. Reaching it, the cowboy sprang from his steed and swiftly climbing up the vine-covered front of a brown stone mansion, rescued a beautiful maiden from the flames amid the plaudits of the excited crowd below. It was well told in spirited verse, some lines of which Miller at once declaimed. When he had finished I refrained from saying that there was no vine-clad houses on Fifth avenue, but I turned to him in a matter-of-fact way and asked:

"How did you get your hero and his horse through the fire lines?"

"What the deuce are the 'fire lines?'" he asked.

I explained that at every alarm of fire in New York City the reserves at the nearest police station hurried to the scene, formed a cordon about the threatened block and excluded all but the fire fighters, rescuers and insurance patrol. He thought a moment and then exclaimed, with a mock tragedy air: "He rode 'em down!"

"Well," I said, "if he did that he probably got a broken head and a month on Blackwell's Island, while the mustang was probably set to hauling garbage carts for the same period."

"Oh, Shanks, you have no poetic fervor!" he said, half angrily.

"No," I replied. "I'm only a reporter and have to get my facts right."

"Poets," he replied, "hold facts in contempt!"

By this time our conveyance had reached the little, old, ramshackle wooden bridge across the mouth of Gowanus canal at Hamilton avenue, Brooklyn. The canal is only about a mile long, filled twice a day by tide water from Gowanus bay, and, being lined with gas plants, oil refineries, lumber and coal yards and the like, manufacturing and commercial concerns, its waters are constantly covered by a slimy, oily and dirty layer of composite stuff which destroys all animal life which it encounters and disagreeably assails the nostrils. At its mouth on the occasion when Miller and I passed the spot a number of small craft were anchored in Gowanus canal awaiting the flood tide to enter. Most of them were old and battered boats with discolored hulls and sails parti-colored from much patching and hard usage. No sooner had Miller caught sight of this to me familiar and disgusting scene, than he exclaimed, clapping his hands enthusiastically:

"A glimpse of Venice!" repeating it in the same delighted tones.

I answered in my cold, matter-of-fact, police-reporter style: "They say 'See Venice and die.' If it looks like this I think that after one sight I should want to die."

"Oh, Shanks!" cried Miller, a little vexed, I thought, "you have no imagination."

"Not an ounce!" I acquiesced.

We had crossed the bridge, and, being to windward of the canal, got the full benefit of the foul smell emanating from it.

"And do Venetian canals smell so?" I asked, a little maliciously.

"I admit the odor is not Venetian," Miller responded. I thought just a trifle reproachfully.

Miller returned from Greenwood in company with Mr. Reid, and I saw no more of him. But a short time thereafter I witnessed his play of "The Danites," and from some impulse or other I wrote him my congratulations on its success and my pleasure at its impersonation, and added that he evidently knew his field and the customs and regulations of the camp he depicted, and had as a consequence produced a beautifully poetic play. He replied in a warm letter of thanks, with just a tinge of the feeling I had previously excited, for he addressed the letter to "My Blunt Kentucky Shanks." He knew in some way that I was a native Kentuckian. I have never met him since.

Mme. Quesada,
Wife of the first minister from Cuba.

MARQUIS ITO'S ESCAPE.

How the Daring Nobleman Managed to Leave Japan.

From Scribner's Magazine.

What could not be accomplished openly might be accomplished by stealth. At the age of nineteen, with the easy confidence of a boy on a lark, Ito led his dearest friend, the present Count Inouye, and three other young men into a project which would delight the heart of a Funston. Eluding the guards at dusk, they entered the concession of Yokohama and crept to the house of Mr. Keswick, a British merchant. There the four followers, fearing betrayal to the authorities by native servants, hid in the garden while Ito went forward to remind the owner of his promise to assist him to get a passage to Europe. Mr. Keswick took them aboard a British ship then in the harbor, expecting no difficulty. But the captain refused to receive them, on the ground that by being a party to the violation of one of the most jealously guarded of Japanese laws he ran the risk of having his own vessel refused entrance to the ports thereafter, and of making trouble for his government. But the future premier was prepared for this argument.

"We have left our swords behind, so we have ceased to be samurai," he said. "We have cut off our queues, so our country will no longer recognize us as Japanese. As noblemen we will not endure the punishment, let alone the degradation, which awaits our return. We shall kill ourselves here and now unless you take us with you."

The captain knew that they would be as good as their word. It was not pleasant to contemplate five young men making triangular incisions in their bowels with concerted calmness and precision. Besides, the bloody remains of five young samurai on his deck would require more explanation than their living presence. He took the only humane way out of the dilemma.

They went as passengers who had paid their fare, but the skipper regarded them as interloping "heathen," who ought to be punished with work. Stomachs used to an oriental diet were fed on "salt horse" and biscuit. Soft hands used to playing with fans and swords took their turn at shortening sails in storms to an accompaniment of oaths from the mate. Nauseated by the food and the seasickness, stung by the humiliation of doing a coolie's work for a low-born barbarian, only their sense of duty to their country restrained them from following out the Japanese gentlemen's code and committing suicide.

Apoplexy in Young Persons.

From the New York Herald.

The death of the daughter of former Secretary of War Lamont was an unexpected occurrence on many accounts. Although she had suffered during the last winter from spinal meningitis, she was supposed to be on a fair way toward recovery when she was suddenly stricken with apoplexy. The latter accident is a very rare one in young persons, and the attack is somewhat difficult to explain as a sequel to her previous illness. The original malady was the result of a microbic infection, giving rise to toxic inflammation of the membranes of the brain and spinal cord. When death occurs under such circumstances it is due to the combined influences of destructive organic changes in the affected parts and general systemic poisoning. When the latter is a prominent feature there is seldom a sudden ending of life, even when the symptoms point to an ultimately fatal issue. The suddenness of the fainting fit and the subsequent coma were to be explained only on the supposition that a blood vessel of considerable size had ruptured either on the surface of the brain or in its substance.

The only plausible cause for this would appear to be a gradual disorganization as the direct result of previous septic processes. In any event, such an occurrence is so unusual that there is no wonder the distinguished medical men who were called to the patient hesitated for a time in making a diagnosis of the case.

French Tragedy of Errors.

A curious case is to be heard at Rennes, in which a soldier named Voisin, after being transported for life, is to be tried a second time.

In 1893 he was sentenced to death on the charge of murdering a woman near Cherbourg, and was afterward reprieved and transported for life to Cayenne.

He attempted to escape, but was recaptured and subsequently transported to the Isle Royale. While there a fellow prisoner told him that the real murderer was a man named Langlois, who was undergoing a sentence of five years' imprisonment at Cayenne.

Langlois confessed that he was the murderer and Voisin is to have a new trial by court-martial at Rennes.

Swiss Opinion of British.

From the London Daily Mail.

The British are cordially hated in Switzerland. Why? Because they have proved that they are a nation of thievish hypocrites and cowardly bullies. Their money value is not great; most of them seem to be penurious clerks or clergymen with strings of ugly tea-drinking daughters, and their place is most advantageously taken by the Germans and Americans; the Britishers are certainly not wanted in Switzerland, which is quite crowded enough and much nicer without them. J. GRUNFELD (of Zurich).

CENTENARY OF THE PANTALOON HAS ARRIVED

George the Fourth Made Garment Fashionable One Hundred Years Ago.

WERE FORMERLY BADGE OF DEMOCRACY

Later on Served to Hide Gouty Knobs—Introduced Into the United States in Administration of Thomas Jefferson.

This year is the centenary of the adoption of the long leg covering known first as pantaloons and then as trousers.

Like the name of the man who designed the pyramids, the name of the man who designed the first pantaloons is forgotten, but the achievement of his brain has captured all the masculine world from the czar of Russia to the meanest digger in the meanest ditch of the United States.

As with many other inventors, his device was not popular, says the New York Sun, and perhaps it would never have been appreciated by the world if the son of George III. had not bent his mind to the task.

He was the admired of all England as the prince of Wales. He was Beau Brummel's "Friend George" and mighty proud of the honor, except on occasions when he happened to be peevish. He had achieved the brilliant invention of a new shoe buckle and he had been chased over a garden wall by a husband who did not appreciate his royal presence. But his was an indefatigable mind and needed large subjects to fill it. The long pantaloons did it.

In 1802 the pantaloon was without honor. The exquisite laughed at it and the common man despised it. If any impious person had dared to suggest to any of the exquisites of that day that they exchange their knee breeches and silken stockings for this hideous garment—but nobody dared to suggest it.

George, however, was hard pressed. His serene conviction that he was the leading beau of the age was being clouded at times by sarcastic remarks about him by the other beaux, who never could be brought to consider George seriously as a "real swell dresser." With the exception of the magnificent effort in the shoe buckle line, George had not succeeded in originating any new mode, but had been forced to content himself with wearing what some other beau had first made fashionable.

Gout Was to Blame.

Now, historians who have studied the weighty subject of his reign add that George and many of his courtiers were afflicted sadly with gout, which is not unreasonable. This gout caused unseemly swellings and protuberances on the noble legs, making them unpleasant objects when incased in tight and thin silk stockings. And George was a Royal Simon Tappertit so far as his pride in his legs was concerned. Therefore, by becoming the patron of the pantaloon, George satisfied both his ethical pride as a beau and his manly vanity as the most beautiful male human object in his realm.

The pantaloon could have found no more powerful supporter. For it was then the badge of democracy, the garment of the sans culottes of the French revolution; and it was only a great exponent of royalty who could have dared to press its claim. Although the pantaloon had won adherents throughout France, it was worn there less as a matter of fashion than of politics. In that period Frenchmen dressed their hair and their wives and their dogs and their legs according to their political and religious beliefs.

The young long-haired democrats of France were about as unlovely objects as could be imagined. Their pantaloons were ignoble bags, shaped in the unimaginative form of sausage casings or hanging on the limbs like signals of distress and flapping dolefully as the wearer walked. They were "high waters," ending well above the ankle and showing a waste of stocking clad ankle.

Sympathy with the aims of democracy induced many young persons of like ideals to garb themselves thus. But the cruel deeds of the revolution had aroused such general horror that even if the fashion had been beautiful, it probably would have met with enmity as being a symbol of the Red Terror. Being strikingly, completely and hopelessly ugly, it did not make any way at all outside of France worth mentioning.

Introduced by Jefferson.

Jefferson brought the pantaloons back from France after his terms as minister there and wore them as being in strict keeping with his notions of democratic simplicity. Naturally they had some vogue in the United States after that. But the majority of those who wore them in both America and England wore them not as articles of fashion, but rather as protests against the arbitraments of fashion.

The noble George changed all that. His beaux helped him loyally. Before George had been on the throne long a duke, in ordering a pair of the garments, told his tailor, "If I can get into 'em, I won't have 'em." Probably he did not intend to be taken too literally. But certainly the pantaloons had grown to be an object of solicitude in the kingdom, and bucks vied with each other to see who could wear the most beautifully molded ones.

Still the beaux did not conquer easily or soon. The duke of Wellington, who in his dual capacity of beau and lover of royalty had become one of the first of the pantaloon wearers, was turned away from Almack's as late as 1814 because he insisted on appearing in pantaloons.

Another time the lady patronesses of the assemblies at Almack's were much exercised. They had planned an elaborate reception and ball, and were determined that it should not be desecrated by the presence of bucks in pantaloons. Yet they knew full well that the duke of Wellington would insist on wearing the beloved garments. They could not dare offend him. So the lady patronesses were in despair: they could not and would not yield on the subject of pantaloons, yet they could not afford to risk offending the duke. In this juncture a bright wit suggested that the invitation contain the following clause:

"Gentlemen are expected to wear small clothes and silk stockings, but any gentleman who is conscious that his figure is not adapted to that costume may wear pantaloons."

With the exception of Wellington a two other daring beaux, all the gentlemen who attended the reception wore small clothes.

New Mode Ridiculed.

Gilray and other cartoonists of the period made savage fun of the new mode. They show beaux with inordinately long and thin legs and beaux with inordinately short and fat legs. They depicted men with legs like trees and with legs like compass dividers. In every respect the pantaloons were depicted as unaesthetic, vulgar and uncomfortable. Artists refused to paint their patrons in them. Women ridiculed the wearers of them.

Yet the net result of all the warfare was that by 1829 pantaloons were worn by almost everynody, except the delightful old-fashioned persons who stalk so pleasantly through the pages of Dickens and Thackeray in their knee breeches and bag wigs.

In 1827 pantaloons were so generally worn in the United States that a scientific method of draughting patterns for them was introduced. It was originated and printed by Otis Madison and a second edition was published in 1829. Its title was "A New System of Delineating, Founded on True Principles and Containing Lithographic Charts of All Different Garments."

The patterns for the pantaloons in this work look most utterly unlike anything that possibly could be worn by any creature in the shape of a man.

J. O. Madison, son of Otis Madison, says that the American tailors of that time were not merely mechanics, but had an acute sense of art. Their leading principle as expressed in the book was that to be fashionable a garment must be so made that it could not be excelled for neatness of style, beauty or workmanship in any part of the world.

"Trousers and pantaloons," said Mr. Madison in the American Tailor and Cutter some time ago, "are comparatively modern garments, as are knee breeches, though they preceded the former by many years. Before the advent of knee breeches—that is, breeches that extended from the waist to the knees and were secured there by buttons, buckles or ribbons—a very short garment, slashed and puffed, was worn by royalty, the aristocracy, the rich, the nobility and patricians, that merely covered the lower part of the trunk, leaving the whole thigh to be covered with very long stockings."

Trousers an Old Word.

Although the "pantaloon" is older than the present "trousers" yet the word "trousers" was used for all sorts of leg coverings centuries ago. The name appears in wardrobe accounts of the reign of King Henry VIII., making that monarch noteworthy for one other matter besides a taste for collecting wives.

In Elizabeth's time the word "breeches" became common. The name came from the word "braccae," which was used to describe long, full bags gathered at the ankles. In the Museum of the Royal Irish academy in Dublin there is a pair of trousers of great antiquity. These trousers are grandly checkered, showing that this favorite English fashion is hallowed by age.

In 1502 the trousers or knee breeches were stuffed and wadded ("bombasted") like beer barrels. This lasted till the time of Charles I. He and his courtiers introduced loose breeches, falling to the knee, where they were ornamented (not tied) with lace and ribbons.

Charles II. introduced short-waisted doublets, and petticoat breeches, which had lining protruding from the knee, were tied with ribbons above the knee and ornamented with more ribbons around the waistband and with the shirt hanging out.

This fashion went out before the end of the reign, and with William III. tight knee breeches with tight stockings were brought in. First the stockings were drawn nearly to the middle of the thigh, but afterward the breeches were buttoned at the knee and ornamented with buckles.

It is a fact that although France has controlled the fashions for women of the civilized world for many hundreds of years, male fashions almost always have emanated from England, or, at least, male styles did not become really fashionable until they had been accepted in England.

Thus, although the French costumes under Louis XVI. were probably the most beautiful of modern times, yet the French beaux all went to London even then for their coats. No coat was considered worth wearing unless it was London made.

AMBASSADOR PAID UP.

Lord Pauncefote Liquidated When He Lost Champagne to the Detective.

The late Lord Pauncefote, who for years served as British minister to the United States, always entertained a very high opinion of the District detective force. In fact, he believed they were better even than those of Scotland Yards, and the manner in which he formed this view makes a very interesting story. During the latter part of one spring, some four or more years ago, his lordship and family decided to leave the city for a summer's sojourn on the sea coast, and the diplomat sent word to Chief of Police Sylvester requesting that he send up one of his best detectives to assist and advise him as to the best plan for making the house secure against burglars.

Pursuant to request, the major sent one of his best men, and when he arrived his lordship took him in to where he had locked the silverware in a very strong, but rather old-fashioned, safe, the door of which lacked a combination and was secured by lock and key. Pointing to this safe, Lord Pauncefote exclaimed that he would like to see the thief or blurglar who could break into that safe and steal the plate within. The detective eyed the large iron vault for a few minutes, and then said:

"Yes, that is a very strong piece of work, but, nevertheless, I'll bet you a bottle of champagne that I can enter this house without coming through a door or window, and open that safe in less than five minutes." The British ambassador took the bet at once, promising more than one bottle of champagne if the detective could make good his boast within the time specified. So while his lordship held his watch, the detective proceeded to business.

When he first entered the mansion the detective had noticed that the cellar gratings were unscrewed, and, going outside, he opened one of them, dropped down into the basement, and coming up the kitchen stairway, was soon in the room in which the iron vault containing the silver plate was located. This of itself fairly took the breath of the distinguished diplomat, but when the detective took from his pocket a skeleton key and at one turn opened the massive doors of the safe, Lord Pauncefote was ready to confess that the capital detectives were a trifle better than anything of the sort he had even seen, and he paid the bet with interest several times over before the officer left.

Queried the Wrong Man.

A philanthropic lady visited the asylum at Kingston, Canada, not long ago, says the Brooklyn Life, and displayed great interest in the inmates. One old man particularly gained her compassion.

"And how long have you been here, my man?" she inquired.

"Twenty years," was the answer.

"Do they treat you well?"

"Yes."

"Do they feed you well?"

"Yes."

After addressing a few more questions to him the visitor passed on. She noticed a broad and broadening smile on the face of her attendant, and on asking the cause heard with consternation that the old man was none other than Dr. Clark, the superintendent.

She hurried back to make apologies. How successful she was may be gathered from these words: "I am very sorry, Dr. Clark, will never be governed by appearance again."

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Highest grade of Waterproof Shoes made—

$3.50, $5.00 and $6.00 a Pair.

Specials in Ankle and Knee Top Boots, for river, oil, lumber men, surveyors or other heavy service—at—

$7.50, $9.00 and $10.00.

For dress and business wear see our new lines of finest Patent Leather Shoes, at $5.00 and $6.00 a pair—

W. M. LAIRD CO.

402 to 408 Market St. 431 to 437 Smithfield St.

Train Loads of It Coming

ELECTROZONE,
The Great Household Remedy.
Removes Inflammation and Irritation.
Stops the Pain Every Time.

Endorsed by Over 10,000 Physicians.

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station.
Pennsylvania Lines.
Eastern Standard Time.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive
Chicago and Cincinnati	* 1:10 am	* 1:45 am
Indianapolis and St. Louis	* 1:10 am	* 1:45 pm
Ft. Wayne and Chicago	* 1:25 am	* 1:40 am
Tiffin and Toledo	* 1:15 am	* 1:40 am
Indianapolis and St. Louis	* 4:50 am	* 5:50 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 4:50 am	*10:15 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 5:20 am	† 8:35 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 5:20 am	† 7:10 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	† 5:20 am	† 1:30 pm
Alliance and Wooster	† 5:40 am	†11:30 pm
Jamestown & Youngstown	† 6:50 am	† 1:20 pm
Ohio Valley Express	† 8:45 am	* 8:50 pm
Ft. Wayne and Chicago	* 7:00 am	* 5:30 pm
Ft. Wayne and Chicago	* 7:00 am	* 5:50 am
Tiffin and Toledo	† 7:00 am	† 5:30 pm
Wellsville and Wheeling	† 7:30 am	† 4:55 pm
East Liverpool & Bellaire	† 7:30 am	† 7:10 pm
Cleveland Fast Line	* 8:00 am	* 7:40 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 8:00 am	* 5:40 pm
Erie, Mercer and Oil City	* 8:05 am	†10:55 am
New Castle and Jamestown	* 8:05 am	* 5:30 pm
Youngstown and Ashtabula	* 8:05 am	* 5:50 pm
Youngstown and Ashtabula	* 8:05 am	†10:55 am
Columbus and Chicago	*12:25 pm	* 3:30 pm
Youngstown & Jamestown	* 1:40 pm	* 8:30 pm
New Castle and Ashtabula	†12:40 pm	† 8:30 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	* 1:25 pm	† 7:20 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 1:25 pm	† 7:20 pm
Alliance and Crestline	* 1:35 pm	*12:50 pm
New Castle and Youngstown	* 4:55 pm	* 8:50 pm
Youngstown and Niles	† 4:35 pm	* 5:50 pm
Mercer and Oil City	† 4:35 pm	† 8:30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 4:50 pm	† 7:20 pm
Cleveland Special	* 5:00 pm	*11:30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 5:10 pm	† 9:10 am
New Castle & Jamestown	† 5:40 pm	† 9:05 am
Chicago Special	* 6:30 pm	† 7:45 am
Chicago Limited	* 8:15 pm	* 6:05 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 8:15 pm	* 5:55 am
Indianapolis and St. Louis	* 8:15 pm	* 3:30 pm
Indianap., Louisv., St. L.	* 8:15 pm	* 6:20 am
Penns. Special (Chicago)	*10:50 pm	*10:25 pm
Toledo and Detroit	*10:15 pm	* 5:00 am
Beaver Falls & N. Castle	†10:20 pm	† 8:30 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	*11:00 pm	* 5:40 am

Leave for Washington, Pa., 16:00 am, 17:10 am, 16:45, 19:45, 11:40 pm, 12:10 pm, †4:10 pm, †5:15 pm, †5:30 pm, 10:30 pm, †10:50 pm.

Leave for Washington, Pa., 16:00 am, 17:30, †13:50 am, †2:25 pm, *6:15 pm.

Leave for Steubenville, 7:40 am, 18:25 am, 12:35 pm, †4:15 pm, †10:55 pm, 11:55 am.

Leave for Dennison, *5:40 am, 12:35 pm.

Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, †2:35 pm.

*Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sundays only.

Time tables, tickets and sleeping car space may be obtained at 360 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street, Union station, Pittsburgh, and at Fort Wayne station, Allegheny.

G. L. PECK, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Pass'r Agt.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.
(Eastern Standard Time.)
Leave Station, Smithfield and Water streets.

LINES EAST.	Depart.	Arrive.
Cumberland Accom	* 9:30 am	* 9:15 pm
Connellsville & Mt. Pleas.	* 4:30 am	† 2:45 pm
Wash., Bal. & New York	* 8:00 am	* 7:50 pm
Con., Un'in & Fairm't	* 8:00 am	† 7:50 pm
Connellsville Accom	† 5:00 pm	†10:00 am
Connellsville Accom		† 5:05 pm
Con., Un'in, Morgant'n	†12:20 pm	†10:00 pm
Connellsville & Mt. Pleas.	†12:20 pm	† 2:45 pm
Cumb., Wash. & New York	* 4:00 pm	* 3:35 pm
Connellsville Accom	* 4:00 pm	† 5:05 pm
Morgantown, Clarksburg and Western	† 5:00 pm	†12:50 pm
Philadelphia and New York Express	* 6:30 pm	* 9:15 am
Wash., Balt. & Phila	* 9:00 pm	* 6:30 am

LINES WEST VIA WHEELING.

Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac	* 7:05 am	*10:05 am
Con., Un'in and St. L. Ex	* 8:30 am	* 7:45 am
Wheeling and Col. Ac	* 1:00 pm	* 4:00 pm
Wash. (Pa.) and Wheel	* 4:05 pm	* 6:00 pm
Col., Chi. and St. L.	* 8:50 pm	* 7:45 pm

LINES WEST VIA AKRON.

Chicago and Cleveland	* 3:30 pm	*12:35 pm
Chicago Limited	* 8:05 pm	* 7:40 am

(Leave P. & W. Station, Allegheny.)

Butler	† 7:30 am	† 6:30 am
Cleve., Akron & Youngst'n	† 8:00 am	† 6:00 pm
Butler, Foxburg	† 8:00 am	† 5:20 pm
Butler, Greenville & Erie	† 8:00 am	† 7:20 pm
New Castle and Butler	* 8:00 am	* 6:00 pm
Butler	†10:45 am	† 7:50 am
Butler, Greenville & Erie	† 1:15 pm	†12:30 pm
Ellwood City	† 1:15 pm	† 6:30 pm
Butler, Clarion, Greenv	† 3:20 pm	†10:40 am
Ellwood, N. C., Butler	† 5:30 pm	† 9:35 am
Ellwood and Butler	* 5:30 pm	* 9:05 am
Butler	* 6:15 pm	* 7:25 pm
Butler	*10:30 pm	* 7:20 pm
Harmony	*10:30 pm	* 6:00 pm

†Daily. ‡Daily except Sunday.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.
Schedule in effect June 1, 1902. Trains leave P. & W. Depot, Allegheny.
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.
For Erie, Girard, Meadville and Conneaut, O., 8:00 a. m. and 1:15 p. m.; Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Keister 8:00 a. m., 1:15 and 5:20 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.

E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A. Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

In effect September 7, 1902.
Trains Leave Union Station, Pittsburgh,
as follows. (Eastern Standard Time)—
FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Atlantic Express, daily..... 2:00 a. m.
Pennsylvania Limited, daily..... 7:15 a. m.
Day Express, daily..... 7:30 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily..... 8:00 a. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily..... 12:05 p. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily..... 4:40 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily..... 4:50 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily..... 7:10 p. m.
Fast Line, daily..... 9:00 p. m.
"Pittsburgh Limited," daily, for New York, Baltimore and Washington only..... 10:00 p. m.
The Pennsylvania Special, daily, for Philadelphia and New York.. 11:25 p. m.
Philadelphia Mail, Sunday only... 8:40 a. m.
For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9:00 a. m. and 10:45 p. m. daily.
For Oil City, 6:35, 9:00 a. m., 1:30, 5:05 and 10:45 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., 5:05 and 10:45 p. m.
For Titusville and Corry, 6:35, 9:00 a. m. and 10:45 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 10:45 p. m.
For Titusville only, 1:30 p. m. week days.
For Dubois, 6:35, 9:00 a. m., 1:30 and 5:05 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 5:05 p. m.
For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all-rail route), 7:15 a. m. (Pennsylvania Limited) week days. 8:00 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. daily.
For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5:10, 8:25 a. m., 12:45 and 4:20 p. m. week days.
For West Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:25 a. m. and 4:20 p. m. week days. For Belle Vernon and West Brownsville, 6:05, 8:00, 10:25 a. m., 1:05, 4:20 and 6:25 p. m. week days. Sundays, 8:55 a. m., 1:05, 5:00 and 9:50 p. m.
For West Elizabeth, Dravosburg and Monongahela City, 6:05, 8:00, 10:25 a. m., 1:05, 4:20, 5:25, 6:25 and 11:38 p. m. week days. Sunday, 8:55 a. m., 1:05, 5:00 and 9:50 p. m. West Elizabeth and Dravosburg only, 3:20 p. m. week days.
From FEDERAL STREET STATION, Allegheny City—
For Butler, 6:30, 8:20, 10:30 a. m., 3:00 and 6:10 p. m. week days. Sundays, 7:00 a. m., 1:30 p. m.
The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices—No. 360 Fifth avenue, corner Fourth avenue and Try street and Union station.

J. R. HUTCHINSON, Manager.
J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R.
CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.
Schedule in Effect June 15, 1902.

Central Time.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago & Cleve. "Flyer"	* 7:00 am	*11:15 am
Youngstown & Cleve. Mail	* 8:25 am	† 6:35 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express	† 8:25 am	† 6:35 pm
L. Chautauque Fast Line	†12:50 pm	† 6:30 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express	† 4:20 pm	* 6:05 am
Cleveland & Chicago Ex	† 4:20 pm	* 6:05 am
Boston Special	† 4:20 pm	* 6:05 am
Chicago & Cleve. "Flyer"	† 6:00 pm	*11:15 am
Buffalo & Cleveland Ex	*10:30 pm	* 6:05 am
Cleve. & Youngst'n Accom	† 8:25 am	* 5:10 pm
Beaver Falls Accom'dation	† 6:50 pm	† 8:35

LOCAL NEWS OF ALL PITTSBURGH

Crap Shooters Arrested—Lieut. Edward McFoland, with a squad of police, made a raid on a crowd of negro men and boys who were shooting craps in a vacant lot on Chislett street. Nine of the crowd were arrested and locked up at the East End police station.

Kruse Had a Knife—Magistrate J. B. McMasters at the No. 3 police court this morning fined David Kruse $25 and costs. He was found at an early hour in the house of Frank Kubo, at No. 1420 Penn avenue, and refused to leave. He had a large knife in his pocket.

Police Raided a Restaurant—Police Captain Charles K. Gallant raided a restaurant kept by Barney Finn at No. 1211 Penn avenue, yesterday afternoon, and arrested the proprietor and 12 men found in the place. The police say the place is a speakeasy run under the guise of a restaurant.

Girl Killed by a Train—Sadie Marcan, a 14-year-old girl of Glenfield, was fatally injured yesterday morning by being run over by a train on the Ft. Wayne railroad. Her left leg was crushed at the thigh. She was taken to Mercy hospital, where her leg was amputated. She died from the shock at noon.

Unusual Activity—Officer Joseph Lance last night raided a social party of coatians at No. 1331 Adams street, Allegheny, and with the assistance of the Allegheny men of No. 1 patrol station landed all of the party in Central station. The prisoners were all drunk and a general fight was in progress when the raid was made. All left forfeits for a hearing this morning.

For Sleeping on Duty—The police committee of the East Pittsburgh borough council, at a special meeting held Saturday, recommended that Policeman William Powell be discharged for sleeping on duty. He is said to have been found asleep in the police station early one morning last week. The borough council accepted the recommendation of the police committee.

Reunion at Edgeworth Club—On Thursday of this week the Sixty-third Pennsylvania volunteers will hold their annual reunion at the Edgeworth club under the auspices of the Sixty-third Pennsylvania Volunteers' Regimental association, of which Mr. Gilbert A. Hays of Sewickley is secretary. Roll-call will be at 11 a. m., dinner being served at noon. In the afternoon an extensive program will be tendered and a general social time engaged in.

Bracken Would Not Do—Frank Bracken, 22 years of age, who said he was a florist and lived on Parker street, was arrested at the Union station last evening on a charge of impersonating an officer. A woman complained to Thomas Kane, a depot officer, that Bracken tried to flirt with her, followed her about and finally approached and spoke to her. He told Kane he was a detective, but could not show his credentials and was sent to the central station.

Sewickley Postoffice—Today the Sewickley postoffice will open for business in its new room in the building being erected on Beaver street by the Sewickley Valley Trust Company. The room is very large, handsomely furnished, with all modern appointments. The lock boxes are all operated by combination, thus doing away with keys. The trust company will remove to their new quarters, adjoining the postoffice, the middle of October.

Officer Won Battle—Officer Nicholas Kelsch of Allegheny had a lively chase after Robert Sampson of West Lacock street last night before he captured him. Sampson was disorderly on the street and cursed the officer, who told him to keep quiet. After chasing Sampson around two or three blocks the officer got hold of him and a lively fight followed. The officer came out victorious, however, and locked Sampson up on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Auto Scared Their Horse—A speeding automobile was responsible for a runaway on the Evergreen road, Millvale, yesterday afternoon. Mr. H. C. Schwartz of Grant avenue, Millvale, was out driving with his wife on Evergreen avenue late yesterday afternoon when they were passed by an automobile going at a terrible rate of speed. The horse reared and overturned the buggy, throwing the couple out in the road. Both Mr. and Mrs. Schwartz were badly bruised, but not seriously injured.

Had Temperance Meeting—The Father Lambing T. A. B. society held a large temperance meeting at Duquesne hall, Penn avenue, yesterday afternoon. The delegates who had attended the conventions of the Total Abstinance union of Duquesne and of the federation of Catholic societies made reports. The report of the Cincinnati delegates brought out a discussion on the Philippine question and the sentiment was strongly in favor of Bishop McFaile's position that Catholics had the right to express themselves on all questions of public interest.

Building at Leetsdale—James B. Oliver is pushing a large building enterprise at Leetsdale. On his tract of land, containing 73 acres, he is building a new hotel of 35 rooms, and will soon begin work on 50 small houses. The houses are to be of brick, to contain six rooms each, and be fitted for the use of the workingmen in the large mills soon to be completed at Leetsdale. Ellis Scott of Sewickley has the contract for building the hotel. The excavation is completed and the building will be finished before New Years.

Held to Await Result—Magistrate John H. Armstrong at the morning hearings at the East End police station yesterday sent Richard McNellee and John Thorne to jail for 10 days to await the result of injuries it is charged they inflicted on Herman Franklin, an old German whom they assaulted on Larimer avenue late Saturday night. The three men, it is alleged, were drinking together and got into a dispute and McNellee and Thorne knocked Franklin down and kicked him until he was unconscious. Franklin was taken to his home on River avenue.

Protective League Meeting—A meeting was held yesterday afternoon at the store of M. Price, Fifth avenue and Elm street, at which a temporary organization of the Protective league was formed. About 250 Hebrews were present from almost every section of the county. The object of the organization is to protect the members from malicious prosecution and other abuses. Max Epstein was elected temporary chairman and Louis Arfield temporary secretary and treasurer. A committee was appointed to prepare a program for another meeting to be held at the same place next Sunday afternoon.

BIG DAY AT HIGHLAND.

The Sunday Crowd Was One of the Largest of the Season.

Thousands of people took advantage of the pleasant weather yesterday to visit the parks. All the driveways were crowded with stylish turnouts, and automobiles could be seen everywhere. It was an ideal autumn day, and the weather was perfect for strolling in the parks. There were not as many strangers in the parks yesterday as on previous Sundays, but the crowd at Highland park was one of the largest of the season.

The improvements being made at Highland are progressing nicely, and by the time snow flies will be completed. Most of the grading has been finished and some unsightly places transformed into green turf. Superintendent Ernest Tretoy expects to shortly get two sea lions for the zoo. He has about completed arrangements to exchange two cub lions for a pair of sea lions in New York. The zoo has too many lions, and others will be exchanged or sold if possible. The new arrangements to have some of the animals on the hill placed in the zoo proper, are being carried out, and by next Sunday the East Indian antelope, Zebu cattle and the gnu will be in their new winter quarters.

There was a fair crowd in Schenley park yesterday and many people visited the conservatory and art galleries. The galleries will be closed from October 3 to November 6, for the purpose of arranging for the annual art exhibition. The exhibit this year will be entirely a loan exhibition, and some of the finest paintings in the country will be there. There will be gems from the private galleries of Peter A. B. Widener, W. L. Elkins and other noted collectors of Philadelphia. The gallery of J. Pierpont Morgan will also furnish some pictures to the exhibition, as well as the galleries of the Vanderbilts, Astors and others.

PERSONALS.

John A. Brashear, acting chancellor of the Western university, returned home yesterday morning with Mrs. Brashear from a prolonged sojourn in Canada. Mr. Brashear is as brown as the proverbial berry, his step is light and his eye is bright. He spent his vacation traveling, camping, hunting and fishing and had a splendid time, getting lots of rest and a dose of nature that will serve as a tonic for a year. He is ready to take up the work of the "Greater" Western university, which lies close to his heart, and at the same time to go ahead with the work of establishing the technical school, provided for by Andrew Carnegie. Mr. Brashear will confer with the other men, to whom the matters of plans and site have been entrusted, and it is probable that before long efforts along the whole line will be renewed, now that vacation times are over and that results will soon be achieved.

The 43d annual session of the state council of Pennsylvania, Junior Order United American Mechanics will be held in the Monongahela house. The session will open tomorrow morning and 300 delegates are expected to be present. The session will be one of much importance to the order. Many delegates arrived yesterday and others will come to Pittsburgh today. About 75 delegates were registered in the leading hotels last night. The present officers of the state council are as follows: B. Frank Myers, Wilkesbarre, state councilor; John C. Bash, Allegheny, state vice councilor; Z. T. Wobensmith, Philadelphia, junior past state councilor, and Edwin S. Deemer, Philadelphia, state council secretary.

An attempt is to be made to break the puddlers' strike at the Cornwall furnaces in Lebanon county. Two carloads of negro iron and steel workers were sent from this city to Lebanon last night. Just a short time before they left the station a negro woman with a child in her arms grabbed one of the men and refused to allow him to get on the train. "You are not my wife," he said to her as she held on to him. "Dat makes no difference," she replied. "You promised to keep me and I's not goin' to let you leave me." The fellow offered the woman a $5 bill, but she refused to take it. The train pulled out and the negro is still in Pittsburgh.

"The silk business has grown greatly in this country within the past 20 years," remarked J. S. Myers, a representative of one of the leading New York silk houses, who was passing through the city to Chicago last night. "I believe that between 60 and 80 per cent of all the silk manufactured in this country is bought by Americans. The silk now being made here is as good as can be made in France."

Warden William McC. Johnson, Chaplain J. L. Milligan and James R. Reed of the Western penitentiary, William Hill, superintendent of the Allegheny county workhouse; Dr. E. R. Donehoo and Postmaster Harrison of McKeesport, went to Philadelphia last night to attend the meeting of the prison congress which convenes this morning in Musical Fund hall in Locust street.

Owing to the weakened condition of the Panhandle bridge, class E 2, engines of the Atlantic type, cannot run over this bridge. Passenger trains are hauled across the bridge by light engines and then change at Sheraden, where the larger and heavier engines are now kept.

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

Among those at the hotels last night were the following persons from nearby points:

Newell's—E. R. Steyner, Parkersburg, W. Va.; J. P. Fishel, J. C. Trees, New Martinsville, W. Va.

Henry—L. A. Buzard, Brockwayville, Pa.; Charles J. Stewart, Bellevernon, Pa.; F. B. Kliever, A. L. Kliever, Wheeling, W. Va.; H. P. Camden, F. E. Waterman, Parkersburg, W. Va.

Seventh Avenue—F. A. Williams, Niles, O.; F. J. Parrish, Cresson, Pa.; George R. Holmes, J. K. Spence, Jewett, O.; C. W. Knox, Jr., Marietta, O.; S. B. Nugent, Steubenville, O.

Duquesne—F. B. De Armit, Bellaire, O.; W. J. Fitzgibbon, Newark, O.

Monongahela—N. E. Dixon, Johnstown, Pa.; Robert T. McKean, Bellevernon, Pa.; J. P. Powell, Glenville, W. Va.; Charles Spinner, Steubenville, O.; W. Boyer, Steubenville, O.

Victoria—George A. Lindigren, Altoona, Pa.; J. P. Bremen, Munsey, Pa.

Griswold—J. H. Jones, Charleston, W. Va.; S. Frank, Chicora, Pa.

SKULL IS FRACTURED.

Peter Grubic, of Rankin, Was Severely Beaten By Two Men.

Peter Grubic, aged 40 years, of No. 10 Forge street, Rankin was seriously wounded about midnight Saturday by being assaulted by two men, who he claims were Michael Sudar and Nicholas Nicksic. Grubic had sued Nicksic, charging him with assault on his wife and also on his 10-year-old daughter, but no case was found.

Grubic says that on arriving at his home late Saturday night he was set upon by Nicksic and his companion. His skull is fractured and he is terribly cut and bruised. He was attended by Dr. J. B. Hane. Some sensational developments are expected.

SUSPECTS SET FREE.

Jamaica Magistrates Refuse to Commit Alleged Plotters for Trial.

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, Sept. 14.—After a full inquiry, the local magistrate has refused to commit for trial certain people of respectability who were arrested on charges of complicity in the plots of last April at Montego bay, which arose from the collection of increased taxes.

The evidence adduced against the accused persons was identical with that brought forward against Ralph Thompson who was arrested by a United States marshal in New York, August 25.

Early Morning Fire.

Fire broke out about 11:45 last night in the grocery store of Eli McKnight at the corner of Centennial and Blackburn avenues, Sewickley, and by 12:30 this morning the building was destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown. This was the third fire in the same store in two months. The loss is about $2,000.

Stepped Off Cas Backward.

Bridget Foley of No. 441 Bell avenue, Braddock, had her arm broken last night in attempting to alight from a car while it was in motion. She was taken to Mercy hospital.

SPEAKEASIES ARE CLOSED BY THE CRUSADE

Not One Could Be Found Running Downtown Yesterday.

SUBURBAN VISITORS DISAPPOINTED

Kept Crowding Around Houses and Ringing Doorbells All Day. Celestials Became Suspicious of Police Activity.

The speakeasies and disorderly houses in the downtown section of the city were closed yesterday. Old establishments that have been running for years, where hundreds of citizens quenched thirst on Sunday, were closed tight as drums. Hundreds of men who frequent the city on Sunday were surprised and disappointed to find their old haunts closed when they rang the front door bell.

In Third avenue were 500 men and boys standing in the street staring in the most bewildered manner at the closed houses. The same conditions existed in Grant street. The men crowded into these streets all day long. A report of the gathering was made at the Central police station and several officers were detailed to disperse the crowd.

All the colored houses along Water street, where liquor was formerly sold on Sunday, seemed deserted. In Ferry street the same conditions prevailed, and in the houses down in the Point no one was admitted during the day. They received the warning that no more orders would be issued to close them. If they were caught selling liquor they would be arrrested immediately.

Superintendent of Police John McAleese had many of his men detailed in citizens' clothes yesterday, watching the places he closed several weeks ago. He learned that the councilmen in the various downtown wards had instructed the keepers they could renew business yesterday, and they would be responsible for the consequences. Inspector Fred Will said last night these plain-clothes men had not reported any disposition on the part of these keepers to open up their places.

During the day a number of the agents, representing the various bottling establishments, came to Inspector Will and asked him what he would do if any of the speakeasies raided yesterday would renew business again. He told them he would raid them again and make an additional information against them. These agents left the public safety building immediately.

The raids made Saturday night created some excitement among the Chinamen in the city. They became alarmed, as they had been informed their private celebrations would be disturbed by the police. Several well-known representatives from the celestial district of the city came to headquarters yesterday and told Inspector Will that many of their relations and friends came from Greensburg, Latrobe and the districts surrounding the city to spend Sunday with them. They always had a quantity of beer on hand for them. Inspector Will told them as long as they did not sell it or were not disorderly they could certainly entertain their friends.

DEFIED BLUE LAWS.

Mrs. Baker Again Opens Her Store in Carnegie, Despite Edict of Police.

Mrs. L. Baker, who conducts a confectionary store at No. 21 Fourth avenue, Carnegie, again opened her store yesterday and defied the blue law, in force in that borough, and did a rushing business in soda water and candies. Since the law has been enforced in the borough, Mrs. Baker has been fined twice for keeping her store open and doing business on Sunday, and it is said that Chief of Police George Foster will make information against her today.

Miss Mary Baker, her daughter, who was clerking in the store last night, stated that they had done a good business all day, and hardly thought that any charges would be made against them. She says they were not the only ones to have disobeyed the law, as she knows one of the drug stores sold stationery and another store, tobacco.

IRISH CAPITAL ENRAGED.

Mayor Presides Over Meeting to Protest Against Crimes Proclamation.

DUBLIN, Sept. 14.—Some 20,000 persons, the biggest open air gathering that has been seen here in years, assembled in Phoenix park today to protest against the action of the government in "proclaiming" the Irish capital.

The lord mayor of Dublin presided at the meeting, and John Dillon and William O'Brien, Nationalist members of the house of commons, were the chief speakers. George Wyndham, chief secretary for Ireland, was the principal target for abuse, and ringing resolutions denouncing the slur on Dublin's fair name and fame were unanimously passed.

Child Burned to Death.

Thomas Mitchell, 3 years old, son of Mrs. Elizabeth Mitchell of Wilkins and Negley avenues, East End, died last evening at his home of burns received on Saturday afternoon while playing with a fire in the rear of the house. He was tossing some paper on the flames and his dress became ignited and he was soon enveloped in flames. His mother and the servant pulled the burning garments from his body. He was so badly burned, however, that he never regained consciousness and died shortly after 6 o'clock last night.

Hurt in a Mine.

Peter Klaborek, a Slav, 20 years old, was injured in the Columbia mines last evening. He was brought to the Mercy hospital.

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Backache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations Free.

"For years I had backache, severe pains across kidneys and scalding urine. I could not get out of bed without help. The use of Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure restored me. G. WAGONER, Knoxville, Pa." Druggists, 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book—Free.

ST. VITUS' DANCE Sure Cure. Circular, Dr. Popper, Fredonia, N. Y.

A PROMINENT OHIO ELK.

JAMES H. KING.

MARIETTA, O., Sept. 13.—James H. King, a member of Marietta Lodge, No. 477, B. P. O. E., was elected to the vice presidency of the Ohio Association of Elk Lodges in the convention held at Newark. Mr. King represented the Marietta lodge and was elected unanimously.

KEPT A DARK SECRET.

Proceedings of the Labor League at Last Night's Meeting Were Zealously Guarded.

A special meeting of the Labor league of Western Pennsylvania was held last night. The meeting was an unusually secret one and at its close resolutions were adopted not to give out any information regarding the business of the session. The meeting was a very lively one. It is said that the report of the committee appointed to investigate the charges against President William Boate was presented. Just what action was taken on this report could not be learned. This officer was exonerated by the committee appointed to investigate the charges made against him.

All those who attended the meeting were very reticent last night, but one member of the league was overheard to say that the matter should be settled as soon as possible, as it was liable to disrupt the organization. The meeting was largely attended and was in session until nearly midnight. It is admitted that there was much of a political nature about the warm discussions had.

MAY BE A MURDER.

William Staunays, Assaulted by John Zydacki, in Bad Shape.

William Staunays, a Pole, who lives at No. 2731 Spring alley, is at his home in a critical condition as the result of an assault by John Zydacki, which occurred early yesterday morning. Staunays' head is in a badly battered condition, and the wounds are said to have been inflicted with a china pitcher by Zydacki.

The quarrel between the men was the result of a drinking carousal during the night. The police were called and found Staunays unconscious from his injuries. Zydacki was arrested and locked up in No. 3 police station, and at the morning hearings was committed to jail by Police Magistrate J. V. McMasters to await the result of his victim's injuries.

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DEATHS.

BENNINGS—On Saturday, September 13, 1902, at 4:25 a. m., MOLLY DONAVAN, wife of John J. Bennings.

Funeral from the family residence, 1209 Forbes street, on Tuesday morning at 8:30 o'clock. Services at St. Paul's cathedral at 9. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Montana daily and weekly papers please copy.

DRUMMOND—On Friday, September 12, 1902, at 12:30 p. m., at his home, No. 82 South Wade avenue, Washington, Pa., the REV. STEPHEN DRUMMOND, aged 59 years.

Funeral services will be held at the First Baptist church, Washington, Pa., this morning at 10:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

DAVIS—On Saturday, September 13, 1902, at 5:30 a. m., MISS MARY JANE DAVIS, aged 59 years.

Funeral services at the residence of H. L. Schlipp, Watson boulevard, North Allegheny, on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

GRACE—On Saturday, September 13, 1902, at 3:30 a. m., MARY A. DUFFY, wife of Thomas Grace.

Funeral from the family residence, 114 Wooster street, on Tuesday morning at 8:30 o'clock. Services at St. Bridget's church at 9. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

GRAY—On Thursday, September 11, 1902, at Long Beach, Cal., DAVID GRAY, aged 58 years.

Notice of funeral later.

LUTTON—On Friday, September 12, 1902, at 8:15 p. m., RALPH E., second son of John and Mary D. Lutton, aged 21 years, 11 months, 20 days.

Funeral services at the family home, No. 1913 Forbes street, on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private later.

LOUDEN—On Saturday, September 13, 1902, at 12:10 a. m., WILLIAM LOUDEN, in his 64th year.

Funeral services at his late residence, No. 1502 Fifth avenue, on Monday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MITCHELL—At the residence of his grandfather William Boyd, 5638 Wilkins avenue, East End, on Sunday, September 14, 1902, at 6 p. m., THOMAS J. H. MITCHELL, only child of Elizabeth and the late William Mitchell, aged 3 years. Notice of funeral later.

PAYNE—On Saturday, September 13, 1902, at her residence, Love avenue, Elliott borough, EMMA ELIZABETH, dearly beloved wife of John Payne, in the 73d year of her age. Mother of Mrs. Fred Schulze of Wilmerding, Pa., Mrs. E. E. Rupp of 3900 Second avenue, city, and Mrs. Laura Daugherty, at home.

Funeral services on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

PETERSON—On Friday, September 12, 1902, at 9:55 p. m., at his residence, No. 1410 North Canal street, Sharpsburg, JOSEPH PETERSON, SR., in his 67th year.

Funeral services at his late residence this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family, Pittsburgh lodge A. O. U. W., No. 20, Iron Builders' union of North America, Keystone castle, K. of M. C., No. 14, Triumph lodge, K. of P., No. 255, Duquesne lodge I. O. O. F., No. 32, and sister lodges, are respectfully invited to attend.

WHERRY—On Sunday, September 14, 1902, at 6:45 a. m., at the residence of her brother-in-law, W. H. Lemon, No. 18 South Fourteenth street, Pittsburgh, ANNA E., daughter of Robert S. Wherry.

Funeral services at the First Presbyterian church, Carnegie, Pa., on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

WILLIAMS—On Saturday, September 13, 1902, at 2:15 a. m., at her residence, Butler, Pa., JEAN GLENN GRAY, beloved wife of Albert S. Williams, aged 23 years, 11 months, 16 days.

Funeral services at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Catherine Gray, Charleroi, Pa., on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. (Charleroi papers please copy.)

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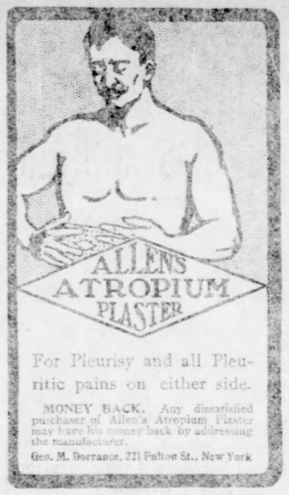

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Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1902.

TWELVE PAGES.

Effects of Frost.

Probably the frosts that have fallen upon the maize and wheat fields have had more effect upon the grain markets than upon the crops. Until the harvest is over the actual damage will not be ascertained, but experience has taught that light frosts near the middle of September do not appreciably diminish the yield, even in backward seasons. The touching of the corn tops is not fatal and it requires severe frost to reach the ears. In some sections corn tops are cut off to hasten the ripening process and light frost has a similar effect. With wheat the case is somewhat different, but there is nothing in the credible reports received to justify serious apprehension. The crops will be better than the average and much better than last year. Of that there seems to be no doubt.

The Butler Riot.

Sheriff Hoon, his deputies and the police officers of Butler gave an exhibition of how a lynching mob should be handled. Lynching is a rare crime in the annals of Pennsylvania. This is not because provocation to the mob is much less frequent than in other parts of the country, but because the orderly processes of the law are better appreciated and the officers of the law can generally be depended upon to perform the duty they are sworn to do.

Mob "law" cannot flourish in any community where there is not public sympathy with that method of executing vengeance. It is most prevalent where "the best citizens" join the mob, because in those sections the peace officers are often themselves in sympathy with the unlawful avengers. In the south the mob is defended by people who ought to know better, and it is difficult to secure an indictment against a lyncher before a grand jury.

The riot at Butler is deplorable in the highest degree, but there is cause for congratulation in the fact that its object was defeated by officers who knew and dared do their duty. If now their firm, dispassionate defense of the jail is followed by a vigorous prosecution of the leaders of the mob, it will be long before Butler has another experience of the sort. The good people of Butler should be the more determined in bringing the rioters to justice because crime of every nature is less rampant where the law is supreme than where summary, but illegal, vengeance is taken upon either one or several classes of criminals.

Discouraging Reticence.

The reticence of the gentlemen who held the midnight conference at Harrisburg does not encourage the expectation of an early termination of the anthracite coal strike. Beside Gov. Stone and President Mitchell, several other prominent men were present, and in the silent hours of the early morning during which they were together the questions involved in the strike must have been canvassed very thoroughly. But no results are announced. There is a unanimity of opinion that the best of feeling prevailed. Not one of the gentlemen present denies that the quality of feeling on tap was of an excellent variety. Beyond this they have nothing to say.

If Gov. Stone called the conference for the purpose of urging the miners to abandon the strike until April, to afford the operators an opportunity to demonstrate the sincerity of their promise to adjust all differences, there is no evidence that Mr. Mitchell took kindly to the proposition. While the conference was in progress 15,000 miners voted to continue the strike. If he called the conference to ascertain the views of interested persons on the proposition to convene an extra session of the legislature for the purpose of enacting a compulsory arbitration law he probably ascertained that the miners were opposed to legislation of this character. President Mitchell's position on this point is well known. But evidently no decision was announced by the governor to the conference, for Mr. Mitchell is quoted as saying that he does not know whether an extra session will be called.

It is possible that a start was made at Harrisburg in the work of bringing the strike to an end, but it is difficult to guess what sort of a start it was, or the direction of its movement. More hope for an amicable settlement could be entertained if the other parties to the dispute, the anthracite mine operators, would but take an interest in the proceedings.

Rural Police Needed.

A subject that is likely to occupy some of the attention of the next legislature is that of rural police. Undoubtedly something should be done toward giving the rural districts better protection. There is now practically no provision of law for running down malefactors who commit their crimes outside of municipalities, and every newspaper reader is aware of the frequent escape of murderers because there is no one whose business it is to capture them. Highwaymen and burglars work in the country with no fear except that of selecting the wrong man for a victim.

There is another very good reason why there should be some system of policing rural regions, though it is not as well known to people of the cities. It is the suppression of predatory raids upon vegetable gardens, fruit orchards and other minor property. Vast numbers of foreigners have been attracted by the prevalent prosperity. They have small regard for property rights. On Sundays, holidays, evenings and at other times these fellows go about in squads of from three to a dozen. Whatever they see that is easily portable is theirs. Even if a farmer sees them raiding his orchard the odds of numbers is against him in a fight. He does not know the names of any of them to make an information. One such raid is not a matter of moment, but complaints reach The Gazette that in some sections these raids are so frequent that farmers and truck gardeners are practically deprived of all the fruits of their industry.

This evil is prevalent in the coal mining sections, where railroad construction is under way, or, in fact, wherever common labor is largely employed. It is impossible for township constables to ferret out and arrest the offenders, and they have no fear of anyone not in uniform. A state constabulary would have a marked repressive effect upon the predatory classes as well as afford a means for bringing to justice the perpetrators of more serious crimes. The authority of a man in uniform would be respected and men employed for the purpose would have time to discover the identity of the thieves, petty and large.

The Gazette is informed that in many districts in Allegheny and adjoining counties the petty thieving described above amounts in the aggregate to the entire earnings of many farmers and gardeners, almost their entire crops being purloined. This is a serious matter, and surely those people have a right to expect some sort of protection at the hands of the state.

A Bill That Should Pass.

Among the important measures that may be passed during the short session of congress is that for the issue of postal currency. The object of this is to make more convenient the remittance of small sums by mail. The plan proposed is the sale of notes of small denomination that will pass current, but which may be made payable to one particular person, or firm, at will by suitable indorsement—that is, by writing the name and address of such person or firm upon the note.

This law should be enacted without delay. The present money order system is too cumbersome and expensive for the remittance of small sums, say fractional parts of a dollar. Mailing silver coins is inconvenient and unsafe. The proposed postal currency will be entirely convenient, the risk hardly more than that of the money order system and the cost to the remitter a mere trifle. It is a good thing to push along.

Secretary Shaw's Relief.

While there was nothing alarming about the stringency in the New York money market last week, Secretary Shaw's release of $4,000,000 from the treasury comes as a grateful relief. The high rate on call loans prevailing for a few days is more the result of a faulty system than any scarcity of funds.

Money stringency is almost always complained of in the centers of trade activity at this time of year owing to the great demand for currency in the movement of the big western grain crops and the custom of inaugurating enlarged commercial and trade organizations with the beginning of the fall and winter months. So close has been the New York money market that interest rates on loans of all character have been abnormally high, and Chicago capitalists have found it profitable to send large sums to New York, an almost unheard-of reversal of the usual order of money movements.

All this is but another proof of the great prosperity of the country. The volume of increasing trade is so large that the nation finds itself sometimes confronted by an insufficiency of currency with which to settle balances.

One Danger in Cities.

By the elaborate vital statistics of France it has been ascertained the average of life in Paris is but 31 years, while that of the rural and village communities of France is 36 years. The average for the United States, urban and rural, is somewhat above that of France. Deaths from accident, it is assumed, account for some of the difference between city and country, but the doctors have been looking for other causes. One is found in crowding—including the added danger from contagion and infection—and another in poisonous gases.

In the medical journals the chief place among city dangers is given to leakage of illuminating gas. The light companies admit large losses from their mains. Since the general introduction of so-called "water gas" the journals say such leakage is particularly dangerous to health, as the percentage of carbon monoxide is high. It is well known that a very small quantity of that gas in a room exercises a very depressing effect upon persons inhaling it. It is argued that asphalt and other impervious pavements compel leakage from gas mains to find vent through cellar walls and into sewers. So a large class of symptoms are referred to the presence of carbon monoxide in dwellings and offices.

All of this case is supported on pretty good evidence. But the scientific elaboration of the theory of cause is easier than the remedy. The more it is proven that carbon monoxide is poisoning millions, the more intense becomes the cry: What shall we do to be saved? Undoubtedly something may be done by requiring the laying of better gas mains. Something has been accomplished in the direction of sanitary plumbing. The one radical remedy involves tremendous expense; namely, the construction of subways under every street, ventilated to discharge noxious gases where they will do no harm. This is hardly practicable, though in the long run the cost might be saved in street repairs due to continual opening of streets for various purposes.

Copying Registry Lists.

Commissioner Clark's feat of having the registry lists of districts outside of Pittsburgh copied the other night is naturally disapproved by the other commissioners, who have loaned the Pittsburgh lists to the opposition headquarters. There is one valid objection named by Commissioner Mercer; namely, the opportunity to insert names not registered by the assessors. That objection would have more force were it not for the suspicion that some such tampering with the lists is sometimes permitted at the hands of others.

However, the salient feature of the whole matter is that Clark's irregular method of obtaining the lists for his party organization was prompted by a long standing abuse in the office of the commissioners—the withholding of the lists until near election time. Mr. Mercer's idea of having copies made for the office before allowing any one else to handle the lists is good, but there is no reason why the political headquarters should wait for one assessor's list until all the others have been transcribed. As soon as one list has been copied by the clerks in the commissioners' office it might be released, so the managers of both parties might have their rolls complete very soon after the transcribing clerks had finished their work. If the incident leads to this reform it may be forgiven.

Col. Watterson Again.

In a screed remarkable for its length and bitterness, Col. Henry Watterson, the veteran editor of the Louisville Courier Journal, comes back at his critics who have assailed him on all sides for his recent wholesale assaults upon New York and Newport society. Col. Watterson's point of view is that of a man whose vision of things long past is mellowed by the flight of time and whose estimate of present conditions is largely from the outside. The veteran Kentuckian was a personal participant in the society of half a century ago. Its weaknesses have been forgotten and only the staid and elegant purity that marked its inner life have been preserved in his memory. That the same purity and nobility of life may exist today among the social leaders of even the "400" does not occur to Col. Watterson, for the reason that he is forming his judgments from reports of the worst phases of the subject. That his judgments should be partial to the life he knew intimately is perfectly natural and excusable, but that they should be exaggerated and bitter is not flattering to the good sense or the kindness of their author.

There are many unworthy people among the rich, no doubt, but not all wealthy people are gross or immoral. There is as much purity, goodness, genuine beneficence and nobleness of life among the rich today as at any other period in our history.

After seeing a moving picture show of American scenes the shah of Persia declared it was as good as a trip to America. If he will take the trouble to interview Duke Boris he will have reason to change his mind.

A Norristown (Pa.) road roller ran away the other day and seriously injured the driver. The automobile seems to have secured a rather queer understudy.

New Jersey has a man who claims to be 130 years old and who says he has used tobacco since he was 4 years old. This is a stunner for the anti-tobaccoists.

Then, too, the domestic cooling station will not be established this winter without considerable diplomacy if present conditions continue.

It will be observed it was not until the Boer generals donned citizens' clothes that the English people found so much to admire in them.

The luck of the Ohio Republicans is simply phenomenal. The opposition of no other state in the Union could produce a Tom Johnson.

The difference between Tom Platt and most of the other fellows is that Tom knows when to do his back pedaling.

The Pittsburgh graft association seems to have struck a frost a little ahead of the rest of mankind in this latitude.

The St. Louis boodlers have turned the trick in a style that ought to fill the Chicago crowd with envy.

Jack Frost will no doubt do more toward settling the coal strike than all the New York newspapers.

New York society will begin to think after while that Col. Henry Watterson is a very fussy old man.

When they have war up in Butler county it is not of the mimic variety.

Fleas in a New Class.

From the Toledo Times.

A custom house decision on fleas has been rendered in Switzerland. A package marked "Trained Fleas" reached Geneva. The nearest analogy the collector could find was that of June bugs, which had been ruled to be "edibles." The case went from one official to another, till it reached headquarters at Berne, whence, after much investigation and deliberation, the conclusion was reached that the fleas came under the head of "wild animals in a menagerie."

CONEY ISLAND SEASON WANES

Plenty of Sunday Excursionists, but They Have Lost Spirit of Holiday.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Herald Building, Herald Square,
NEW YORK, Sept. 14.

Coney Island did not draw such a large crowd today as it did a few Sundays ago. Regardless of the weather, it is a fact that the season at Coney is pretty nearly over. When things were rushing there in the middle of August, multitudes of people gathered every Sunday, rain or shine, because, after all, the sea itself was the least of the attractions. There were the shows, merry-go-rounds, loop-the-loops, and similar amusements, all under cover, and many visitors never saw the sea at all. But some of the shows have been closed, and there is a general feeling that old Coney has seen its best days for the summer of 1902. There were plenty of people there today, comparatively speaking, and the trolley cars carried heavy loads to and fro, but the spirit of a Sunday at Coney Island, as it is understood in the midst of Summer, was absent, and hundreds of Manhattaners returned to town early, believing that they could find more pleasure in a comfortable vaudeville theater, listening to a "sacred concert," than in walking up and down Surf avenue. The photographers, palmists, fortune-tellers and peanut-vendors are still doing as much business as comes their way, and the hot corn men did a thriving trade. The chilly air made one's thoughts turn hopefully toward warm dainties, and hot corn is a very comforting viand in a cool September. While the police were as active as they have been all summer in protecting the excise law, there were plenty of drinks to be procured whether one swallowed the accompanying sandwich or not. Take it all in all, it was not a bad place to go for a few hours of fresh air, even without the shows and other amusements. As for bathing, that is dead. It is in vain that bathhouse keepers declare the water is many degrees warmer than the surrounding atmosphere. The surf looks cold, and the average bather would be ready to swear that icicles would cling to his bathing suit as he came out. Coney Island will hold out as long as possible, but it has about reached the end of its tether for this year.

Kubelik's New Rival.

Rudolph Aronson comes blithely to the front with the announcement that he will introduce Kocian, the Bohemian violin virtuoso, to New York on Saturday evening, November 22, at Carnegie hall. An orchestra of 100 musicians, under the direction of Walter Damrosch, will assist the star. Mr. Aronson has been trying to find a worthy violinist ever since he dropped out of the management of Kubelik with Daniel Frohman. He thinks he has an artist in Kocian who will be able to make Kubelik look very small. That we shall see—or hear—all in due time.

The Brooklyn Badly Wounded.

The cruiser Brooklyn has been lying up in the Brooklyn navy yard since she led the attack on Newport in the recent maneuvers. Experts declare that the vessel has been badly knocked about. A report has been sent to the navy department at Washington. The authorities there will decide whether she is to be patched up temporarily, so that she can be used in the maneuvers in West Indian waters, or whether she will go directly into dry dock. It has been ascertained beyond doubt that from bow to amidship on the port side she is severely damaged. Her starboard side is uninjured, as are both her propellers; but the injuries on the port side are such that it will take 90 working days to repair them. She has to be pumped out every day. Among other things, she needs new decks. If all needed repairs are made, it is probable that the cost will be nearly $500,000, and the vessel must be put out of commission.

Exit Baseball; Enter Football.

New York has seen its last league baseball game for this year. All the teams have gone west, and the rooters will no more take their places in the Polo grounds to watch the Giants get a grueling, or, as happened the other day, give the Pittsburgh champions a thrashing twice in one day. Baseball is out, and soon football will be in, and the talk now is of the games on Thanksgiving day and at other times in the early winter. New York must have some kind of ball contest to engage its attention, and it cares little what it is so that it is a hard fight. But things certainly do look dull at the Polo grounds nowadays.

New Yorkers See Their Own Sights.

These are great days for the sight-seeing coaches which have become a feature of New York life. Every day in the week the coaches run around the city, with a guide at the back megaphoning descriptions of the places passed. It is remarked that the passengers on sight-seeing coaches are not all visitors from other cities and towns. Many New Yorkers have discovered that they know very little of their own city away from the beaten track that they follow day after day in business and recreation. So they climb on the coaches, pay their fare, and are pleased to learn from an authority through a megaphone a great deal about New York that they never knew before. Many houses they have passed for years without knowing who lived in them, and even some of the public buildings have been familiar to them only in appearance. The megaphone man knows all about them and gives a lot of details which are as interesting as they are novel to the old New Yorker. The sight-seeing coach is a great institution, and, no doubt, it will make its appearance in Pittsburgh in due time. It should be a profitable speculation in that city of so many wonders, industrial and otherwise.

Hunting for Outside School Room.

Now that the school year has begun, with nearly 60,000 children in the city getting instruction only part of the day, all kinds of suggestions are made for relieving the congestion in some districts and letting the children go elsewhere to schools in which there would be room for them. One plan is to induce the street car authorities to make a special school rate of half fare. Corporation Counsel Rives favors this. He said yesterday: "The city has furnished stages in some of the crowded districts and the pupils have in this way been transported to schools where there was plenty of room. I do not see why the city should not go a step farther now and provide for children in the other districts, who are either crowded out of the classes altogether or are compelled to get along in half-time classes. As to the transportation companies taking up the matter and making a concession in rates to the school children, that is another thing. It seems to be a matter of choice with them. But, everything considered, there is no doubt we owe it to the children to make the best arrangements possible for their health and comfort."

The McKinley Mausoleum Fund.

According to a statement made in this city yesterday, it is believed that the $650,000 required for the mausoleum of President McKinley at Canton will be raised in the churches of the country today. This is the anniversary of the late president's death, and the chairman of the McKinley Memorial association is quoted as saying that it would be eminently fitting that the sum should be completed on this day. Many subscriptions had been promised last night, which would pretty nearly make up the $200,000 required.

All the Astors in Mourning.

So many wealthy families are in mourning in New York that it seems as if this season would be filled with gloom. Now the youngest daughter of William Waldorf Astor, Gwendoline, is dead in England. This will place in mourning not only the Astors, but several other families of different names who are associated with the Astors by marriage. Many entertainments which had been planned have been declared off, and engagements generally have been cancelled. Col. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor had arranged for some splendid functions this winter, but, of course, nothing will be done in that way now. It is said the body of the young girl will be brought to New York for burial in the Astor family plot on Washington Heights.

Mrs. Astor's Grave Well Kept.

The death of William Waldorf Astor's young daughter brings to mind the fact that fresh flowers are kept perpetually on the grave of Mrs. Astor, who died several years ago. Mr. Astor gave an order to a New York florist to attend to this matter, and whenever one visits the cemetery he may see costly blossoms lying about the tomb that holds the remains of the mother of the little girl who died on Friday.

Ethical Culture School.

The Society of Ethical Culture of New York has filed plans with the bureau of buildings for a five-story brick school at the northwest corner of Central Park west and Sixty-third street. It will cost $500,000. This district is full of educational institutions, and the addition of another will be quite in line with the character of this part of town.

A Tammany Patriarch Dead.

The oldest Tammany man in New York is dead. His name was Stephen McCormick, and he had been a municipal officeholder for 45 years. He was a charter member of the Democratic club, and had sworn by Tammany all his life, as well he might, with his officeholding record. He did service for his country in the field, however, as well as on the payroll of New York city. He fought in the Mexican and civil wars, and acquitted himself honorably in both those famous struggles. His grandfather was a Revolutionary soldier, and his father carried a musket in the war of 1812.

The City of Big Numbers.

A New Yorker of a statistical turn of mind has been figuring on what the people of this city pay for luxuries and other things. For instance, he says: "For our daily newspaper reading our papers use from 450 to 1,000 tons of white paper a day, which in the average eight-page paper amount to from 8,000,000 to 20,000,000 copies. The various press associations cable us between 80,000 and 100,000 words a day. Our entertainments in our 40 odd theaters cost us from $75,000 to $100,000 a night. We sold on our stock exchange floor over 251,000,000 shares of stock during the last year, and while 1,000,000 shares a day is a large average, on May 9, 1901, the traffic amounted to 3,256,095 shares." And so it goes. We surely are justified in declaring that New York is the city of big numbers, as well as big things.

Battery Leadership Campaign.

"Battery Dan Finn" last night closed his fight against former Police Commissioner Michael Murphy for the leadership of the First assembly district. The finishing touch was a night parade which fairly shook the Battery end of the city and drove his opponents to bed with aching hearts. "Home rule" is the Finn family's war cry, and never was a district leader in his closing campaign more sanguine than is "Battery Dan."

Sunday at Brighton Beach.

There was a big time at Brighton Beach this afternoon. It was in the shape of a free musical festival, with a fine brass band, the one that furnished the music for the races at Brighton Beach, and a number of spectacular features. Notwithstanding that the weather was uncertain, an immense crowd went down, and there was melody and joy throughout the district for hours. This is the last effort of the amusement purveyors at Brighton, and it must be allowed that it was worthy of the occasion. It is not often that a seashore resort gives such a tremendous farewell.

Bowling Alleys Taxable.

They look after the dollars for the municipal treasury at what has been called "the doleful end of the big bridge." Owners of bowling alleys in Brooklyn have been notified that they must in future pay a tax of $5 for alleys. The city ordinance under which this tax is imposed was passed about five years ago and was revised in 1850. It has not, however, been enforced. During the Spanish-American war the government levied a tax of $5 an alley annually.

Averse to Teaching Pickaninnies.

There is a color line war in the public schools of Jamaica, Long Island. Two young school teachers, Miss Orr and Miss Hill, are said to be out to resign their positions because they have been transferred to teach in the school set apart for colored pupils. GEORGE C. JENKS.

Pittsburghers In New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

WALDORF-ASTORIA.

J. S. Arnold. J. Kerr, Jr.
H. H. Laughlin. Miss L. L. Laughlin.
J. W. Rhodes. T. McK. Graham.
J. M. Hansen. P. S. Young.
Mrs. F. S. Young. W. D. Hartupee.

FIFTH AVENUE.

F. E. Welson. Humphries Miller.
Mrs. J. G. Hinds. G. G. Hinds.
Mrs. H. C. Campbell. Miss K. Heiber.
Miss Jean S. Shaw. Mrs. John E. Shaw.
H. Burchwall. Miss Julia Patterson.
C. B. McVey. Mrs. C. McVay.
Miss M. F. Frauenheim. J. F. Frauenheim.
P. M. Ross. Joseph Toner.
W. H. Keller. H. Campbell Shaw.
Mrs. J. G. Patterson. W. H. Keller.
Miss H. J. Patterson.

ALDEMARLE.

H. E. Anderson.

HOFFMAN.

H. W. Breitenstein.

VICTORIA.

Mrs. Jane W. Piatt. Mrs. John Piatt.

STURTEVANT.

E. H. Graham.

HOLLAND.

T. J. Gillespie. Mrs. W. J. Holland.
Mrs. T. J. Gillespie. Mrs. George Carnegie.
George Carnegie. F. R. Holland.

IMPERIAL.

Hugo Rosenberg. S. H. Vandergrift.
J. A. Dandson. H. C. Burchinaly.
W. A. Steinmeyer. C. L. Cordes.
Mrs. C. L. Cordes. Walter Rosenbaum.

HERALD SQUARE.

W. H. Bradley. Miss Lillie Bradley.
A. W. Mutchler. Samuel B. Weller.
Henry Hubbard.

NORMANDIE.

Dr. A. De Roy. James D. Robertson.
Mrs. J. D. Robertson.

MANHATTAN.

D. A. Reed. John Caldwell.
K. C. Gardner. Mrs. K. C. Gardner.
Samuel Hamilton. Mrs. Samuel Hamilton.

SOME OF THE WHOPPERS.

Mr. D. S. Clapper says he has another champion tomato stalk in Mr. Thropp's garden. This stalk has 347 tomatoes on it.—Everett Press.

This morning Edward Hoare of Amboy picked a peach from one of his trees which measured ten inches around.—Conneaut Post-Herald.

The very large pear on display in the Echo window was raised by Samuel Riggs at his home in Tomlinson avenue.—Moundsville Echo.

J. O. Miller has some fine fruit this year. The Express is in receipt of an apple grown by him which measures 15 inches in circumference.—DuBois Express.

Dr. William Hosack has cabbage the equal of which is not to be seen at the fair. One head weighed 14 pounds nine ounces, and another will weigh fully 15 pounds. At market prices each head is worth from 60 to 75 cents.—Indiana Messenger.

John Geriach, the well-known hackman, has a peculiar stalk of corn. There are two ears near the middle of the stalk, and a third one has grown out at the very top, right alongside of the tassle. It is on exhibition at the Consolidated hack office.—Lancaster Intelligencer.

W. H. Bradley, near the Baltimore & Ohio depot, is the champion tomato grower in Uniontown. He has some of the "Jumbo" variety that weigh 24 ounces. His vines are well trimmed and his garden presents an inviting appearance.—Uniontown Genius.

HOW TELEGRAPHERS ARE PUT TO TEST

"Back Reading" One of the Hardest Features of the Business.

One of the requirements of a first-class telegraph operator is what is technically known as "back reading"—a faculty of the ear and the memory developed in some cases to a marvelous extent.

Not long ago an unlikely looking applicant asked for a job at the Broadway office of one of the big companies. He was a tall youth and slim, with not a hair on his chin to speak of the years of experiences which perhaps might have made him a valuable man, sheep or no sheep, says the New York Commercial Advertiser. As usual the applicant was put to receiving, three dispatches picked with care being sent at a staggering clip. Then the head operator came to see the result.

"How are you getting on?" he asked.

"Here you are, sir."

"Yes, but here are only two messages. I sent you three," the man protested.

"I'll give you the third in a minute," said the applicant sitting down to his typewriter. There he hammered out word for word the 100-word message sent him, relying only upon his memory—and by that is meant "back reading."

About the most remarkable story of back reading and clever telegraph work is one told by Tom Flynn, himself a veteran newspaper telegraph operator and at one time one of the best men in the business. Said the old war horse:

"I was in a Pittsburgh newspaper office those days when one cold winter's night there appeared the most disreputable looking chap, who asked for a job as an operator. This was in the days of the tramp operator, and this fellow looked the father of all tramps. An old brown overcoat tied in the middle with sash cord, a slouch hat pulled over the ears and beneath the brim of which appeared, like a bowspirit, a red pug nose, and shoes with the poor toes sticking through the front of them were the first impressions obtainable.

"He stood in the door smiling at the prospect of being kicked down stairs and down came the old brown collar and off went the hat adding to the other attractions a stubbly face, small eyes and a shock of matted hair.

"He said he wanted a job. Well, one of the regular operators happened to be sick that night, and though the night was slow for business it was as well to have a man on hand. Besides, there was fun ahead in the chap.

"We had one fellow sending into the office and he was gressed lightning—Chambers of Buffalo. Every new man was run up against the Buffalo wire and the Buffalo man knew it and used to have fun. There was not a man in the office that could receive all Chambers could send him in an hour if he wanted to and it was the Buffalo chap's delight to fire at any new man until there was a cry for mercy.

"Well, Fagan took his place at the wire, peeled off his old coat and pulled a pad toward him. Then he opened the key to let her go, and Chambers, with a quick, nervous touch, sending the most beautiful of Morse, began fairly to rattle in the stuff, for he had been tipped off that there was a victim. Every one on the staff that had nothing better to do stood about the 'ornament,' and snickered audibly and prepared for the downfall. In came the message. The ornament searched one pocket after another for a pencil. He found a stub. But the stub would not do, and he located a more pointed butt.

"By that time even those who did not know a key from a hayrake began to snicker, and some one laughed outright when the new man produced his vest pockets, and this time brought forth a cigar butt. He reached one hand over for a match, got one, lighted the cigar butt and then, in the most beautiful copper-plate hand, began to hurl off the message, back-reading what had come in and listening to what the instrument was ticking out. In less than five minutes he had caught up with the instrument and was loafing over his smoke, giving the Buffalo man a chance to get ahead, so as to make writing worth while. For 15 minutes the Buffalo man stuck out the furious clip. Then he opened another wire and said:

"'For Lord's sake, is no one at that key?' he asked.

"'Go right ahead, don't mind,' answered one of the other men, and for the rest of that night the Buffalo man fired and fired in his stuff, while the tramp loafed and handed in sheet after sheet of copy.

"Gad, sir, the words fairly entered that chap's ear and without ever running through his brain came out at the end of his pencil. Among the things sent by Chambers that night was a list of names and it seems that toward the end of the story he wanted to make sure that one of the names was spelled right.

"'See how I spelled the third name on that list,' Chambers sent.

"'What list?' asked the tramp.

"'Why, the list I gave you, of course,' said Chambers.

"'Wait!' said the tramp and began to look back over the copy. He found it and gave a short laugh. 'Hanged if I knew he sent me that,' he said aloud to himself. And then he proceeded to square himself with Buffalo. Even we fellows alongside couldn't make out the name, he sent it so fast. Three times he repeated it like chain lightning, spelling it slowly and deliberately a fourth time. The heart of the Buffalo man was broken that night. Never again did he try to get funny with men, new or old, and ever after he was like a lamb.

"What about the tramp? Oh, he got what was coming to him by the end of that night and none of us ever saw him again.

"But that was the most remarkable case of back reading I ever came across, and if you want to appreciate what it means take any newspaper story, chalk off 35 or 40 words, and then imagine that while you are writing them down from memory some one beside you is reading as fast as you can write and that you are expected to catch all he says while your pencil flies over the paper and that you are to get it right, word for word."

EYE-OPENERS.

"It may be true," said Uncle Eben, "dat dar is safety in numbers, as de school book has remarked. But I doesn't believe dat 4-11-44 is de numbers alluded to."—Washington Star.

Wederly—Why can't you women get off a street car the way we men do?

Mrs. Wederly—We can; but if we did they would soon quit stopping for us.—Chicago Daily News.

Manager—What is the matter with the glass eater?

Assistant—He is getting too tony.

Manager—How so?

Assistant—He refuses to eat anything but cut glass.—Philadelphia Record.

Noah, finding his wife weeping on the quarter deck, inquired what was the matter.

"I'm afraid people will say our fashions came out of the ark," she sobbed.

"Never mind," he returned. "We can have the apes up to dine with us tonight."

Reassured by being thoroughly up to date, she dried her tears and went down to swipe some plumes off the ostrich.—New York Sun.

Tess—Why do you dislike him so?

Jess—Oh! he says such hateful things. He told me last evening that beauty was only skin deep, and——

Tess—And you immediately proceeded to show him how thin-skinned you were.—Philadelphia Press.

"What is the most difficult feature of your art?" asked the inquisitive person.

"Finding a victim who is willing to give up real money for a picture," replied the undiscovered artist.—Chicago Daily News.

De rain fall alike on de just, we're told
And de unjust feller.
Not much! If de unjust bloke gits hold
Of de jus's umbrella.
—Philadelphia Record.

AND SHE STILL GROWS YOUNG

The Sunday Gazette yesterday was another triumph of modern newspaper work. It was complete in every way. Each department of news was covered and in addition to many exclusive stories, the edition of yesterday presented a beauty of make-up and an array of special articles by recognized authorities seldom, if ever, equaled in Pittsburgh.

There was not a column in the paper that was not full of bright, crisp reading matter that drew the attention of the reader involuntarily. The illustrations were clear and clean-cut, far surpassing any efforts made by The Gazette's competitors.

The local news was far ahead of that furnished by other Pittsburgh papers, while the rest of the world was cared for by The Gazette's unrivaled special wire and cable services, which means that it was the most accurate and the best published in the city.

The sporting department of The Gazette has become one of the features of Pittsburgh newspaperdom and yesterday's edition contained four pages filled with the latest news and gossip about every branch of sports, much of it furnished by private correspondents and therefore available in no other newspaper in the city.

The magazine section, led by a fine color picture of Miss Zeta Alwine, one of Greensburg's most beautiful girls, was full of interesting reading, including the usual installment of Sir A. Conan Doyle's latest story, "The Hound of the Baskervilles." Another feature of this section was the opening of the new story of "Jimmy Jones, or the Autobiography of an Office-Boy," written by Roy L. McCardell, especially for The Gazette.

The special full page story on the coming centennial of Indiana county was a topic of interest to thousands of The Gazette's readers and was the first announcement of the forthcoming celebration planned by the residents of that sturdy old county.

The comic section introduced a number of ludicrous ideas, illustrated in a way that would bring a smile to the lips of the most discouraged of mortals. The Coon Hollow Folks were on hand, after a brief absence, to greet their friends, both young and old, and Simon Simple sprang a new one in his series of original practical jokes.

The Pittsburgh Gazette march that proved so popular with the exposition audiences was a feature of the edition and proved to be an instant favorite with music-lovers. It is by Carl Bruno, author of "The Rover," and its first public introduction here was made by John Philip Sousa's band, which is a sufficient recommendation for any musical composition.

In fact the points of excellence and superiority over competitors in yesterday's Gazette were so numerous that one cannot enumerate them all. It is sufficient to say that it was one of the best yet and our friends are warned to keep on watching "The Old Lady Grow Young."

No Excuse for Watterson.

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

There are black sheep and unclean birds, but it is only a rather childish exercise in rhetoric to make such sentences as are needed to formulate Mr. Watterson's diatribes or to deny his charges again. Now that they have been both presented and denied, perhaps we are near the end of the episode.

Troublous Times.

From the Philadelphia Press.

Mont Pelee is again in eruption, Carrie Nation is still crusading, Tom Johnson is tomjohnsoning in Ohio and the coal strike is still in force, and in addition to all these troubles the Indianapolis News wants to know "who are the Democrats?" Are we to have no rest this side of the grave?

Wiring All the Details.

From the Eldora (Col.) Miner.

Society notes are being sifted pretty close in New York, where the information is telegraphed that the baby camel of Central park has a pair of new boots.

A Query from Gotham.

From the New York Tribune.

Which is the national game, poker or baseball? If it is poker, New York can probably hold its own. If it is baseball, give the pot to Pittsburgh.

RURAL PLEASANTRIES.

The principal attraction at the county fair yesterday was a farmer from Arkwright, with heavy green whiskers.—Dunkirk Herald.

If the smart Alecks in town who can edit a paper better than we can will call at this office, we'll give them a job.—Blairsville Courier.

Not long since we attended a large wedding, and while the guests were partaking of the feast of good things prepared for the "inner man" a concert band serenaded the bride and groom, and the first selection the band played was "Ain't That a Shame, a Measly Shame?"—Reynoldsville Star.

The chirp of the cricket, the noise of the thresher and other unmistakable signs remind us that fall is approaching, that season when it will be necessary for some of us to have a search warrant issued to find out where our summer wages have gone.—Meadville Tribune.

J. A. Slaughenhoup and Fred Shaffer and wife started on a camping tour along the banks of the Susquehanna today. The Express wishes them a pleasant time and will tell a whopper for them when they come back providing they leave a souvenir of their skill from which to base our story.—Du Bois Express.

Talk about your bass fishing. One morning last week Judge Hill and Mr. Watson, of the shooting gallery, strolled down to the mouth of the creek and in just one hour caught 27 rock bass, all of them weighing between seven and eight pounds. We give this for the edification of our friend W. O. Smith of the Punxsy Spirit, who was somewhat consternated a few days ago at the noticeable absence of anything on the fish line from us, and it's no fish story, either.—Forest Republican.

A PAIR OF DEUCES.

There's a little game called poker, which the same is wicked, quite,
And playing in that little game I know is never right.
Yet, in my sinful, sinful way, I've sometimes held a hand,
And tried to hold a nine-spot high and still look pleased and bland;
I have met the race of bluffers, and I know their little ways,
I have tried to look serenely on an unexpected raise;
But at end I've always noticed, if the hand was played with care,
That a little pair of deuces was better than no pair.

This life's a mighty poker game sometimes I fancy still;
We take the cards the Dealer deals, and play them at our will.
And some of us are bluffers; with words of cant and gush
We try to make the players think we hold a royal flush;
With nothing but a nine-spot high we puff and swell and blow,
And think we're playing shrewdly, for it seems so work, you know,
Till some thoughtful, watchful fellow says, "I call you." World of care!
For his little pair of deuces is better than no pair.

The man who wears twelve-dollar hats on seven-dollar pay;
His bluff will work all right enough until it's called some day.
The politician prating of "me own loved native land,"
While his hand's extended backward, some day we'll see his hand.
The man who thinks effrontery is bound to take the trick
Is sure to hear, "I call you," and the words will make him sick.
Somewhere, somehow, shall merit count, though it save naught to spare,
For a little pair of deuces is better than no pair.
—Alfred J. Waterhouse in the New York Times.

AUTUMN LAMENT OF THE STRAW HAT

Had No Season of Its Own This Year and Threatens for Next.

"I'M ABOUT all in," muttered a spotted straw hat as it felt itself squelched beneath the weight of a [illegible] overcoat in a downtown office wardrobe. "I really had a right to these few days of warm sunshine in September, but the newspapers have started in to help the fall advertisers and sentiment is against me. So I might as well get ready for winter berth in the attic.

"This season has been a howling disappointment. Everything's gone against me. I worked overtime and Sundays the summer of 1901 to rig up a campaign for this last summer that would be profitable all around. And I had a hummer, too. It looked like big fortunes for everybody in my line, and hands down at that.

"You see, I figured on the G. O. P., the Grand Opening of Prosperity. The average American is opposed to car

DEVELOPMENT OF FOREIGN NAVIES IN FISCAL YEAR

All Leading European Fleets Have Been Growing and Improving.

SPANISH WAR IS STILL YIELDING LESSONS

Russia Ahead in Use of Oil Fuel. Wireless Telegraphy Is Still Imperfect in Spite of General Experiment—France's Policy.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14.—A resume of what has been accomplished by foreign navies during the fiscal year is to be found in "Notes Naval Progress," made public today Capt. Charles D. Sigsbee, chief of naval intelligence bureau. The "spring of naval growth—construction—is dealt with first, and of this it is said:

"The construction of ships for the fleets of the leading naval powers has gone on actively during the past year, and the few estimates show either an adherence to a well defined program for a steady increase or a desire to make such additions as the present financial condition of the various countries warrants. While there has been no marked change in the design of ships, the tendency has been toward greater displacement in battleships and armored cruisers, better protection and the massing of guns of the second caliber in a central citadel, instead of separating them in casemates."

Lesson from Cervera's Disaster.

Treating of the present state of development in modern naval ordnance, it is declared that there is urgent need for quick-firing, high-powered guns, well protected by armor of the highest resisting quality, and Cervera's ill-starred rush out of Santiago harbor is cited as a tragic illustration of the dangers of poorly protected gun positions.

Renewed interest in good shooting was displayed in the British navy the past year. Admirable records have been made by the Terrible and the Barfleur in China, while in the Mediterranean other ships have accomplished excellent results.

Experiments have been made in the German navy with a device intended to enlarge the area of torpedo action. The device is fitted on the gyroscopic steering gear and makes the torpedo run a straight course for 1,000 meters and then dart off on a spiral or zig-zag course the general direction of which is at right angles to its original flight.

The idea is ingenious. A squadron of the enemy's war vessels is advancing abreast. The torpedo is aimed at the end vessel on the left. If it misses its target, it then goes flying in and out among the vessels of the entire squadron, with good prospects of leaving its terrible mark somewhere. Reports in regard to the utility of the device, it is said, are conflicting.

Engines and Coaling.

An extended use of quadruple expansion and four-cylinder triple-expansion engines abroad is noted. The question of triple screws continues to be agitated, and though the great weight of naval opinion seems to be against their use, the principle is gaining advocates, particularly in France and Germany.

The experiences of the Spanish war gave a great impetus to the solution of the problem of coaling at sea, and recently the Russian and British navies have been experimenting with various systems. Much attention also has been paid during the past year to the subject of liquid fuel for marine boilers, owing to the recent great discoveries of oil in Texas, California, Japan and Canada, the exploitation of the Borneo and Russian fields. Russia remains the leading exponent of liquid fuel and has exclusively adopted oil firing for her Caspian fleet, and partially for her Black sea fleet. France, Italy, Germany, Holland, Sweden and Great Britain all have been making thorough experiments in this direction.

The last fiscal year was marked by a general and striking extension of the use of electricity in foreign navies, and even the more conservative foreign naval authorities are adopting it for new vessels.

Wireless Telegraph Imperfect.

"The material progress of the year in wireless telegraph," it is said, "may be said to be in the matter of length of transmission, in which wonderful advance has been made," but it is pointed out much less progress was made toward securing immunity of messages from interception, a condition stated to be more important for naval purposes than length of transmission.

Summing up the status of wireless telegraphy today, it is said it is still imperfect, complex, costly and delicate and continues to be imperfect in transmission; yet, in spite of the disadvantages, six stated wireless telegraphy companies offer so much in its present maritime field that it is being vigorously taken up everywhere. Special progress was made during the year in Great Britain, Germany, France, Russia, Austria, Denmark, Japan and Spain.

The volume reviews in detail the great naval maneuvers conducted last year by Great Britain and France, and the description affords an opportunity for comparison with those which have just been brought to a close off our New England coast. The British maneuvers were on a larger scale than any before attempted, no less than 168 ships, large and small, participating. The chief charm of the maneuvers lie in their realism.

French Policy Is to Attack.

The French maneuvers brought out for the first time a phase of offensive action on the part of the French fleet. The fleet was divided into four squadrons, two representing the French Mediterranean and northern squadrons, and the identity of the remaining two being undisclosed. General opinion was divided in designating the "enemy's" squadrons, as the British Mediterranean and channels squadrons and the German and Italian fleets. In setting out the object of the maneuvers a French paper put the idea in these words:

"Our navy is entering upon a new era, of which the watchword is 'attack.' The time is past when the only thought will be to creep into the harbors and allow ourselves to be blockaded there."

Manalby's Battery Reunion.

FAIRMONT, W. VA., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—The Society of Manalby's Battery, composed of veterans of the war of 1861-65, has just completed its 18th annual session at Catawba, this county. But 16 of the 80 members now living were present. Their next reunion will be held in East park, this city, next September.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Miss Hazel Kirke Hawes,
A Cleveland girl who is now a Washington belle.

AVENGED INSULT TO HIS COMPANION

JOE DECZ SHOT J. M'CANN FOR REMARK HE MADE.

Called Him to Account and When Fight Threatened to Result Used Revolver—At Large.

John McCann, aged 16, was shot in the fleshy part of the right leg above the knee yesterday evening by Joe Decz, a Pole, as the result of an alleged insult to a young woman escorted by Decz. Decz got away after the shooting, but the police expect to arrest him.

The shooting took place about 7:30 o'clock on Penn avenue near Twenty-second street. Decz was accompanied by Rosa Wenta and back of them walked Joe Polousky and Mary Malowsky. The four Poles were on their way to a church entertainment in Seventeenth street.

Young McCann was with a crowd of boys who were standing on the corner of Penn avenue and Twenty-second street. When the Polish party was passing the young men some remarks were made which were considered offensive by Decz, who continued on his way a few yards and then returned to the corner in an angry mood.

A fight was threatening, when Decz whipped out a revolver and fired a bullet into McCann's leg. The latter sank to the pavement with pain and Decz, with Polousky, who had joined him, fled down Twenty-second street.

Police Officer Frank Loder reached the corner a few seconds later, but only the women of the Polish party remained.

McCann was taken to his home at No. 2202 Penn avenue and the women to No. 3 police station, where close questioning by Sergeant Archie Stonerod induced them to give to the police the details that led up to the shooting.

Decz is said by the police to have a bad record. The women were not placed under arrest and left the station house after telling their story.

YOUNG BIRDS' FLIGHT.

Local Homing Pigeons Made Good Records in Their Saturday Race.

The Pittsburgh district of the W. A. of A. N. P. F. held their second young bird race of the season from Pataskala, Ohio, an air line distance of 180 miles. The birds were liberated at 9:05 a. m., by O. N. Sutherland, express agent of that place who reported weather clear with light wind. The first loft to report was G. Publon of Duquesne Hights, with one bird Joe, making an average speed of 1,003.69 yards per minute. The second loft to report was Edward Clang of 1628 Carson street with one bird Berenice making an average speed of 1,000.66 yards per minute. The next loft to report was C. Salzmann of Grove station with one bird Marquis making an average speed of 980 yards per minute. The next race will be from South Charleston, Ohio, 200 miles on September 21.

Yesterday the Allegheny Homing Club held its third young bird race of the season from Newark, Ohio, 146 miles air line. The birds were liberated at 7:00 a. m., weather clear. The first loft to report was that of H. Stoney with Miss H. S. and Smokey city at 10:37 a. m., speed 1,182.96 yards per minute. Second John Tait with Aeneas at 10:41 a. m., speed 1,162.76 yards. Third, John Tait with James at 10:42 a. m., speed 1,157.68 yards. Fourth, H. Blair with Joe at 10:42 a. m., speed 1,152.82 yards. The following members also reported birds: Phillips at 10:47 a. m., Young at 11:08 a. m., Relck at 1:55, H. Stoney II at 10:45, J. Tait, 16 at 10:45, 49 out of 49 birds reported by 1:00 p. m. The next race will be next Sunday from Columbus, Ohio, distance 171 miles air line.

The Homestead district of the National Federation of American Homing Pigeon Fanciers held their third race of the young bird series from South Charleston, Ohio, the 200 mile station yesterday. The birds were liberated by W. R. Torrance, Adams Express Co.'s Agent, who telegraphed liberated 10:00 a. m., weather clear with light southwest wind. The first loft to report was A. K. Grigg of North Braddock, speed 1,016 yards per minute. The next to report was J. J. Sylvis of Wilkinsburg, speed 1,014.07 yards followed by J. M. Skiles of Pigeon hill, East End, speed, 979.34 yards. Next to report was R. Blankenbuehler of Elizabeth, Pa., speed, 972.54 yards followed by the loft of S. Stouppe, in his favorite position with a speed of 911.78 yards per minute. The Homestead district has accepted a challenge from the East End Homing Club to fly from Greenfield, Ind., 300 mile station, September 28th, for $25.00.

OBSERVED IN WILKINSBURG.

Anniversary of President McKinley's Death Caused Eulogies.

The anniversary of the death of President McKinley was appropriately observed in the various Wilkinsburg churches yesterday. There were many touching references to the life and deeds of this illustrious martyr.

The exercises were unusually impressive. Particularly was this true at the evening service at the Trinity Reformed church, when the Rev. Paul S. Leinbach, pastor, delivered a sermon from the subject, "Some Anniversary Lessons from a Great American."

Big Oil Deal Closing.

FINDLAY, O., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—A $100,000 oil deal will be closed in this city tomorrow, when D. Wannamaker will dispose of his holdings in the Eagle township field to the Adams-Sarber Oil Company. The Wannamaker leases cover 500 acres, on which there are 40 producing wells, having a daily capacity of 200 barrels.

BIKE RIDERS IN NEW STYLE RACE

DID NOT KNOW DISTANCE WERE RIDING.

Pistol Shot Announced Last Lap and There Was Some Great Sprinting and Fine Finish.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 14.—Over 6,000 persons witnessed the bicycle races at the Vallsburg track today. One of the contests was particularly interesting. It was called the unknown distance race and was for amateurs. It was an innovation, nothing like it having been tried before on either side of the Atlantic. When the riders mounted their wheels none of them knew whether the distance to be ridden would be a half mile or ten miles. The referee had several slips in his hat and after the race started he was to draw one out. The one he drew was marked four miles. The riders had been instructed that a pistol would be fired at the beginning of the last lap and this, accordingly, kept them close together throughout. When the pistol was fired Glasson was riding in third position and Hurley fourth and Glasson immediately sprinted and led down the back stretch by over a length. In the home stretch Hurley drew up to even terms and at the tape won out by about a half length. Glasson was second and Lindley third. Summaries.

One mile, handicap, amateur—Won by D. J. Quille, Bayonne, 80 yards; M. L. Hurley, New York A. C., scratch, second; Walter Haggarty, Bridgeport, 80 yards, third; Teddy Billington, New York A. C., scratch, fourth. Time, 2:01 2-5.

Half-mile, handicap, professional—Won by Walter Bardgett, Buffalo, 50 yards; J. H. Fisher, Chicago, 20 yards, second; Orlando Stevens, San Jose, 40 yards, third; Floyd Krebs, Newark, 25 yards, fourth. Time, :59 2-5.

No distance race, four-mile amateur—Won by M. L. Hurley, N. Y. A. C.; George Glasson, Bay View Wheelmen, second; J. F. Lindley, Bridgeport, third. Time, 9:03 4-5.

Five-mile, professional—Won by W. S. Fenn, Bristol; F. A. McFarland, San Jose, second; Thomas Butler, Cambridgeport, third. Time, 10:49 3-5. Lap prize winners—T. Butler, 4; Carney, 2; N. Butler, 2; Fisher, Cadwell, Schreibert, Hatfield, Beauchamp, Grady and Alexander, one each.

PASSED RESOLUTION.

Catholic Total Abstinence Union Praises Life and Works of McKinley—Arranging Convention.

Ninety Catholic laymen, called together by the Rev. John G. Beane, met at St. Paul's cathedral last night and discussed measures for raising the money required to properly entertain the national convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence union, which meets here next August. Some of those present are members of this organization and others are men interested in advancing temperance work. After a discussion in which Father Beane, F. A. Floyd, John J. Fitzmorris of Irvin, James L. Kennedy of Greensburg, John M. Tighe and R. C. O'Donnell took part, it was decided that $4,000 will be needed. The work of raising this was delegated to a committee of seven, to be appointed by Father Beane, who is president of the diocesan union. P. McSteen was elected treasurer, and as a beginning the gentlemen present subscribed $800.

John J. Maloney presented the following:

"We, the members of the Catholic Total Abstinence society in meeting assembled at the cathedral, do, in common with all good citizens, on this the anniversary of the death of our beloved president, William McKinley, mourn his early demise. In the past year we have realized the great loss his death has been to the nation and have more fully recognized his many good qualities as a statesman and Christian and one whose life and virtues are worthy of emulation by all mankind."

After a touching eulogy by Father Beane the minute was adopted unanimously by a rising vote.

Col. Richardson Injured.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 14.—Col. William F. Richardson, keeper of the state arsenal, dislocated his left shoulder this afternoon by being thrown out of a carriage while driving with his family.

GALL STONES

are softened, dissolved and expelled, and the condition which creates them is remedied by the genuine *Carlsbad Sprudel Salt.*

A diuretic in warm weather.

EVERY BOTTLE bears the signature of EISNER & MENDELSON CO., of New York. Beware of imitations.

M'MURRAY HELD FOR A JOB DONE BY DEAD BURGLAR

Kennedy, Killed at Wheeling, Was the One Who Robbed Fitzgibbon.

THIS FACT WAS KNOWN TO MANY

The $850 Stolen Was Left With a Well-Known Allegheny Woman and No One Interfered to Save McMurray.

The dead burglar, Frank, alias Ed Kennedy, who was shot and killed while robbing the Panhandle railroad station at Wheeling, W. Va., last week, was the man who robbed the saloon of Philip Fitzgibbon at No. 301 Penn avenue on July 20 of $850. Edward McMurray, who was arrested for the robbery and who was committed to the Allegheny county jail to await the action of the grand jury, is innocent. Detectives James W. Eagan and George Cole have been making an investigation of the case since Kennedy was killed and are now convinced that Kennedy was the man who committed the Penn avenue robbery.

In the meantime McMurray, still protesting his innocence, is confined in jail with no friends to whom he can appeal.

It is said that some of the police officials of Allegheny have known all the time that McMurray was innocent and that Kennedy was the man who robbed Fitzgibbon. Kennedy, after cracking open the desk in the saloon in which the money was temporarily placed, went across the river to Allegheny and left the bulk of his plunder with a well-known woman of that city.

McMurray Allowed to Languish.

It was generally known among the thieves and burglars who infest Allegheny that Kennedy did the "job." And it is fair to presume that the fraternity on this side of the river had the same knowledge. Yet all this time McMurray has been allowed to languish in jail, innocent though he was, simply because the officials who knew the facts in the case could see "nothing in it" for them.

McMurray, who boarded with Fitzgibbon, was seen in the hallway about the time the robbery took place. He was in his shirt sleeves and Mrs. Fitzgibbon testified at the hearing before Magistrate Bernard McKenna that it was about 3 o'clock when she saw him there. On this information and the fact that he had been acting in what was said to be a strange manner, he was committed to jail.

There was no money found on his person or in his room. Since his incarceration he has been absolutely penniless. He is without funds to secure an attorney. He is a carpenter by trade and when the robbery took place he had been drinking to some extent and had not worked for several days.

Robbery Done by a Professional.

The robbery was done in a regular professional style. Fitzgibbon and his bartender, Charles Conwell, had cleaned up the bar room on Sunday morning, finishing their work about 2:30 o'clock. It was their custom after cleaning up to go to a restaurant for lunch before retiring. For years Fitzgibbon had been placing the receipts of Saturday in his desk. He always locked the desk, which was a light structure.

It is a well-known fact that Kennedy was in the neighborhood of Third street and Penn avenue that morning. Fitzgibbon and Conwell left the saloon and were gone one hour. On their return they found that the side door had been opened and the door leading into the bar room bored. Immediately they had their suspicions and went to the desk. They found it broken and the money gone.

Circumstantial evidence pointed somewhat to McMurray. He denied all connection with the affair. Detectives Cole and Eagan made a visit to Allegheny some time ago, and after talking with a number of well-known safe blowers and powder men, were told that McMurray was the wrong man under arrest for the Penn avenue robbery. The detectives say that it will now be an easy matter for McMurray to prove his innocence in the affair.

The detectives say that "Paddy" McGraw, who was arrested in the fight in which Kennedy was killed, knows all about the Penn avenue robbery if he can only be induced to talk about it.

Women's Suits.

New Things From the East.

Some beautiful new tailor-made suits are arriving these days—

The very smartest products of the best tailors in the East—

You couldn't get anything better made to your order.

J. G. BENNETT & CO.
Wood and Fifth.

It's easy to haul a big load up a big hill if you grease the wagon wheels with
MICA Axle Grease
Get a box and learn why it's the best grease ever put on an axle. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

Bring the furs in this month to be renovated and made over. Fall styles are all in.

PAULSON BROS.
441 Wood St.

It's Worth While
Looking into the propositions the Provident Life and Trust Company make in the way of Life Insurance. Our premium rate is lower than any other first-class participating company.
The Provident Life & Trust Company,
GRAHAM C. WELLS, Gen'l Agt.
210 Lewis Bldg. Sixth and Smithfield

CAMPBELL'S
THE PEOPLE'S STORE

AUTUMN SALE OF LINENS

MONDAY MORNING we begin a special sale of Linens at prices that will crowd this department all week—and when we say Linens we mean **Linens**—genuine flax—imported from only the best manufacturers in Ireland, Scotland and Germany—good, heavy, closely woven goods that retain their beautiful finish even under the severest wear. Lovers of fine damask will find our patterns more artistic than ordinary and our qualities exceptionally good.

These goods have just been lately received—all clean and fresh—and marked considerably under price specially for this sale. We do not mention real values or former prices in this ad.—we prefer you to be the judge. We will say, however, that the prices quoted have never been so low with us—and that means never equaled in these cities. The assortments are varied and extensive, but, of course, early buyers secure the biggest bargains. The few items here mentioned hint of other values just as great.

linen toweling

One bale guaranteed all linen Crash Toweling, unbleached, at, yard 5c

100 pieces all linen Crash Toweling with red edge, at, yard 8½c

1,000 yards heavy Barnsley all linen Crash Toweling, at, yard 11c

20-inch all pure linen Huck Towels for fancy work, each 20c

Large size unbleached Turkish Towels at, each 5c

Large size white Turkish Towels—extra quality, at, each 10c

Still larger size bleached Turkish Towels at, each 15c

Extra large size and heavy Turkish Towels—sold always at 40c—sale price, each 19c

300 dozen Huckaback Towels, hemmed all ready for use, size 17x30 in.—a great bargain at 6¼c

All linen Absorbent Crash Towels at, each 11c
Dozen $1.20

Huck Towels, hemmed, extra size, at, each 15c
Dozen $1.60

Extra large size fine Damask Towels, double knotted fringe, plain white, and with colored borders, at, each 25c
Dozen $2.75

table linens

64 in. half-bleached Table Linens at, yard 39c

61 in. extra heavy half-bleached Table Linens in damask patterns, at, yard 50c

72 in. full bleached Table Linens at, yard 50c

68 in. double satin Damask, in handsome designs—clover leaf, spots, set figures, pansy, fleur de lis, lily of the valley, sunflower, tulip, daisy, etc.—the biggest value ever offered anywhere at, yard 89c

The above with 3-4 Napkins to match each pattern, at, doz. $2.25

table cloths

8-4 hemstitched Table Cloths at $1.59

10-4 hemstitched Table Cloths at $2.25

12-4 hemstitched Table Cloths at $3.00

14-4 hemstitched Table Cloths at $3.50

8-4 full bleached fringed Table Cloths at $1.25

10-4 full bleached fringed Table Cloths at $1.39

12-4 full bleached fringed Table Cloths at $3.00

THE ABOVE PRICES ARE THE LOWEST EVER QUOTED IN PITTSBURGH FOR SUCH QUALITIES.

pattern cloths

Full bleached Pattern Table Cloths, borders all around—brand new patterns—carefully selected—

10-4 Cloths at $1.75

A finer quality in a 10-4 Cloth at $2.00

Still finer quality in a 10-4 double satin damask Cloth—very special at $3.00

12-4 Cloths at $2.25

napkins

150 dozen 5-8 guaranteed all linen Napkins. Dozen 75c

200 dozen 5-8 all linen heavy bleached Napkins at, dozen $1.00

200 dozen 20½x20½ in. all linen Napkins at, dozen $1.25

250 dozen 3-4 all linen Napkins at, dozen $1.50

200 dozen 3-4 all linen double satin damask Napkins at, dozen $2.00

100 dozen 3-4 Napkins, finer grade, at, dozen $2.25

100 dozen 3-4 Napkins—still finer quality—at, dozen $2.50

William Campbell, 327-333 Fifth Avenue.

Special Opening

Men's Shoes Three-Fifty

The remodeling of the store is completed. Men's department has been removed to the handsomely fitted up basement.

The new line of $3.50 shoes that we have been a year in perfecting is here, ready for your inspection and endorsement.

They're Verner Shoes in every sense of the word — better shoes than you've ever bought before for so little money. They wouldn't be here if they weren't right in every particular.

Higher priced lines are not neglected—Stocks are fuller and better than ever.

Women's $3.50 Shoes
Second Floor

C. A. VERNER
Fifth and Market

Supplies for School

Everything necessary to help the student along the road to knowledge.

Books and supplies of all kinds for private schools, colleges and academies.

J. R. WELDIN & CO.
429-431 Wood St.

EDUCATIONAL. EDUCATIONAL.

Iron City College Evening Sessions.

Duff's College

In these booming times of Commercial enterprise and prosperity a BUSINESS EDUCATION for young men and women is the demand of the hour. Exceptional facilities for training and for placing students. Circulars on application at the College office.
LIBERTY AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.
EVENING SESSIONS.

PARK INSTITUTE,
Allegheny, Pa.
ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.
Graduates in our College Preparatory are successful in many of the best colleges and universities in the country. Each member of the faculty is a college graduate and has been trained especially for the work required. For those who do not wish to prepare for college special courses are arranged and thorough work is assured. Individual attention is given to backward students and to those needing it for any reason.
The location of the school, facing the Allegheny park, makes it easy of access for pupils and insures a light and healthy place of study. For further information address
C. R. COFFIN, A. M., Principal.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.
PITTSBURGH ACADEMY.
Full literary and business courses. Prepares for any college, for teaching or for business. Literary training, natural science, mechanical and architectural drawing, modern languages, elocution and art, shorthand and typewriting, military training. Twenty-two able and experienced teachers. Call or send for hand book. Office open daily. Fall term will open September 9. J. WARREN LYTLE, President.
Diamond and Rose sts.

THE CHATHAM SCHOOL,
(Braun's Auditorium, South Highland ave.) will open its fall term for primary and kindergarten classes September 24. Applications for admission received at school any morning after September 16.

PERUNA CURES CATARRH OF STOMACH, BOWELS, KIDNEYS AND FEMALE ORGANS.

The man who procrastinates will be sorry he didn't start a savings account while his health was good and work plenty.

4 per cent interest compounded twice a year at this bank on all savings accounts. $1 will start you.

PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK
PITTSBURGH, PA.

A Man Can Dress Well

On very modest means if he has Dickson, the Tailor, attend to the cleaning, pressing and repairing.

420 Wood St.

Preserves

—fruits, jellies, pickles or catsup are more easily, more quickly, more healthfully sealed with Refined Paraffine Wax than by any other method. Items of other uses will be found in

Refined Paraffine Wax

in every household. It is clean, tasteless and odorless—air, water and acid proof. Get a pound cake of it with a list of its many uses from your druggist or grocer. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

THE NATION'S MARTYR OF A YEAR AGO HONORED IN PITTSBURGH YESTERDAY

PAID HOMAGE TO THE MEMORY OF NATION'S MARTYR

Anniversary of William McKinley's Death Was Generally Observed.

EULOGIES ON HIS LIFE AND CHARACTER

At the East End Presbyterian Church, the Rev. Alfred Nicholson Drew Lessons from His Great Career.

Yesterday the first anniversary of the death of William McKinley, president of the United States, who fell a victim to the bullet of an assassin, was generally observed throughout the two cities and surrounding towns. In every church there was some reference to the sad event of a year ago, either in the sermon or some other part of the service, according to the suggestion of Recorder J. O. Brown.

In many of the churches special sermons were preached, eulogizing the martyred president's life and career and drawing lessons from his noble character and the beauty of his family and religious life. He was held up to the congregations as the model American citizen.

In some churches, however, there was little more than a reference to the sad occurrence in the sermon itself, and the observance of the day was confined to the singing of "Lead, Kindly Light," and other favorite hymns of McKinley, and a touching remembrance of his great services and home character in the prayer.

Paid Silent Homage.

That the people of this vicinity are still sensitive of the great loss to the country was evinced in a thousand ways yesterday. There was an air of unwonted quiet everywhere, as though the population were paying silent homage to the memory of the martyr of Canton.

At the East End Presbyterian church, the Rev. Alfred Nicholson, pastor, paid a glowing tribute to the life and deeds of the martyred president, taking as his text Proverbs 10:vii, "The memory of the just is blessed." He said in part:

"One year ago William McKinley, in the discharge of his duties as president of the United States, died from the mortal wound of an assassin. Tonight his remains rest in the tomb overlooking the quiet homes of his native town of Canton; but his spirit, gathering strength and beauty, hovers over a nation assembling in holy places to honor his memory and inculcate the lessons of his life.

"The home, the flag and the cross are the three great symbols of our national life. So far as we have been faithful to their ideals are we a pure, a compact and a pre-eminent people. Let us endeavor to gauge the excellence and worth of the life of this man, by the extent to which he realized the ideals of these symbols.

Beauty of Home Life.

"I want to say that I believe that William McKinley realized the ideal of the home so grandly that we might call him the 'patron saint' of domestic virtue and felicity.' Can true Americanism show anywhere more splendidly and potently than in the cultivation of the domestic virtues. All that America is today she is because she was rocked in the cradle of Pilgrim and Puritan homes.

"The American home—what a name to conjure by—how great is the family it shelters, how fabulous are its fortunes and incalculable its future. From it issues forth every morning, as the world has never before witnessed, a people that is already the paragon of all nations.

"From the doors of that home I see swarming forth to the public schools innumerable children. I see their happy faces, their bright eyes, their supple motions. I hear their merry voices and I see these children are the heirs of creation.

"William McKinley has shown us what an ideal American home is. His private virtues gave luster to his public services. It rebuked marital infidelity and scowled upon the activity of the divorce courts.

An Ideal Patriot.

"I want to say that I believe that William McKinley realized the ideal of the patriot. Politics are not the refuge of the scoundrel, but the coin of vantage of the patriot. It was as an opportunity of serving the highest interests of his country and the world that he filled his exalted station.

"No star was ever dimmed in the American flag while he held the rudder of the ship of state. He unfurled it over lands where cruelty, ignorance and oppression had become inveterate by age and prestige. These all withered away under the magic of its colors and freedom, knowledge and activity began everywhere to abound. Wherever the flag floated, whether on the high seas or from foreign embassies, the representatives of all nations looked at it and knew that the government of the United States stood for honor, courage, amity and humanity among the nations while William McKinley was in the white house.

"The home stands for a few, the flag for the nation, but the cross for the world. It was from the cross that McKinley drew the inspiration of his life. Joining the church at the early age of 14, he was ever faithful to its ordinances and always obedient to her heavenly precepts. Washington, Lincoln and McKinley were thrown by providence upon cardinal points in American history.

Three Great Americans.

"Their political opportunities had given them the choice of destiny for eternal infamy or deathless renown.

"Having been found of heaven faithful to those opportunities, they have spread the sheen of their exalted personalities over the epochal points of our history. Especially of McKinley may we say that the gentleness of Jesus had made him great. That greatness today rebukes corruption in political life, and pleads for rectitude and honor in public men.

"The last scene in the life of this great and good man comported well with the Christian example that he set in the fullness of his life and power. He passed into the unseen world as only one, enjoying the sense of forgiveness and the certainty of immortality, could do. His life had demonstrated that a Christian life can be a successful life. He had shown us that a Christian's death is a triumphant death. May his life commend the cross to all that love their home and native land."

Farewell to Old Church.

The congregation of the Welsh Presbyterian church yesterday held the farewell services in the old church building on Second avenue. The services were of a special nature and many of the congregation were much affected at the abandonment of their old church home. The affair partook of the nature of a reunion, many members from out of town being present.

FOUR PROMINENT DIVINES WHOSE UTTERANCES YESTERDAY WERE OF PARTICULAR INTEREST AND MOMENT ALONG TWO LINES

REV. DR. JOHN H. PRUGH.
Who Told of McKinley on Antietam's Battlefield.

REV. J. H. CRAIG.
Who Told of the Greatness Shown by McKinley on His Death Bed.

BISHOP FITZGERALD.
Who Says the Methodist Church Needs More Exhorters.

REV. DR. W. B. SLUTZ,
Who Says the Mission of Methodists Is to Make Christianity a Knowable Quantity.

EXHORTERS ARE IN GREAT NEED IN METHODISM

Bishop Fitzgerald Says Exhortation Is Almost a Lost Art.

DEACONS AND ELDERS WERE ORDAINED

Interesting Service in Connection with Holding of the German Conference Held at the Smithfield Church Yesterday.

"The greatest need in the Methodist church today is exhortation," said the Rt. Rev. Bishop J. N. Fitzgerald of St. Louis yesterday at the Smithfield Street Methodist Episcopal church in his charge to the deacons and elders who were being ordained.

The occasion was one in connection with the meetings of the German Methodist Episcopal conference which have been held in this city the past week.

Continuing Bishop Fitzgerald said: "Exhortation is almost a lost art in the church, and the old custom should be revived both in pulpit and pastoral work; but particularly in the latter. Ministers must learn to exhort, both from the pulpit and in their pastoral work. It is very easy to get up in the pulpit, but it is a difficult thing to go to a man who has erred and draw him to one side to tell him of his wrong-doing, and aid him with counsel to return to the fold. That is one of the things we need most in our ministers."

Those Who Were Ordained.

"I must also urge upon you the necessity of always being prepared for your church work. Do not go to prayer meeting and then have to rush through the scriptures to find a passage to read. Have all that in your mind when you go and be prepared to give a short, appropriate talk. Speak on something you have thought about and prayed over. Talk from your heart. Do not give utterance to many words, meaning nothing, but let your hearers feel that you have studied and worked to prepare your sermon."

F. W. Magdanz of Auburn, Ind., and Joseph Laney of Monroeville, O., were ordained as deacons. Harry A. Soveringham of Bedford, Ind., and Theophil Hey of Cockville, Mich., were ordained as elders. The bishop was assisted in the ordination ceremony by the Rev. John H. Horst, the Rev. Henry Pullman, the Rev. J. Kern, the Rev. J. W. Huber and the Rev. L. Allinger. The first four are presiding elders of various conferences. C. G. Fritsche, Jr., secretary of the conference, took a prominent part in the service.

Bishop Fitzgerald in his opening remarks commented upon the fact that there had not been a death in the conference in the past year, and for that reason there would not be a memorial service held, as is customary at the time of ordinations. He said:

Work of the Ministry.

"Many ministers die each year, and unless we kept ordaining men the supply of ministers would slowly decrease until we would have no more. When men enter the ministry they give up all thought of accumulating worldly goods, and forego all hope of piling up large amounts of money. Each man who enters the ministry must be ready to go to the uttermost parts of the earth in answer to the call of God. He must forsake home and country, willingly, at any time, in the service of the church."

The service in the old Smithfield Street church was of unusual interest to the members of the German conference, owing to the fact that it was in that church, 65 years ago, that the first German congregation was organized by the Rev. Dr. Nast. The congregation held services in the church for some time after its organization until a church home of its own was secured.

The work of the conference is expected to be finished by noon today, when the appointments to charges will be given out.

PRESBYTERY WILL MEET.

Westmoreland Body of United Presbyterian Church to Gather in Wilmerding on Tuesday.

The semi-annual meeting of the Westmoreland presbytery of the United Presbyterian church, will be held in the Wilmerding church on Tuesday. The session will open at 11 o'clock. There are about 35 congregations in the presbytery, and there will be about 60 delegates, together with elders.

The moderator of the presbytery is Elder R. B. Vincent of McKeesport. The morning and afternoon sessions will be given up almost entirely to business.

The evening session will be addressed by Miss Lillian McConnell of Turtle Creek, daughter of the Rev. Dr. William T. McConnell of the Turtle Creek United Presbyterian church, who will go to the Punjab district, India, as a foreign missionary, next month. The Rev. Dr. Alexander Gilchrist of Allegheny, secretary of the home mission board, will make an address on "Home Missions."

KNEW M'KINLEY AND PRAISED HIM

THE REV. W. J. RUSSELL SPEAKS OF THE MARTYR.

Was Pastor in Columbus While McKinley Was Governor and Knew Him Personally.

At the East End Christian church yesterday morning much of the service was devoted to a memorial of the martyred president, William McKinley. The Rev. W. J. Russell, the pastor, said in part:

"I knew Mr. McKinley well. While I was pastor of the Central Christian church at Columbus, O., he was governor of the state. J. L. Hampton, his private secretary, was an elder in my congregation, and I was frequently in the office with the two. When Mr. McKinley retired as governor I had the great honor of being chaplain on that auspicious occasion, and offering the prayer at the inauguration of Mr. Bushnell, his successor.

"When Mr. McKinley was chosen to occupy the highest place in the gift of the American people no one rejoiced more than I. He was worthy of this exalted trust. He was a manly man. He had that splendid thing called character, that magnificent poise, that habitual and exclusive devotion to high duty that put everything under his feet for the purpose of truth and constancy.

"When there was added to this an absolute purity of aim, a total abnegation of self in every particular there is given a figure that constitutes the chief heritage of the country, the vitality and force of which are assured, so long as we shall retain a living appreciation of exalted character.

"While we shall ever remember the beloved McKinley for his sterling character, for his patriotism and service to our country, we shall always cherish his name for the tenderness of his care for the woman he loved. His wedded life was one of no common brightness and sunshine. In his acts of devotion he taught that it is the honor of all knightly men

To love one maiden only, cleave to her,
And worship her by years of noble deeds.

"I recall today, on the 33d anniversary of his death, the great calamity that came to our country when this modern knight was stricken down by the hand of an assassin. His name for all time will be classed among the great men who have made our nation, and who still stand as eternal sentinels, guarding the liberties of the nation, and the principles of the nation, and the faith of the nation. And on the great national days of our country, that stand out as pedestals, upon which may be read the names of America's heroes, no name will be more prominent than that of our martyred president, William McKinley, whose life has been registered

In the rolls of heaven, where it will live
A theme for angels when they celebrate
The high-souled virtues which forgetful earth
Hath witnessed.

WAS THE GREATEST AT POINT OF DEATH

The Rev. Dr. J. H. Craig Tells of Beautiful Things in McKinley's Life.

The Rev. Dr. J. H. Craig of the Bellevue Christian church held memorial service yesterday morning. He choose for his text II. Sam. 3:38. "Know ye not that there is a prince and a great man fallen this day in Israel." Dr. Craig said in part:

"We are too near the scenes of the life of William McKinley to speak of him as a statesman, a leader of men or as the exponent of a new policy, yet to be weighed in the balance of a wider and deeper experience. Therefore we will confine ourselves to the thought of William McKinley as a Christian and as an example to all our people of how a great man can be good.

"'Kind hearts are more than coronets and simple faith than Norman blood.' Such an one was our martyred president. His personal and public purity and honesty are secure. This is best exemplified in his shining domestic virtues within the sacred portals of the home circle. We find the eternal greatness of this man, that which has enshrined him forever in the memory of the American people, was his tender domestic affection.

"Mrs. McKinley was his constant care. The twain lived together, the one for the other and both for God. He was the giant oak, she the clinging vine. His own principal of protection for a great people made him also the guardian angel of his own hearthstone.

"Hurt President McKinley was greatest and best in the shadow of death. With death slowly but surely stilling the life forces, with weeping and sorrowing friends around him, we see again the quality of his soul as he exclaims "It is God's will, may His will not ours be done."

TO ENTERTAIN WORKERS.

St. Paul's Orphan Asylum Host to Picnic Aides.

As an expression of their gratitude to the workers who helped make the St. Paul's orphan picnic at Calhoun park such a success, the sisters in charge of the Orphan asylum at Jalewood will tender them an entertainment at the institution.

All those who aided in the work have been invited, and the women workers have been asked to invite the men of their parishes. About 500 persons will probably attend the entertainment, which will consist of exercises by the children, to be followed by a progressive euchre and dance. The orphan asylum netted over $15,000 from the picnic.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

LESSON DRAWN FROM THE DEATH OF M'KINLEY

Dangers of Anarchy Were Pointed Out by the Rev. C. F. Wishart.

THE MARTYR'S LOVE FOR WIFE PRAISED

"The Christian School That Made McKinley, and the Christless School That Slew Him," Are Brought Into Sharp Contrast.

At the Eleventh United Presbyterian church, Allegheny, yesterday the pastor, the Rev. C. F. Wishart, observed the anniversary of McKinley's death by preaching from the subject: "The Christian School That Made McKinley and the Christless School That Slew Him," taking as his text Psalms cxliv:12.

He drew a telling parallel between the characters of the martyred president, with his pure, happy, Christian life, and his slayer, atheistic, benumbed with superstition and filled with the murderous spirit of anarchy. He said in part:

"It has seemed fitting not only to our public officials but also to the Christian sense of our people, that some recognition should be made of the sad event, of which this day marks the first anniversary, and which has embalmed the life of our late president in the loving memory of his fellow-citizens.

"Fortunately both the extremes of adulation and of criticism have passed away. The closest admirers of our dead president no longer claim for him an equal place with Washington and Lincoln, while the most violent of his critics have conceded to him a character containing many rare qualities of beauty and power.

"The calm levels of history are slowly adjusting the facts of his career to their proper place—a conservative executive and in many respects a strong one; yet one whose public brilliance and success was far outshone by his singularly winsome personality as a man in his own home and among his friends. Amiable, kindly, loyal to his friends, his home and his wife, his pure, wholesome private life has lifted before the world an exceedingly helpful picture of the typical American gentleman.

"Nothing in his life became him like the leaving of it. Over against the 'deep damnation of his taking off,' he showed a dignity in suffering that revealed the real man as a true child of the king, and has impressed an indelible lesson of Christianity's power on the public conscience. The accolade of sudden tragic death has knighted him forever, and his honored place in our history has been made secure.

"Let us never forget that William McKinley, in those qualities for which he will be longest remembered, was a fine example of the result of Christian training. On the other hand, the wretch who slew him was an atheist and an anarchist the very embodiment of those forces which are today making the attack upon the Bible in our public schools, and upon religion and morality in the training of the young.

"On this day of prayer of schools it is well that we should ask ourselves whether McKinley or his slayer represent for us the desirable types of men with which our schools should fill up the ranks of our citizenship. The destinies of the future will depend upon America's answer to that question."

ELOQUENT TRIBUTE BY DR. S. EDWARD YOUNG

Audience at Memorial Services in West Park Heard Words That Thrilled.

At the McKinley memorial services in West park, Allegheny, yesterday evening the Rev. S. Edward Young of the Second Presbyterian church used the text, Proverbs 10:6. "The memory of the just is blessed." He said: "Blessed for all America's boys is the picture of William McKinley by the old tavern in Ohio in 1861, whilst the republic calls for defenders coming forward, a mere stripling and signing his name amongst the volunteers who shall save the union.

"Blessed is the remembrance of McKinley rising by sterling worth, refusing at Chicago in 1888 the nomination for the presidency because honor bound him to support another, and again in 1892 quelling a stampede toward his column. He was the most magnanimous man that ever lived. See him the first president to heal the long, deep rent between the north and south.

"Blessed for the church of God is the remembrance of that forgiving victim whose first words asking mercy for his murderer, whose devotion to his Savior all the years, whose white life bore no black mark, no breath of scandal, whose latest whisper was 'God's will be done not ours,' and whose last prayer was 'Nearer, My God to Thee.'

"In this park, where we gathered by thousands one year ago next Friday with bared heads and tear-dimmed eyes to witness his funeral train passing through, shall we not this hour take his patriotism to be our patriotism, his clean life to be our life, his faithfulness in the home to be our faithfulness, and his to be our God?"

TOLD OF MISSION OF METHODISM

DR. SLUTZ EXPLAINS JOHN WESLEY'S SUCCESS.

He Demonstrated to Masses In England That Christianity Was "Knowable" Religion.

In the Lincoln Avenue Methodist Episcopal church yesterday morning the Rev. Dr. W. B. Slutz preached on "Methodism's Peculiar Mission," his text being, "For our gospel came not unto you in word only, but also in power, and in the Holy Ghost, and in much assurance; as ye know what manner of men we were among you for your sake."

"This scripture describes the way the gospel came to England," said Dr. Slutz, "in the eighteenth century. The condition of society, when Methodism was born, was similar to that of the first century. It was necessary at the beginning of the Christian era for God to use peculiar methods, to have the teachers of Christ apprehend the purpose and mission of Christ's humiliation, death and resurrection.

"After John Wesley's conversion, he began to preach the gospel with peculiar power under the leadings of the Holy Ghost. Because he was irregular and unconventional in the presentation of his message, the churches were closed against him. He immediately began preaching in the fields near great factories, and in many congested centers, where the common people were found, anxious to hear the unique minister.

People Listened Gladly.

"Richard Henry Green says that the common people heard him gladly, and from 15,000 to 20,000 would crowd about him, trying to catch his earnest word. He recognized the special need of the people, first of all, was to learn of Christ's power to save, and that this gospel was to all men.

"The average English parson seemed to believe that Christ favored the few instead of the many. Again he believed that he must declare that Christianity was an experimental or knowable religion. The people were thoroughly disgusted with religion as a profession, and Mr. Wesley urged them to recognize that Christianity was not only a faith, but was also a life. He often recited his own experience, when he felt his own heart "strangely warmed," and taught that every man might have a similar experience.

"Then it was peculiarly the mission of Methodism to demonstrate these two great truths. Christianity is not to be proven by argument, but by demonstration.

Must Be Demonstrated.

"When the blind man's sight was restored he was to show himself to the priests. When the Gadarine man was restored to his normal rational condition, Jesus told him to go home to his friends and tell them the great things that were done for him.

"Peter said to the Jerusalem priests that the lame man was restored to soundness in the presence of you all, thereby demonstrating the supernatural work of Christ. So it is in the transformation of every human character. Wesley and his coadjutors made much of this doctrine of the gospel. When a well-known skeptic finds peace and favor with God, by way of repentance and faith, and renounces his infidelity, he helps to demonstrate the power of the gospel in its mighty work of transformation.

"Then again Methodism's peculiar mission is to present the imminency and power of the Holy Ghost over the individual life that surrenders to him. God does not save a man from his sins and then forsake him. This is probably the way a man would do in his rescue work.

Wesley's Way of Teaching.

"'A strong hand kindly holds my own, since I have found my Saviour.' This teaching was urged by Mr. Wesley and his lay preachers, that men in their daily toil might recognize the presence of God with them.

"The factory and the coal mine were the daily scenes of marked conversions, and when these men of God were sometimes mobbed and frequently severely wounded they were calm and trustful, believing that God was with them. The spirit of Methodism then should be the spirit of Methodism today. That the gospel is for all men, and that it is a gospel of power. The declaration that Christianity is a knowable religion needs special emphasis just now. There is no remedy for the ills of humanity, away from Christ and the flowing fountain from Calvary. The church must ever remember that each soul in it must demonstrate by its life the transforming and keeping power of the gospel of the Son of God."

TALK ON WHIPPING POST.

One of the Features of Sunday With National Prison Congress.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 14.—The program today of the National Prison association, in annual convention here, consisted principally of religious exercises. In the morning most of the members of the association attended services at Holy Trinity Protestant Episcopal church, where the Rev. Floyd W. Tompkins, D. D., preached the annual sermon. The afternoon was spent at Glen Mills, a few miles from this city, where the House of Refuge for Boys is located.

A public meeting was held tonight at Grace Baptist church, which was presided over by Judge G. Harry Davis of this city. Among the adresses made was one by the pastor of the church, Russel H. Conwell, D. D., on "The Whipping Post."

Tuesdays Sept. 16th, 23rd and 30th.

The Pennsylvania railroad will sell, each Tuesday during September, 10-day excursion tickets, Pittsburgh to Niagara Falls and return, at rate of $7.45; and to Toronto and return, at rate of $8.45.

Trains leave Union station at 9 a. m. and 10:45 p. m., eastern standard time. Pullman service on both trains.

MARTYR'S DEATH GLORIFIED LIFE OF PRESIDENT

The Rev. Dr. John H. Prugh Talks on "McKinley at Antietam."

DEVOTION TO HIS DUTY ALWAYS FIRST

The Boy McKinley Fed Men of His Regiment While They Were In Battle—The Beauty of His Faith As He Lay Dying.

Possibly the most elaborate observation of the anniversary of the death of President McKinley took place in Grace Reformed church. The chancel was festooned with the anniversary altar hangings, intermingled with the "Stars and Stripes." There was a special song service with Harry Brocket as soloist. The favorite hymns of the martyred president were sung.

The Rev. Dr. John H. Prugh, pastor of Grace church, took as his theme "McKinley At Antietam." He said in part:

"It is eminently proper that on this, the anniversary of his death, Christian America should pay him a beautiful tribute. The restudy of his life and the contemplation of his noble character cannot but serve to make us better Americans and better Christians.

"A vision of McKinley on his first visit to Antietam will always serve as an inspiration to the American boy, who has had given him to perform hard but humble tasks. And to see McKinley at Antietam the second time makes us justly proud of the United States of America, where such glorious privileges are before the faithful, conscientious, hard-working American lad.

The Boy McKinley.

"When McKinley was at Antietam the first time it was on September 17, 1862, when was fought there the bloodiest one-day's battle of all the civil war. He was then barely 18, a comparatively unknown boy in the commissary department, whose duty it was to see that the men of his regiment were fed.

"When he was at Antietam the second time it was on the occasion of the dedication of Maryland's beautiful monument, erected to the memory of her brave sons, who, on both sides, fell that day in battle and then McKinley was the most beloved of all our presidents.

"A number of things conspired to make the boy McKinley what he was at Antietam in '62. First were his noble, hard-working Christian father and sweet, devoted Christian mother. They taught him the fear of God and the value of work, and at home he had to learn, of necessity, the lesson of economy. But besides the beautiful home influences were also those of the Christian teachers in the schools he attended.

The School Influences.

"We are glad to recall that part of his early education was received in a Western Pennsylvania school, and it is a joy thought, too, that he spent one winter as a country school teacher. Our school teachers—God bless them! Next to our Christian homes, the school teachers of our land have been the mightiest factor in making ours the greatest nation under heaven.

"Under these inspirations he early made profession of his faith in God. And when on the field of battle, in the legislative halls at Washington, when governor of Ohio, and when president of these United States, but most of all when he lay a-dying, he showed himself to be a man who feared God and loved Him.

"It is interesting to watch McKinley at Antietam in '62, with his regiment, the Twenty-third Ohio. He won fame that day, but not by leading his regiment in one of the fierce charges at 'the Brunside Bridge,' or at 'Bloody Lane,' for he was not a commissioned officer, but a mere commissary sergeant, but he wore the shoulder straps after that.

A Dangerous Errand.

"His place was with the commissary stores, two miles back from the firing line, but his heart was with the tired, hungry, thirsty men at the front and when the booming of the guns was at its height he pressed the shulkers and stragglers into service, preparing hot coffee and food and loading it into an army wagon.

"Down through the ranks he drove that wagon, with shot and shell screeching and whistling about him, and as he went along the firing line with that coffee and warm food for those fighting men, who had not had anything that morning, he was cheered and cheered again.

"McKinley could have remained in safety at the rear and dreamed of the day when he would be a leader in the charge, but instead he remembered his duty, which was just men to feed the men and he did it just as he always did. At Antietam, in his county courts, in congress, as governor, in the White House, he was always faithful and conscientious in performing every duty.

"And so, when he stood a second time at Antietam, with the bitterness of war all gone, beloved in the south as well as in the north, the nation rightly felt that he had come to his crowning.

Lessons in His Death.

"A year ago it seemed a great pity that he must die, but a year has taught us to understand the matter somewhat better. It seems a pity, too, that Jesus of Nazareth should have died. They should have crowned instead of crucified him. But what progress in goodness mankind has made since then!

"Although in Europe and Asia there still prevails the idea that the people exist for their king, here we know that our president exists for the people. He is their chief servant. And we wonder whether it is not because of the way he served us in dying, even more than in living, that we now so lovingly remember him. He was a loving, grateful son, a devoted husband and brother, the friend of both workingman and manufacturer, of the oppressed Cuban and down-trodden Filipino, but when at death he said, "It is the will of God—His will not ours be done" he lifted the whole nation into an attitude of prayer. Tears filled the eyes of the people as his life passed out. Yet they joined with him in singing "Nearer, My God to Thee."

"And in that singing the people, as never before, felt their oneness and their nearness to God. It was beautiful, beautiful. And we shall always love McKinley for it and hold him in fond memory."

GLOBE TROTTERS HALTED.

Three Young Men Who Started from New York to Do Wonders Have Had Enough.

Alexander A. Salzer, a sign painter; Matthew Lang, an actor and sleight-of-hand performer, and Alexander Coneley, three young men from New York, were arrested yesterday morning at 3:15 o'clock by Policeman Murray Johnston on Liberty avenue, near Pearl street. They had just arrived on a freight train which they left at Laurel avenue. They told the officer they had started to make a trip around the world, but they were glad enough to take advantage of anything that would interrupt this journey and return them to New York, as they were already sick of the jaunt. They were sent to No. 5 police station and locked up as suspicious persons.

Saturday morning Superintendent of Police John McAleese received a letter from Mrs. Eugene Spencer of No. 306 East Twelfth street, New York, asking the police to intercept these same young men. She also asked that her brother, Alexander Coneley be detained until she could send him a ticket to take him back to New York.

Her letter contained a newspaper account of the young men's departure from New York as globe trotters to make their fortunes together during the next five years. They were bound by an agreement to stand together and continue traveling throughout the world until they became rich or the five years had elapsed. They left New York on September 9, each wearing a silken American flag about his neck and a medal containing identification data. Magistrate Samuel F. Kerr, at the hearing he held yesterday morning, sent the men to jail for 10 days, and the New York people will be communicated with.

AT TRACTION PARKS.

Cool Weather Did Not Affect Attendance Greatly.

While yesterday's weather was a trifle cool the crowds at Kennywood, Calhoun, Oakwood and Southern parks showed little decrease in the Sunday attendance at the trolley breathing spots. Good concerts afternoon and evening were given at each place. Guenther's Greater Pittsburgh band, just back from a long engagement at Atlantic City, appeared at Kennywood for the first time this season. The afternoon program opened with "His Excellency" march, dedicated to President Roosevelt by Mr. Guenther, who composed it.

Another new band at the traction parks was the Grand Army band at Calhoun for the first time this year. The band was assisted by the Colonial Four, which sang some popular vocal numbers.

Rocereto's Concert band, R. McCann and F. Gragory, soloists, and Mlle. Zeno, who made a balloon ascension, were the attractions at Southern park.

Down at Oakwood park the Second Brigade band and the Harris trio of vocalists pleased large crowds afternoon and evening.

In sudden cases of Croup, and other alarming affections of the Throat and Lungs, Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant is invaluable. It often proves an elixir of life when death seems very near.

IN THE OIL FIELDS

The discovery of new pools in the Lower Southwest fields during the past three months has had a stimulating effect on operations of an experimental nature in at least three counties in the "Little Mountain" state. The work of this character is scattered over a large area, looking to a more thorough testing of territory partly condemned in the past. Opinions have changed somewhat in the past few years as to how much territory a dry hole condemns. Formerly operators would lease a large block of territory and drill one or more test wells and if they proved dusters, surrender their leases. Then some time later another operator would come along, take up the same territory, drill a test well, get a producer and possibly open a new pool.

Operations in the Lower Southwest during the week just closed failed to reveal any new pools, but there was enough of a sensational nature in the Keener sand pools now under development in Ritchie county, W. Va., to keep up interest. Two new producers of the gusher variety were added to the list, giving the Big Knot Run development an even dozen of that kind and sending the production up to 4,000 barrels a day, the highest point reached since the pool was opened. The producing area was somewhat enlarged, but has not by any means covered a large area. It has been the rule in developing this territory to stick close to the initial production.

Test wells, important as to location and having an important bearing on the probable enlargement of the producing district, are now drilling and their completion will be watched with the greatest of interest. The bulk of the production at the present time is pretty evenly divided between the Three Joes Oil Company, operating on the Elroy Wagner farm, and Mallory Bros. & Co., operating on the John Frost land farm. The Mallory company has a production of about 1,100 barrels a day and the last named a little less.

On Wolf Pen Run.

For regularity in production, Smith, Wilson & Co.'s well on the Dora Arnett farm, Wolf Pen run, in the same district, but located in a separate and distinct Keener sand pool, some miles to the southwest of the one on Big Knot run, is the best in the county. The production of this well the past week averaged very close to 400 barrels a day. It is located almost a mile from the pool proper, which accounts for its good staying qualities. It will be interesting to note the effect on its production when the two new drilling in that vicinity reach the producing formation. In the other part of the development two fairly good producers were drilled into the sand during the week.

The Three Joes Oil Company's No. 5 on the Wagner farm last Thursday morning broke loose and increased its production to 75 barrels an hour. The owners say it was not drilled in fully and that the gas pressure was sufficiently strong to cause the well to drill itself in, hence the increase in production.

The sand development on the South Fork of Hughes river failed to complete any new wells during the week. This territory was looked upon with a good deal of favor a few weeks ago, but the last three wells drilled in proved to be dusters and as a result those holding leases have lost faith and are not starting much new work.

Gordon Sand Territory.

On Grass run, Harrison county, one good producer and two dusters was the record for the past week in a most promising Gordon sand pool. The VanWormer & Perks well on the G. W. Williams farm is still holding up at better than 200 barrels a day. This district shows a large amount of new work starting and will be active for some months to come.

Only a few wells were completed in the Polsom district in Marion and Wetzel counties during the week. The South Penn Oil Company drilled in its No. 5 on the W. N. Cunningham farm and got a good well, and its No. 2 on the P. H. Gump farm was also a good producer. On the W. N. Cunningham farm the Southern Oil Company & Greenlee were not so fortunate on their second test. The production of this pool is not increasing, but the new wells coming in hold the production up to a given point. In all there are about a dozen wells still in the 100-barrel a day list.

In Fallen Timber run, the Philadelphia Company and J. C. Trees & Co. have a fine producer in the Big Injun find on the Z. T. Mathers farm, but it has not been shot or drilled any deeper since it was drilled in more than a week ago, and is still holding up at 275 barrels a day. Those familiar with this territory think this the most important strike of the year. It is expected to open a streak of Big Injun sand territory, paralleling the old Smithfield district.

In Southeastern Ohio Territory.

There was nothing of a sensational nature about the developments on the Ohio side during the past week. In the Harper district, west of Jerusalem, Monroe county, Wilson & Co. drilled in a test on the Mann farm that showed for a 5-barrel pumper. The location is about 1,500 feet southwest of the old development and opens up a few locations in that direction. At the present time there is no hopes of extending the Harper territory in any other direction. The entire pool is encircled with dry holes. The Unity Oil Company has a few locations inside of defined limits that will be drilled as soon as completed.

In the shallow sand territory north of Marietta, some good wells are coming in and the old producers show excellent staying qualities for shallow wells.

In the vicinity of Rinards Mills there is some activity but the wells completed during the week were an ordinary lot of producers and not a few of the number noted failures.

North of the old Smiths Ferry field in Beaver county, Pa., there is a little new work starting on the strength of a couple of new wells drilled in within the past two weeks. Neither is good for more than 10 barrels a day.

The Oil Market.

OIL CITY, Pa., Sept. 13.—Credit balances, $1.22; certificates, no bid. Shipments, 108,476 barrels; average, 96,021 barrels. Runs, 94,125 barrels; average, 86,029 barrels.

The Standard Oil Company's price for credit balances was unchanged yesterday at $1.22. The Producers and Refiners also paid $1.22.

When the leaves begin to fall
Summer fashions have to crawl—

With your leave we'll give a few fall fashion points. Coats have a longer, narrower roll, more open—vests the same—more display for scarfs—length, fullness and shoulders of coat just right for common sense and common comfort—Trousers cut to become the legs and not to become laughing stocks—Shirts still negligee but some noisy—tan with brig lines or white ground with colo stripes—and plain blues—nothing blue about the st They're lively, as suits the "G Times."

You can see them all displa in our windows, or, better s come in and look them over.

JACKSONS
954 and 956 LIBERTY ST.

THIS REMEDY is sure to GIVE Satisfaction.

Ely's Cream Balm Gives Relief at once.

It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c., at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size 10c by mail.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

CATARRH
ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLD CATARRH HAYFEVER HEADACHE
HAY FEVER
ELY BROS. NEW YORK

BECAUSE
Default in Payment
has been made for more than 60 days after making demand, notice is hereby given that beginning on September 22nd, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., and continuing from day to day until all is sold, there will be exposed at

PUBLIC SALE
at Warehouse No. 4, United Storage Co. River ave., between Sixth and Seventh sts., bridges, Allegheny, Pa.:

A large quantity of Household Goods, Furniture, Sewing Machines, Carpets, Wares, Merchandise, Machinery and Store Fixtures. Also Barrels, Boxes and Crates, containing valuable Personal Property deposited for Storage in the names of the persons below stated, which are held United Storage Co. for payment of Storage Charges, advanced Freight, and other charges connected therewith.

LAST ADDRESS. NAMES. AMOUNT DUE AUG. 1, 1902.

August Brown, Avalon, Pa.	$ 21 00
T. F. Dupuis, 179 Illinois st., Chicago, Ill.	19 50
Miss M. Gleason, cor. Anderson and Lacock sts., Allegheny, Pa.	76 00
George Hoerr, 15 Park way, W., Allegheny, Pa.	26 85
John G. McKane, 2251 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.	74 00
Peters & Suter, care C. M. Suter, Sutersville, Pa.	80 25
Mrs. Jennie A. Patterson, 200 Ohio st., W., Allegheny, Pa.	31 50
James Pinkerton, 602 Tenth ave., New York City	8 75
W. Ramsey, 209 Ninth st., Pittsburgh, Pa.	19 00
P. Ready, Leetonia, O.	186 00
George W. Williams, Williamstown, W. Va.	57 30
Mrs. William McCourt, Greensburg, Pa.	28 20
R. T. Rodney, 129 Ohio st., Allegheny, Pa.	2 01
Star Enameling and Stamping Co., 1107 Washington ave., Allegheny, Pa.	6 33
Murray Bros., 20 East Lacock st., Allegheny, Pa.	1 75
Dyer & Co., 110 East Ohio st., Allegheny, Pa.	21 33
Thos. Carlin's Sons Co., 1000 River ave., Allegheny, Pa.	2 12
W. H. Graham, 1304 Sherman ave., Allegheny, Pa.	9 50
Eagle Paint and Varnish Co., 223 Grant ave., Allegheny, Pa.	2 25
Dowse P. Burns, Downieville, Pa.	2 00
Freight Agent P. & W. R. R. Co., Allegheny, Pa.	128 87

LAST ADDRESS UNKNOWN.
NAMES—AMOUNT DUE AUG. 1, 1902.

Mr. Arzberger	$ 19 55
C. C. Aughenbaugh	86 25
James P. Bland	12 75
Mrs. Kate Crowley	15 00
Joseph Cooper	27 00
William Davis	31 00
Miss M. Dunlap	15 25
T. P. Hale	15 50
Ed. Hoover	50 00
Mrs. W. H. Howard	6 50
Mrs. Martha Hopkins	27 25
John Herr	19 50
Katharine Kelly	78 00
Thomas Lee	39 00
Mrs. Annie Mahoney	19 50
Andrew Moser	32 65
John L. McClosky	8 40
H. M. Rogers	6 00
Mrs. I. A. Stark	57 00
E. E. Herr	50 25
L. D. Schoonmaker	19 00
William Van Vorhees	19 00
Frank Wilde	19 85
Mrs. Charles Young	133 00
A. G. Dunham	2 25
James Bains	2 00
T. Hemphill	3 22
E. M. K

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BUTLER ST., 3410—W. F. Sharp.
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BUTLER ST., 8202—Henry A. Spilker.
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CENTER AVE., COR. KIRKPATRICK ST.—The Bell Pharmacy.
CENTER AVE., COR. NEVILLE ST.—Shadyside Grocery Company.
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FIFTH AVE., 2220—McKee & Berlin.
FIFTH AVE., 3705—Chris's Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 3705—Central Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 1430—Thumm Bros., Stationers.
FORBES ST., 2705—John M. Honman.
FRANKLIN AVE., COR. 23D—Charles.
FORTY-THIRD ST., COR. BUTLER—R. M. Totten.
FORTY-FOURTH ST., COR. BUTLER—A. W. Covert.
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FRANKSTOWN AVE., 129—E. G. Suffal.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., 234, COR. PARK—O. F. Freebing.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., 6050—Theo. T. Hill.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., 1906, COR. OAKWOOD—McKee & Berlin.
FULTON ST., COR. WYLIE—Wm. Shuchmann.
FULTON ST., 108—F. J. Kellenberger.
HAMILTON AVE., COR. HOMEWOOD—J. R. McCreary.
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LENN AVE., 3400—G. W. Ten Druggist.
LENN AVE., 6060, COR. HIGHLAND—East End Drug Company.
LNN AVE., COR. FRANKSTOWN—Schilling Bros. Company.
NSON ST., COR. FIFTH AVE.—Chas. L. Young.
ND ST., 5448, Glenwood—S. E. Flucka.
MPLE ST., COR. WARD—W. S. Beach.
HIRTY-THIRD ST., 637—McNally's Pharmacy.
WENTY-EIGHTH ST., COR. PENN AVE.—P. C. Schilling Company.
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YLIE AVE., COR. KIRKPATRICK ST.—James Stelting.
YLIE AVE., 2228—J. Bueckert.
YLIE AVE., 2450, COR. JUNILLA ST.—E. H. Melvin.
YLIE AVE., 1402—E. K. Thumm.

ALLEGHENY.

LLEGHENY AVE., 1200, COR. CABINET ST.—Allegheny Avenue Pharmacy.
LLEGHENY AVE., COR. REBECCA ST.—J. Spang.
EAVER AVE., 902—Hundy & Eaton.
EAVER AVE., COR. FRANKLIN ST.—John Brittain.
EAVER AVE., COR. NIXON ST.—Wm. Shop.
RANCH ST., COR. LOWRY—T. J. McGee.
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EDERAL ST., 210—James A. McClelland.
EDERAL ST., 208—W. A. Steele.
EDERAL ST., COR. MONTGOMERY AVE.—B. P. Welsch.
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OCUST ST., COR. FULTON—J. P. Urban & Son.
OWRY ST., COR. BRANCH—T. J. McGee.
ANHATTAN ST., COR. JUNIATA—James A. Fassett.
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HIO ST., COR. JAMES—Crescent Pharmacy.
HIO ST., COR. UNION AVE.—Wm. Ziegenhein.
ERRYSVILLE AVE., 2111—W. L. Sutter, Ph. G.
ERRYSVILLE AVE., 3000—Thomas Cooper.
EBECCA ST., 630, COR. SCHOOL ST.—Rebecca Street Pharmacy.
EBECCA ST., COR. ALLEGHENY AVE.—J. A. Spang.
OBINSON ST., COR. 30S—D. W. Nobbs.
HOOL ST., COR. REBECCA—Rebecca St. Pharmacy.
AGGART ST., COR. BRIGHTON PLACE—D. A. Vanasdale.
TON AVE., COR. OHIO ST.—Wm. Ziegenhein.
ASHINGTON AVE., 81—Alex. D. Black & Son.
ASHINGTON AVE., COR. FREMONT—C. H. Kelly.
ASHINGTON ST., COR. MANHATTAN—Chas. M. Kelly.
STERN AVE., COR. GRANT ST.—Henry W. Hecker.
ODS RUN AVE., COR. MCLURE—Will J. Morris.

SOUTH SIDE.

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ITHFIELD AND CARSON STS.—John F. Murphy.
TH ST., COR. CARSON—Chambers' Pharmacy.
ELFTH ST., 52, OPP. MARKET HOUSE—Beck & Pharmacy.
ARSON ST., COR. S. TENTH—Chambers' Pharmacy.
ARSON ST., 2131—B. J. Stenger.
ARSON ST., 2428—F. L. Urban.
EVENTEENTH ST., COR. SARAH—Zoeller's Drug Store.
ARAH ST., COR. S. NINETEENTH—Zoeller's Drug Store.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, Main Office, 347-349 Fifth Ave.

WANTED.

Miscellaneous.

ORDERLY desires private case of nursing, surgical, medical or mental; extensive practical hospital experience. Address F 86, The Gazette.

WANTED—To buy or lease brick yard or land for same near Pittsburgh. Address Wolf Fire Brick Co., P. O. Box 504 Pittsburgh, Pa.

CONTRACTORS to bid on laying 200 perch of stone. Reliable Employment, 503 Wylie ave., Yoder building.

FOR RENT.

East End Residences.

FOR RENT.
Desirably located.
Houses with modern conveniences, all sizes and prices.
Send card for list and map of East End, free.
S. H. LLOYD, 6016 Penn ave., E. E., Pittsburgh.

SEND US YOUR NAME and your address and we'll send you our up-to-date list of properties for rent and for sale.
PRUDENTIAL TRUST CO.
Penn and Centre aves., E. E.

FOR RENT—One or two fine furnished rooms with private family; reference required. 7239 Hermitage st., Belmar Homewood.

SEND for our rent list. DAVIES & COMPANY, Wood and Penn, Wilkinsburg.

Apartments.

FOR RENT—Montana and Idaho apartments; Penn ave., near Negley; 6 rooms and bath each; steam heat, hot water, screens and shades for this entire apartment; hardwood floors throughout; $40 and $50. S. H. Lloyd, No. 6016 Penn ave., E. E., Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—St. Clair and Callowhill sts., near Highland park and four miles; new apartments of 4 and 5 rooms and bath each; steam heat and electric light furnished free; possession October 1; $40 and $45. S. H. Lloyd, No. 6016 Penn ave., E. E., Pittsburgh.

Rooms.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, all conveniences; moderate rent. Address P 4, The Gazette.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms, with board. 1127 South ave., Wilkinsburg.

Offices.

For Rent—Office.

Good office in Chronicle Telegraph Building. All modern conveniences. Apply at Business Office, Chronicle Telegraph, 247 Fifth ave.

Desk Room.

FOR RENT—Desk room in finest location in the city; use of desk, phones, etc. Address H 57, The Gazette.

Store Rooms.

ONE-HALF store; elegant location. Apply 638 Penn ave.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

BELLEVUE.
$4,800—7-roomed frame, nearly new. Three blocks from car line.
$5,800—7-roomed frame; Forest ave.; good location.
Choice building sites in any part of borough.
AVALON.
$4,800—7-roomed frame house. New. A bargain to quick buyer.
FOR RENT—Storeroom, elegant opening for gents' furnishing line.
FLATS—Four rooms and bath; complete and modern.
BELLEVUE REALTY SAVINGS & TRUST CO.,
440 Lincoln ave.

Choice Bellevue Homes in HALLETT PLACE.
HALLET PLACE.
Corner Fremont, Thomas and Lincoln aves. The best residence spot in the boro.
You can't afford to miss seeing our fine selection of homes. Solid brick, of best design and size, modern and up-to-date in detail, and reasonable in price.
Call at 100 Hallett Place, or 440 Fourth ave.

SHADYSIDE RESIDENCE.
Ellsworth ave., near Bidwell st.; in very best portion of Shadyside. Fifth ave. and Morewood districts; 10-room center hall house, with all conveniences; lot 100x200 feet; price $50,000.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—In WILKINSBURG, 12 rooms, brick, reception hall, bath, hot air furnace, cemented cellar, stationary tubs, newly papered; all modern conveniences; large lot; fine location; close to station; at a bargain.
W. P. SHROYER & CO.,
911 Wood st.
'Phone 221-1, Wilkinsburg, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Bellevue, an elegant brick house, 11 rooms, finely appointed in every particular; large lot; shade trees; select neighborhood; two entire square blocks; an ideal home; splendid opening for doctor. Address R 32, The Gazette.

$4,750 TO QUICK PURCHASER.
In Wilkinsburg. Couldn't be built for that money now; a solid brick home, modern and complete in every detail; nice street and steam cars. Inquire R 31, The Gazette.

FOR SALE—A bargain; 8-room frame house, opposite Carnegie library, West End; asphalt paved street; lot 27x90; rent $20 per month; act quick.
J. M. WANNER, 608 Times Bldg.

East End Residences.

THERE IS NO PLACE LIKE A HOME IN BELMAR.

Charmingly located in choice East End district (Twenty-first ward); 25 minutes' ride from postoffice on either Frankstown or Hamilton ave. cars or P. R. R. (40 trains daily); close to one of the best public schoolhouses on property; asphalted streets, granolithic sidewalks and most scientific sewerage, besides all city improvements.

$3,200 to $7,000,

10 per cent down and remainder in monthly payments will buy a fine house in this gardenspot, an embodiment of architectural beauty and all modern conveniences. Two residences have 8-ft. porches, front and rear, tiled vestibules and bathrooms, large pantries, cemented cellars, laundry, electric lights and bells, combination chandeliers, open plumbing, both gases, hot and cold water and heaters. Are papered throughout and ready for occupancy. To reach BELMAR take P. R. R. to Homewood, Frankstown or Hamilton ave. cars to Sterrett street. Call or send for booklet describing property.

THE BEECHWOOD IMP. COMPANY, LIMITED, Agents.
Offices: Times bldg. on property.

FOR SALE—EAST END.
The most delightful spot in East End, Lothrop st., near Negley; beautiful view and free from smoke; 9 rooms, reception hall and bath. Price low and easy terms. Open all day, 12 minutes to city and car every minute. Owner, 609 Times Building.

FOR SALE—A property in the East End, 3 minutes from East Liberty station, with a net income of 9 per cent; equity $10,000. Will sacrifice if sold at once, owner must leave city on account of ill health. Address O. K., Station A.

Allegheny Residences.

FOR SALE—
Cheapest six-roomed pressed brick house in Second ward, Allegheny; on paved sixty-foot street; only $2,275; small cash payment down, balance long time; like rent.
W. L. SCOTT COMPANY,
300 Federal st.,
Allegheny.

Real Estate—Special.

FOR SALE—A storeroom, stock merchandise and fixtures of a retail and wholesale stationery store and printing office presses; stock complete.
ALSO
A large country seat dwelling in suburbs of town; 10 city rooms; fountain of water; tenant dwelling and stabling; will be sold on time or in exchange for farming land.
Address N. U. WALKER, Wellsville, O.

LIST YOUR PROPERTIES
For rent or for sale with us and be assured of prompt and liberal treatment.
PRUDENTIAL TRUST CO.,
Penn and Centre aves., E. E.

Lands and Acreage.

FOR SALE—Seven acres, part in orchard, with 2-story frame dwelling of 6 rooms; situate on new county road, within 30 minutes of city and near electric line; this property offered at the low price of $8,000 to effect a quick sale. See agent.
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE AND TRUST CO.,
327 Fourth ave.

40,000 ACRES of virgin timber land, heavily timbered with yellow poplar, birch, cherry, black walnut, all kinds of oak, locust and other valuable woods. Address Alfred S. Emerson, Murphy, N. C.

$3,000 will buy 170 acres fine trucking land, 11 miles from Baltimore, Md.; at R. R. station; high and rolling. Globe Real Estate Co., 472 Fourth ave.

Farms.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Small farm, 31 acres, near Clifton Station, on Ft. Wayne road. Address P 38, The Gazette.

WANTED.

Agents.

WE would be pleased to have good, lively men desiring healthy and remunerative employment to call and/or write us for terms; we especially desire those living in towns within radius of 100 miles of Pittsburgh. The Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Co., 209 Third ave., city.

AGENTS—Three men of good address to work from our wagons, city and surrounding towns, $18 money for the next four months. C. F. Adams Co., 418 Third ave.

Male Help.

ACTIVE young man (from country preferred) as salesman; experience not necessary; expenses guaranteed.
STAR, 120 Sixth st.

AT ONCE, bookkeeper and stenographer; office assistant, shipping clerk.
STAR, 120 Sixth st.

ARCHITECTURAL, also structural draughtsman, furniture salesman, assistant shipping clerk.
STAR, 120 Sixth st.

BOOKKEEPER, also assistant stenographer, collector, grocery clerk.
STAR, 120 Sixth st.

CABINET makers, store porter, lunch counter man.
STAR, 120 Sixth st.

CUTTER—First-class meat cutter and salesman. Call at 245 Mathilda st., city, between the hours of 8 a. m. and 3 p. m. Monday.

DRYGOODS clerk, stenographer, office assistant and stenographer, store room clerk for hotel.
STAR, 120 Sixth st.

LABORERS—Wheel scraper men, $2 per day; wheel scraper drivers, $1.75 per day; teams, $4.50 per day; carpenters, $3 per day. Long job, good work and boarding. Apply at once at water works, Washington, Pa. M. E. McDonough, Supt.

MEN wanted for the United States navy; machinists, coal passers, firemen, electricians, shipwrights, seamen, ordinary seamen, landsmen, apprentices and mess attendants; must be American born citizens, or have made legal declaration of intention to become citizens. Only men of good character and physique need apply. For information apply in person or by letter to Naval Recruiting Station, postoffice building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MEN wanted for the United States navy; machinists, boilermakers and molders, having coal passers, firemen, electricians, shipwrights, seamen, ordinary seamen, landsmen, apprentices and mess attendants; must be American born citizens, or have made legal declaration of intention to become citizens. Only men of good character and physique need apply. For information apply in person or by letter to Naval Recruiting Station, postoffice building, Pittsburgh, Pa. M. E. McDonough, Supt.

MACHINISTS, boilermakers and molders, having coal passer experience; none but first-class mechanics need apply. Call room 17, B. & O. passenger station, after 9 a. m. Tuesdays and Thursdays.

MACHINIST, blacksmith, also helpers, toolmaker, machine blacksmith, carpenters, at once.
STAR, 120 Sixth st.

MAN—Intelligent young, as proofreader; state experience. Address P 5, The Gazette.

MATTRESS maker, laundry driver, hospital orderly, porter, janitor.
STAR, 120 Sixth st.

MESSENGER—Messenger boy, night service, 532 Fifth ave., room 4.

ONE HUNDRED bricklayers, non-union (winter's work); inside, 37½c; outside, 40c; helpers' hands, lathe hands, 22½c; stokers, fireman at once; boilermakers, blacksmiths, helpers, coremakers, rigger, brass furnaceman, laborers, foreman for dirt and rock cuts, blacksmith, carpenters, non-union, riveters, buckersup, farm hands, molders, bakers' helper, candy maker, cullmen, glass packers, pickmakers, painters, orderly, carriage woodworker, patcher, blacksmith, drill runners, helpers. Reliable Employment, 503 Wylie ave., Yoder building.

STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
King of them all.
Oldest, largest and best. Men of every class (American and foreign) seek employment, from bookkeepers to porters and mechanics.
120 Sixth st.

SALESMAN with an established trade, to sell shoes in Eastern Ohio. Address Monroe Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.

STEADY employment for experienced men for blister and roofing floor work. Apply H. K. Porter Co., Forty-ninth st., Pittsburgh.

TAILOR to work on bushelling. Call early, 311 Diamond st., second floor.

YOUNG man, bright, energetic, as stenographer and general office man; must have experience and come well recommended. Tube F. J. Kress Box Co., 2020 Liberty ave.

YOUNG man assistant bookkeeper and bill clerk; state age, experience and salary expected. Address P 41, The Gazette.

Female Help.

100 GIRLS to work in packing and icing department; good wages to experienced help. Apply at office, Ward-Mackey Co., 3212 Liberty ave., city.

CHECKER—Experienced checker. Apply at once, Bruce Bros., Wilkinsburg, Pa.

GIRL—Good white girl for general housework; good wages. No. 2844 Wylie ave.

GIRL for small family, $2.50 and good home. Address Box 122, Clairton, Pa.

ONE HUNDRED generals, 125 nurses, 50 chambermaids, 100 cooks, housegirls, housekeepers, restaurant and hotel help; best wages. Reliable Employment, 503 Wylie ave., Yoder building.

SEVERAL first-class experienced saleslades for women's underwear and infants' wear departments; steady positions at best wages. Apply at Supt's Office, first floor, Kaufmann's.

STENOGRAPHERS—We secure positions. Consolidated Typewriter Exchange, 339 Fifth ave.

Male and Female Help.

MALE and female help supplied. Walker's, 610 Duquesne way. Both telephones. No. 399.

Situations—Male.

COACHMAN—A young colored man wishes a place as coachman, butler or all around man about the house. John Powell, 4612 Bayard st.

IF YOU WANT A STENOGRAPHER
Call us. Bell 'phone 145 Grant.
Consolidated Typewriter Exchange,
339 Fifth ave.

Real Estate.

WANT to buy a good 6-room brick house in Allegheny; must have conveniences, be very cheap and so I can have possession not later than October 1. Address P 35, The Gazette.

SIX-ROOM house or flat near a good private ladies' school, nice neighborhood and healthy; moderate. Address P 100, The Gazette.

Pupils.

STEM-VOWEL SHORTHAND; send for beginner's book free. Pittsburgh School of Shorthand, Sixth and Liberty sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

BERLITZ SCHOOL—The fashionable place to study French conversation. Send for booklet.

Financial.

HUNT up your old stocks, deeds and other documents. Highest spot cash rates paid for anything of apparent value. Address P. O. Box 470, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

ROOFS.
The American Roof and Paint Co.,
Frick Building.
Repair roofs of all kinds of
Public and private buildings
under a guarantee.
Public and private buildings
Painted inside and out.
Carrara Paint is the best in the world.
Send for "How to Paint a House Cheap."

FOR SALE.

For Sale or Exchange.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Five level unencumbered lots in Eleventh ward, Allegheny. Box 678, Pittsburgh.

Business Opportunities.

BUSINESS of all kinds sold; partners secured for established business, stock companies organized and industrial enterprises financed; all business strictly confidential. CAVANAGH & CO., removed to 236 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Tin and sheet iron roofing and furnace business of the late W. H. Heon, Beaver Falls, Pa., established 26 years; good location; cheap. Will sell less than invoice. C. M. Hoon, Administrator, Beaver Falls.

MILK ROUTE—200 gal. per day; 12 shippers; established 15 years; 2 milk routes; 2 horses, 3 wagons; depots furnished complete. Legnard, 506 Fourth ave. 'Phones 2029 Main, 3509 Court. Must be sold at once.

FOR SALE—Old established ice business, having exclusive trade of the town; large goods, exceptionally good opportunity for investor. Address J. E. Knepschield, Leechburg, Pa.

WE CAN sell your business; city and country. THE JAMES MURTHA CO., 31, 339 Fifth ave.

IF you want to buy or sell any kind of business, see CAVANAGH CO., 431 Fourth ave.

BUSINESS CHANCES—Send for list. Estep & Co., 326 Fourth ave.

Investments.

THE attention of a practical printer, publisher or active man inclined to that line and with from $1,000 to $5,000 to invest, is called to the opportunity of connecting himself with a Pittsburgh corporation occupying a field that gives promise for great profit and an extensive business. Address Publisher, Printer, The Gazette.

GUARANTEED quarterly and semi-annual cash dividend stocks and bonds. T. F. Bachman & Co. bankers and brokers. Members New York, Philadelphia and Chicago stock exchanges. 411 Wood st. W. J. Black, member Pittsburgh stock exchange.

Machinery.

FOR SALE—At the Leader refinery, Taylorstown, Washington county, Pa., a number of wooden tanks from 100 to 1,000 barrels capacity; steam pumps and air pumps or blowers of different sizes; also a number of frame and iron-clad buildings, which include stone or brick foundations.

Address Mr. J. Ablett, Atlantic Refining Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., or apply on the premises.

We also have for sale at Pittsburgh a pair of good tubular boilers of about 80 horse-power each; also a number of steam hand pumps of different sizes, and several small iron tanks holding from 30 to 75 barrels.

Apply Mr. G. H. Weaver, Supt., The Atlantic Refining Co., Fifty-seventh and Butler sts., Pittsburgh.

1—45-ton iron jib crane.
2—10-ton hydraulic jib cranes.
1—9-ton wood jib crane.
1—3-ton Howe platform scale.
1—58"x12" grind stone.
3—Portable forges.
6—24" Prentice drill presses.
1—10-ton Harrington chain hoist.
1—600-lb. Bradley & Gaynor sledge hammer.
1—3-ton Morgan steam hammer.
1—Buhl punch, capacity ½" hole.
5—Allison punches, capacity ¾" hole.

WICKES BROTHERS.
Office, 808 Frick building.
Both 'Phones.
Warehouse and Office 45th st. and A. V. R. R.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 3 to 125 H. P., stationary and portable, upright boilers and engines; large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers, and large lot of miscellaneous machinery; second-hand rubber, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.
JOHN S. YOUNG,
108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT.
Direct connection, or belted to Nash gas engines. Force & Briggs, Fourth and Liberty aves.

N. C. DAVISON,
Gas and Steam Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Compressors, 308 Frick Bldg.

Horses and Vehicles.

HORSE—High-knee action, at Highland stable, Redmond st., near Highland.

Sewing Machines.

BIG bargains in shop-worn and good second-hand sewing machines. Singer Manufacturing Sewing Machine Co., 121 Sixth st., Pittsburgh; next to Bijou theater.

Miscellaneous.

CONTRACTOR'S OUTFIT.

One 26-ton traction shovel, 1¼ yd. dipper.
Thirty side dump cars, 1¼ yd. capacity, 2-foot gauge.
Two embankment grooved rollers.
One 15 horse power boiler.
One 25-ton hydraulic jack.
Lot of cart harness.

All in good condition, will be sold cheap if taken quick.

Address: J. N. HUGHES,
Care Kromer House,
Scottdale, Pa.

FOR SALE—Two Duffs' Patent Gas Producers and two very large gas valves; can be seen at our shop on Penn ave., Sharpsburg; will be sold at a bargain if taken before we remove them. See Wm. McCully & Co., 73 Conestoga bldg. Telephone 377 Court.

THE PITTSBURGH AUCTION CO., LTD., 618-620-622 Wylie ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., sales-room sales Mondays and Thursdays of each week at 10 a. m.; consignments solicited; buy and sell everything second-hand; call and see us.

FOR SALE—Twentieth century punching bag, latest invention; no cumbersome platform. Infloral bag Co., Cost st., good as new, make offer. Address R 72, Chronicle Telegraph.

BUILDING STONE, second-hand, in good condition; cheap to quick buyer. The Kelly & Jones Co., 315 First ave.

FOR SALE—National cash register cheap if sold at once. Legnard, 506 Fourth ave.

DIVIDENDS.

Bessemer & Lake Erie Railroad Company.
DIVIDEND—Pursuant to authority conferred by the board of directors the undersigned will pay by check, October 1, 1902, a semi-annual dividend of ONE and ONE-HALF (1½) PER CENT to the holders of the common stock of the Pittsburgh, Bessemer & Lake Erie Railroad Company, as of record September 15, 1902.
G. W. KEPLER, Treasurer.

United States Steel Corporation.

The interest on series D bonds, due October 1, will be paid at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co. Registration books close Sept. 20 and reopen October 2, 1902.
RICHARD TRIMBLE, Treasurer.
New York, September 15, 1902.

FOUND.

FOUND—
THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.,
522 Sixth st.
Always has on hand a good lot of second-hand and shop-worn machines which they are selling cheap. All machines are guaranteed for five years. Call at once and you will get a bargain.

FOUND—Upholstering, repairing, refinishing of furniture by the Guarantee Upholstering Company, 1522 Beaver ave.; both 'phones; estimates furnished.

FOUND—Reliable watch repairing. Cash paid for old gold. Christ Hauch, 541 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

LOST.

LOST—In Cecil alley, between Liberty st. and Penn ave., Friday afternoon, a black chatelaine bag, containing gold watch, with initials M. A. M.; small silver purse, containing small amount of money; also small black locket; suitable reward paid on return to J. C. Grogan Co., corner Market and 5th ave.

LOST—Small pocketbook containing $40, corner of Forty-eighth and Butler sts., at about 5 o'clock p. m. Sunday; $10 reward if returned to Forty-eighth st. Allegheny Valley roundhouse. Martin F. Lowery.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Edwin Shanks and Charles A. Wise, for the drilling business, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.
EDWIN SHANKS.
CHARLES A. WISE.
Pittsburgh, Pa., September 13, 1902.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Mrs. le Scurd masseuse, chiropodist, manicure, baths, medicinal reference. Office Herron bldg., 826 Federal, Allegheny; use elevator, stairway to second floor; do not take elevator.

PERSONAL—Magnetic treatment. Elsie Mills, 800 Penn ave., second floor.

ACCOUNTANTS.

CONFUSED accounts analyzed and accurately adjusted. Books audited, opened and closed. 'Phone or address Wm. W. Edgar, certified public accountant, 614 Fifth ave. 'Phone Bell Court 2417, P. & A., Main 1349.

MONEY TO LOAN.

SALARY LOANS. FURNITURE LOANS. $10 to $100.
SALARY LOANS UPON YOUR NOTES.
No Mortgage. No Indorser. No Publicity.
WHY?
Why mortgage your household furniture when you can borrow on your note?
Your Friends, Relatives or Employer need not know that you borrowed.
Furniture Loans Without Removing Goods. You use unmolested goods and money.
Every $1 paid off loan reduces cost.
WE ARE PLAIN PEOPLE DOING BUSINESS In an honest, plain old-fashioned way.
That simply must please YOU.
Our offices are private, easily found.
Call today for a private interview.
IN OUR PRIVATE OFFICE.
Inquiries kept strictly confidential.
WHETHER YOU BORROW OR NOT,
Bring this ad. with you and no charge will be made for papers.

RELIABLE CREDIT CO., 701 Smithfield st., Cor. Third avenue. Opposite Postoffice. Room 17, Marine Nat. Bk. Bldg., Fifth Floor.

Good Money for You.

We call it "good" money because it does not cost you much to borrow it. Don't be frightened at the size of the loan—we charge you only 6 per cent, so you can afford to come to us for any amount. Six per cent is the lowest rate charged in Allegheny county. We loan on diamonds and security any article of value you may bring us—such as a watch, a diamond, jewelry, clothing, furs, etc. Don't hesitate—come any time. The money is ready for you—no delay.

Six Per Cent
Market Street Loan Office,
214 Market Street,
Near Third Avenue.
CAPITAL $250,000.00.

Jos. DeRoy & Sons,

OLD RELIABLE LOAN OFFICE.
Directly opposite postoffice.
Loan money on less security than were ever heard of in Western Pennsylvania. No other firm can do business at our low rate, we being the acknowledged leaders in our line for over 45 years. We are still at the same old stand, doing the LARGEST LOAN BUSINESS, though we display no pawnbroker's signs. Everything confidential at
307 SMITHFIELD ST.

HAVE YOU MONEY?
IF NOT, WHY NOT?

SALARY LOANS AND FURNITURE LOANS.
Your Credit Is Good for Money at the
PITTSBURGH CREDIT CO.,
336 Fourth ave., Room 501 Times Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums to suit on household furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; also on good collateral security; easy payments; confidential.
J. Q. H. SMITH, 413 Fourth ave.

MONEY LOANED.
Salaried people holding permanent positions; reasonable rates; strictly confidential.
O'Donnell & Co., room 414, 947 Fourth ave.

Mortgage Loans.

LOW RATE LOANS.

4 and 4½ per cent money for first-class residence and business loans, centrally located. We are prepared to advance money on building operations also low rates.
MORTGAGE BANKING COMPANY,
219 Fourth ave.

WE are prepared to advance money on building transactions in installments as the building progresses; bring plans or sketch of building.
MORTGAGE BANKING COMPANY,
219 Fourth ave.
Successors to Lawton Mortgage Company.

MONEY to loan at 5 and 6 per cent interest, with privilege of paying in installments or on 2 or 3 years' time straight. Prompt attention and courteous service.
MORTGAGE BANKING COMPANY,
219 Fourth ave., Pittsburgh.

MORTGAGES WANTED.
$500 to $100,000.
W. F. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
911 Wood st.
'Phone 221-1, Wilkinsburg, Pa.

MONEY to loan on mortgages from $100 up; lowest rates; bring deed.
CAVANAGH & CO., 236 Fourth ave.

MONEY to loan on mortgages.
W. F. WEITENHAUSER, 717 Ohio st., Alle.

MEETINGS.

At a special meeting of the Council of Sewickley Borough held on September 12, 1902, called for the purpose of taking suitable action relative to the death of their late president, at which said meeting there were present: R. F. Brown, Robert McFadden, Hubert Shaw, Chas. Chaplin, Frank W. Straw, W. Dwight Bell, burgess; J. A. Knox, secretary, and Charles A. Woods, borough solicitor, upon motion of Mr. R. R. Brown, seconded by Mr. Robert McFarland, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Charles Finley Nevin was born in Sewickley May 16, 1848, and died in Sewickley September 3, 1902, after a protracted illness of some months. Following in the footsteps of his father the late Theodore H. Nevin, when urged by his fellow citizens to accept office, believing that he could serve them faithfully consented, and generously gave his valuable time and services to promote their welfare, often at great sacrifice of his own personal convenience and private business interests.

He was a member of the Council of Sewickley Borough many times, during the years 1876, 1877, 1878, 1882, 1883, 1890, 1891, 1892 and beginning March 1, 1896, continuously to the date of his death, having been re-elected in February, 1902, for another term of three years, and since March, 1896 he has been president of council, and filled holding that position.

His advice, counsel and services were much valued and sought after by all, and he held many positions of trust and honor in various social, business and religious organizations and institutions, both in Sewickley and Pittsburgh.

The talent and value of his services to our borough, in promoting its welfare, and advancing the numerous municipal improvements during the many years he was a councilman, have resulted in making Sewickley one of the most enviable suburbs and places of residence in Western Pennsylvania, can hardly be estimated or appreciated, except by his fellow members of council, who only are in a position to know how much labor and time he so willingly bestowed.

By his unexpected taking away in the prime of his manhood, all the citizens of Sewickley Borough have lost a most honorable citizen, a beloved official, and his fellow members of council have especially suffered the loss of a warm personal friend, whose genial nature, loyal disposition and wise counsels, shared by them many years, have greatly endeared him to each of them; wherefore, be it

Resolved, That the Burgess and Council attend in a body the funeral of said deceased, and send a suitable floral emblem.

Resolved, That this action be spread at length on the minutes of council, and that it be published in the Sewickley Valley and Pittsburgh papers, and further, that a copy suitably engrossed, be sent to the bereaved family, signed by the Burgess, the Vice President of Council, attested by the secretary, under the corporate seal of the Borough.

Attest: J. A. KNOX, DWIGHT BELL, Burgess.
Secretary of Council.
JAMES C. CHAPLIN,
Vice President of Council.
(Borough Seal)

LEGAL NOTICES.

ED. G. HARRIE, Attorney-at-Law, St. Nicholas bldg. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the governor of Pennsylvania on the 3d day of October, 1902, by William A. Heusel, T. B. Atterbury, Jr., and Harry F. Heusel, under the act of assembly entitled, "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for a charter for an intended corporation to be called United States Lumber Company of Pittsburgh, Pa., the character and object of which is the manufacturing, dealing in and shipping of rough and dressed lumber, planing mill work and builders' supplies in Allegheny county, and for these purposes to have, enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and the supplements thereto. Ed. G. Harrie, Solicitor for Applicants.

NOTICE—Application will be made to the governor of Pennsylvania on the 1st day of October, 1902, by Edmond McDougall, Damas D. Miller, Augustus Rowland, Edmond McDougall, Harvey H. Smith and others, under the act of assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for a charter for an intended corporation to be called the Duquesne Supply Company. Said corporation is one of the second class provided for by said act of assembly, and its object is the buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kind or kinds of goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale and retail. Shiras & Dickey, Solicitors for Applicants.

LEON J. LONG, Attorney-at-Law, 400 Grant street. Notice is hereby given that an application was filed in this office on September 13, 1902, for the transfer of the retail liquor license of Thomas McNally, Nos. 585 and 587 Preble avenue, Ninth ward, Allegheny, Pa., to Henry Graf, and that the same will be heard in the court of quarter sessions of Allegheny county on Thursday, September 25, 1902, at 9 o'clock a. m., or as soon thereafter as may be convenient to the court. George W. Miller, Clerk of Courts.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

M'SWE

Pirates Made Many Misplays---American Race Close

PIRATES MADE MANY ERRORS BUT WON GAME

Railroad Wreck Delayed the Arrival of the Pittsburgh Baseball Team.

THE PLAYERS WERE STIFF AND NERVOUS

They Had Not Forgotten How to Bat, However, and the O'Neill Brothers Were Driven to the Woods—Battery Did Well.

LEAGUE SUNDAY GAMES.

Pittsburgh ..... 9—St. Louis..... 6
Cincinnati ..... 2—Chicago 1
Cincinnati ..... 8—Chicago 6

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburgh	84	54	.734	Chicago	61	66	.480
Brooklyn	78	56	.540	St. Louis	56	87	.392
Boston	68	68	.517	Philadelphia	49	74	.398
Cincinnati	64	65	.504	New York	44	77	.364

League Games Today.

Pittsburg at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at New York.
Boston at Philadelphia.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 14.—A double-header at Sportsman's park between the St. Louis Browns and the Cleveland Blues attracted 18,000 of the local fans today and only left 4,500 of them to journey to the league park, wait an hour for the belated Pirates to appear and then endure for two hours longer a listless, uninteresting game in which the Cardinals never had a chance to win and were finally beaten by a score of 2 to 6, when the game was called at the end of the eighth inning on account of darkness.

The Pirates were not in the most brilliant form imaginable, a railroad accident having delayed them three hours on the road. They were stiff and tired out, and went to the game with only a light luncheon, hurriedly eaten, on which to work.

Their Price Was Humbled.

The celebrated O'Neill battery, pride of Donovan's heart, was sent in to do the work of taking a fall out of the champions, but the O'Neill battery's pride was badly humbled when the tired and sullen Pirates scored eight runs in four innings. Then Hackett, a young pitcher from the Three I league, and Weaver, a young catcher from the same fields, went in to the points.

Inasmuch as but one run was scored off them in five innings their debut may be said to have been auspicious.

A double play prevented the visitors from scoring in the opening inning. Clarke walked after taking one in the ribs. Beaumont flew to Kreuger, who returned the ball to first in time to catch the Pirates' captain on the return trip. Leach fled out to Barclay. In the second Clarke opened with a double to center field. Beaumont grounded to Kreuger, who fumbled, hesitated and threw to third too late to catch Clarke and permitting the great sprinter, Beaumont, to take first. Leach's single scored Clarke and Sebring's grounder past Nichols, advanced all the runners. Bransfield walked, and Burke hit to left, bringing Beaumont home. A wild throw by J. O'Neill to second scored Leach.

Were at It Again.

The same trio tallied in the fourth with Sebring added. The home team was drawing up at the close and looked to have a chance, but after Farrell and Nichols had scored in the eighth inning, Umpire O'Day called the game because of the gathering dusk. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Farrell, 2	5	1	1	4	4	3	
Smoot, m	5	1	1	1	0	0	
Barclay, l	5	1	2	1	1	0	
Donovan, r	4	1	0	2	0	0	
Nichols, 1	5	1	1	8	0	0	
Kruger, s	5	1	2	5	3	1	
Calhoun, 3	4	0	0	1	2	0	
J. O'Neil, c	4	0	0	1	0	0	
M. O'Neil, p	4	0	0	1	4	0	
Weaver, c	3	0	1	4	3	0	
Hackett, p	3	0	0	1	2	1	
Totals	39	6	10	24	12	6	

PITTSBURGH	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Clarke, l	2	2	2	2	0	0	
Beaumont, m	4	3	1	1	0	0	
Leach, 3	4	2	2	3	5	1	
Sebring, r	4	1	1	2	0	0	
Bransfield, 1	4	0	0	7	0	0	
Burke, 2	3	2	2	2	1	0	
Conroy, s	3	0	0	0	1	2	
Phelps, c	4	0	1	6	1	0	
McLaughlin, p	4	0	1	0	1	0	
Totals	31	9	10	24	9	7	

Pittsburg	0	1	3	4	1	0	0	0	—9
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Clarke, Weaver and Sebring. Three-base hit—Leach. Sacrifice hits—Sebring, Beaumont, Leach. Double play—Kruger and Nichols. Passed ball—O'Neil. Stolen bases—Burke, Donovan, Nichols, Clarke. Hit by pitcher—Phelps (J. O'Neil). Wild pitch—McLaughlin. Bases on balls—Off O'Neil, 1; off McLaughlin, 4; off Hackett, 4. Struck out—By Hackett, 3; by O'Neil, 2; by McLaughlin, 3. Left on bases—St. Louis, 13; Pittsburgh, 7. Time—2:00. Umpire—O'Day.

NOTES OF THE GAME.

Sebring only got one hit yesterday, but it was a beauty. He scored one run and had three put outs in right field.

Manager Clarke rejoined the team yesterday and was to his old position. The golden wedding festivities did not appear to hurt Freddy any, as he had the game, made two hits, captured two flies and was at bat but two times. Fred's record came in pairs.

Seven errors is a good healthy lot of misplays for a team to make in one day's play, the champions had that number yesterday of which Burke and Conroy had five between them. The long distance ride, besides being difficult on the nerves, made two hits off this as the players were evidently very nervous.

The champions stacked up against another tough ball club at St. Louis, for while they were playing to a crowd of 4,500 people, the Ban Johnsonites on the adjoining lot were cavorting about before 18,000 spectators. The Americans, however, played a double header and the Browns are still in the pennant race, which makes quite an attraction.

Taking everything into consideration Barney McLaughlin, the Pirate's new left hander, pitched a fairly clever game yesterday. The new man, like the older ones, was stiff and nervous, and yet allowed the Cardinals but 10 hits. He gave four bases on balls, had one hit batsman and struck out three batsmen. The new man looks like a pitcher, having the build as well as all the curves, and all he needs is experience.

Says the New York Sun: "Barney Dreyfuss could loose half of his team and yet go out and pick up enough new men to come near winning the pennant against next season. Neither Donovan nor Donovan have anything on the local man when it comes to sizing up material. He never bought a player that he did not see play first and the man might play the poorest sort of ball that day, but if his actions pleased Barney that one day's showing would not influence his judgment."

TWO FOR THE REDS.

Got First on Three Hits, But Bumped the Ball in the Second.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—The visitors won both games today. They secured but three hits off Taylor in the first, but two of them were for extra bases, and the two runs were scored on put outs. Three errors, a little wildness by Hardy and five hits gave them a good lead at the start in the second, to which they added three more scores by good hitting. Phillips held the locals safe, excepting in the seventh and ninth. Attendance, 8,000. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

Chicago.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Cincin'ti.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Slagle, l..	0	2	2	0	0	Donlin, l..	1	1	1	1	0
Dobbs, m.	0	1	1	0	0	Beckley, 1	0	0	11	0	0
Chance, 1	0	1	4	0	0	Crawf'd, r	0	2	2	0	0
Kling, c.	0	0	3	0	0	Seym'r, m	0	1	2	0	0
Tinker, s	1	2	1	4	0	Peitz, 2..	0	0	0	2	0
Schaf'r, 3	0	1	2	2	0	Corco'n, s	0	0	1	2	0
Evers, 2..	0	1	1	2	0	Steinf'd, 3	0	0	1	2	0
Chesbro, r	0	0	0	0	0	Bergen, c.	0	0	8	0	0
Taylor, p.	0	0	1	0	0	Hahn, p..	0	0	1	1	0
*Will'ms	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals ..	1	8	27	12	1	Totals ..	2	5	27	11	0

*batted for Taylor in ninth.

Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1
Cincinnati	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0—2

Left on bases—Chicago 7, Cincinnati 5. Two-base hits—Dobbs, Tinker, Donlin. Three-base hit—Steinfeldt. Sacrifice hits—Schaefer, Menefee, Evers, Peitz. Stolen bases—Slagle, Corcoran, Seymour. Struck out—By Taylor 4, by Hahn 6. First base on balls—Off Taylor 1, off Hahn 1. Time—1.55. Umpire—Brown.

SECOND GAME.

Chicago.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Cincin'ti.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Slagle, l.	0	1	3	0	1	Donlin, l.	0	0	1	0	1
Dobbs, m	0	2	1	1	0	Beckley, 1	0	0	9	0	0
Chance, 1	0	2	8	0	2	Crawf'd, r	2	2	3	0	0
Kling, c.	0	0	7	0	0	Seym'r, m	2	1	4	0	0
Tinker, s	1	1	2	3	0	Corco'n, s	0	2	1	4	5
Schäfer, 3	2	2	1	3	0	Corco'n, s	0	1	0	1	0
Evers, 2..	1	1	2	0	0	Steinf'd, 3	0	1	2	0	0
McFee, r	1	1	2	0	0	Bergen, c.	0	0	5	1	0
Hardy, p	1	1	0	0	0	Phillips, p	1	1	0	0	0
Totals ..	6	10	27	14	3	Totals ..	5	11	27	11	5

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	4—6
Cincinnati	0	0	2	3	0	1	0	0	1—8

Left on bases—Chicago 7, Cincinnati 6. Two-base hits—Peitz, Tinker, Bergen, Crawford, Phillips. Stolen bases—Chance, Seymour (2). Double plays—Tinker, Evers and Chance, Dobbs and Tinker, Schaefer, Evers and Chance, Corcoran, Peitz and Beckley. First base on balls—Off Hardy 3, by Phillips 3. Passed ball—Kling. First base on balls—Off Hardy 3, off Phillips 3. Time—1:49. Umpire—Brown.

BEATEN BY THE REDS.

Champions Come Home to a Defeat. Sebring's Work Pleased the Critical Fans.

The champion Pirates returned from their final eastern trip on Saturday morning and in the afternoon met the Cincinnati team at Exposition park. The weather conditions were unfavorable to baseball, still 3,700 people were out to welcome the two-times pennant winners.

The Reds managed to win the game owing to a bunching of hits off Tannehill in the third inning, when five singles netted four runs. Eddie Poole, the ex-Pirate, pitched for the victors, and was effective at critical stages. Sebring, the champions' new outfielder, made a great hit with the crowd, by some clever catches and all ran timely batting. The new man has all the appearance of a coming star. Phelps, the new catcher, was also at work but did not have enough to do to furnish a line on his real ability. The score:

PITTSBURGH.	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Beaumont, m	5	1	3	5	1	0	
Leach, 3	3	1	0	1	5	1	
Wagner, l	4	0	1	1	0	0	
Bransfield, 1	4	0	2	13	0	1	
Sebring, r	3	1	2	4	0	0	
Burke, 2	4	0	0	2	2	0	
Conroy, s	3	0	1	0	2	0	
Phelps, c	3	0	0	1	0	0	
Tannehill, p	4	1	1	0	1	0	
Totals	34	4	10	27	16	2	

CINCINNATI.	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Donlin, l	5	1	1	6	1	0	
Beckley, 1	4	3	3	10	0	0	
Crawford, r	4	0	3	0	0	0	
Seymour, m	4	2	2	0	0	0	
Corcoran, s	4	0	0	2	3	0	
Steinfeldt, 3	4	0	1	1	2	0	
Bergen, c	5	1	0	1	3	0	
Poole, p	4	1	1	0	1	0	
Totals	36	6	11	27	13	0	

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0—4
Cincinnati	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	1	0—6

Two-base hit—Beckley. Three-base hits—Seybring, Beckley. Sacrifice hit—Bergen. Double play—Beaumont and Bransfield. Passed ball—Donlin. Stolen bases—Peitz and Beckley. First base on balls—Off Poole, 3 (Leach, Sebring, Phelps). Struck out—By Tannehill, 1 (Peitz); by Poole, 7 (Leach, Wagner, Phelps). Time—1:45. Umpire—O'Day.

FAIRBANKS' CLEVER VICTORY.

Went to New Cumberland and Won a Game.

Fairbanks defeated New Cumberland team at New Cumberland, W. Va., Saturday, in a very fast and interesting game by the score of 6 to 4. The game was never in doubt. The Fairbanks scoring in the third inning and maintaining the lead throughout the game. Kommer pitched a splendid game, allowing but 3 hits. He was ably supported by Brandon, Mangold, Peiffer and Carney. Myler did the best stick work for the home team. The features of the game was Godwin's work at short and Mangold's playing in right, he making several sensational catches. Score:

Fairbks.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	N. Cum'd.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Mangold, r	2	3	4	0	0	Godwin, s.	1	1	0	3	0
Bardig, l.	0	0	0	0	0	Finch, m..	0	0	3	1	0
Peiffer, c	0	2	10	0	0	Jenkins, c	0	0	9	1	1
Lippert, m	0	0	0	0	0	Myler, l..	1	2	1	0	0
Carney, 2	1	2	2	1	1	Tyson, 1..	1	2	11	1	0
Yeast, 3..	1	0	1	4	0	Doug'ty, r	1	0	0	0	1
Fisher, c	1	1	7	1	0	Bro'n, 2..	0	1	9	1	0
Cabell, s.	0	0	4	0	0	Bran'n, 3.	0	1	1	1	1
Kom'er, p	2	2	0	4	0	Ashb'gh, p	0	0	0	3	0
Totals ..	6	12	27	10	1	Totals ..	3	6	26	12	3

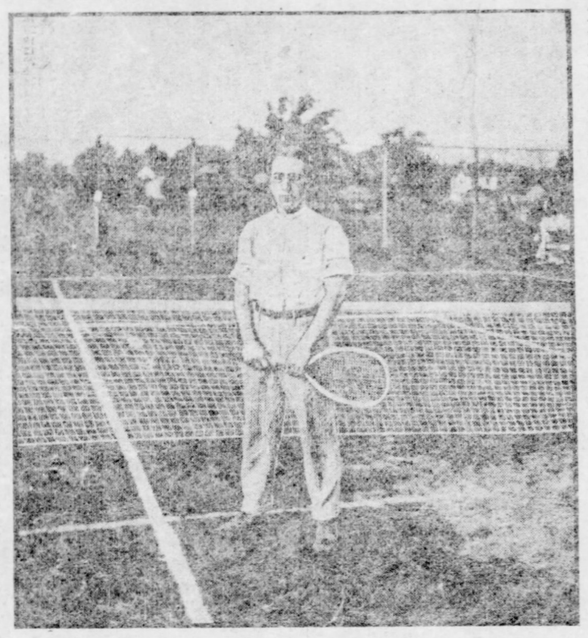
Cabell out, hit by batted ball.

Fairbanks	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	3	0—6
New Cumberland	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—4

Home run—Godwin. Two-base hits—Mangold 2. Bases on balls—Yeast, Bardelang, Finch, Brandon and Jenkins. Struck out—By Kommer, 7; by Ashbaugh, 8. Stolen bases—Mangold, Peiffer, Yeast 2, Kommer. Wild pitch—Kommer. Double play—Godwin, Bray and Tyson.

Your Last Chance to Go to Niagara Falls
Saturday, Sept. 20th for $5.00 Round Trip
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railroad.

The last cheap excursion of the season is via B., R. & P. Ry., tickets good for five days. Trains leave P. & W. depot, Allegheny, 2 a. m. and 2 p. m., city time. Secure your tickets and sleeping car berths in advance at ticket office, 500 Smithfield street, or P. & W. depot, Allegheny.



CLINTON L. CHILDS,
The Ex-Champion of Western Pennsylvania, Who Went Down Before the Tennis of Dr. T. W. Stephens.

THE BROWNS ARE CHASING AFTER THE ATHLETICS

McAleer's Team Took Two Good Games from Cleveland.

GREAT CROWD WATCHED CONTESTS

Over 16,000 People Cheered the Home Team On to Victory. The First Game Was a Clever Battle Between Two Pitchers.

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS.

St. Louis ..... 2—Cleveland 1
St. Louis ..... 5—Cleveland 3
Detroit ..... 11—Chicago 4
Chicago ..... 4—Detroit 1

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	72	50	.590	Cleveland	58	62	.512
St. Louis	70	54	.565	Washington	57	68	.456
Boston	69	54	.561	Detroit	48	72	.400
Chicago	66	55	.545	Baltimore	40	78	.371

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

St. Louis, Sept. 14.—St. Louis took two interesting games from Cleveland here this afternoon. In the first Donahue held the visitors to five hits and Moore gave but two more. In the second Cleveland was not able to score on Reidy until the seventh inning, while St. Louis made its runs in the first two innings off Polchow. Attendance 16,900. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

St. Louis.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Cleveland	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Burkett, l	1	1	1	1	0	Bay, m....	0	1	1	0	0
Hem'ill, r	0	0	1	0	0	Bradley, 3	0	1	2	5	0
Heid'k, m	0	0	2	0	0	Lajoie, 2..	0	1	1	3	0
Wallace, s	1	1	1	0	0	Hickman, l	0	1	1	0	0
Wallace, s	0	1	4	2	0	Flick, r....	0	0	1	0	0
M'Carthy, 3	0	2	2	2	0	M'Cary, 1	0	0	2	0	0
Ferrell, 2	0	0	2	3	0	Clarke, c	0	0	5	1	0
Sugden, c	0	1	2	0	1	Bemis, c..	0	0	5	3	0
Donohue, p	0	0	1	4	0	Moore, p..	1	0	0	2	0
						*Braham	0	0	0	0	0
Totals..	2	7	27	11	1	Totals....	1	5	24	13	1

*Batted for Moore in the ninth.

St. Louis	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	*—2
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hits—Heidrick, Bradley. Three-base hit—Anderson. Sacrifice hits—Heidrick, Wallace, Donahue, Moore. Stolen bases—Hickman, Lajoie. Hit by pitcher—By Donahue, 2. Bases on balls—Off Moore, 2; off Donahue, 1. Struck out—By Donahue, 2; by Moore, 2. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Cleveland, 8. Time—1:27. Umpire—O'Laughlin.

SECOND GAME.

St. Louis.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Cleveland	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Burkett, l	1	1	1	0	0	Bay, m....	0	2	3	0	0
Hem'ill, r	1	1	2	0	0	Bradley, 3	1	1	1	3	0
Heid'k, m	1	2	1	1	0	Lajoie, 2..	0	1	1	3	0
Anderson, 1	0	1	9	0	0	Hickman, l	0	1	2	0	0
Wallace, s	0	1	1	5	0	Flick, r....	1	2	3	0	0
M'Carthy, 3	0	0	0	3	0	M'Cary, 1	0	2	2	0	0
Ferrell, 2	0	0	5	1	0	Gochn'r, s	0	1	2	2	0
Sugden, c	1	1	5	1	0	Harley, c	0	1	2	2	1
Reidy, p..	1	1	1	3	0	Polchow, p	0	0	0	2	0
						*Bemis	0	0	0	0	0
Totals..	5	9	27	11	1	Totals....	3	12	24	10	1

*Batted for Starnagle in ninth.

St. Louis	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*—5
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0—3

Two-base hits—Anderson, Lajoie, Hickman, Flick, Bradley, Sugden. Stolen bases—Wallace, McCarthy. Bases on balls—Off Polchow, 2; off Reidy, 1; by Polchow, 2. Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Cleveland, 8. Time—1:32. Umpire—O'Laughlin.

SPLIT THEM UP.

Detroit Won a Slugging Match—Chicago Took Second Game.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—Detroit bunched hits in the first game and won by a single run. Patterson was in good form and held the visitors down to five scattered hits and one run in the second game, while the locals bunched hits with costly errors and easily won the game. A fast double play by Patterson, Daly and Isbell was the feature. Attendance, 9,900. Score:

FIRST GAME.

Chicago.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Detroit.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Strang, 3	2	2	3	3	2	Harley, l..	1	2	4	0	0
Jones, m..	1	2	2	0	0	Casey, 3..	2	3	1	3	1
Green, r..	1	2	4	0	0	Elb'rd, s..	1	2	2	1	1
Davis, s..	1	1	2	5	1	Barrett, m	0	0	3	0	1
Mertes, l.	0	1	2	1	1	M'Alis'r,	1	1	1	8	0
Daly, 2....	1	1	2	4	0	Lepine, r..	1	2	0	0	0
Isbell, 1..	1	2	9	1	0	Gleason, 2.	0	1	2	3	0
Sullivan, c	2	2	3	1	0	Buelow, c	1	2	5	2	1
Platt, p...	1	0	0	0	1	Kis'ger, p.	1	1	0	2	0
Cal'han, p	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals...	10	12	27	15	6	Totals...	11	15	27	14	4

Chicago	0	1	0	5	3	1	0	0	0—10	
Detroit	2	0	0	0	4	6	0	5	0—11	

Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Detroit, 13. Two-base hits—Daly, Davis, McAllister. Stolen bases—Isbell, Sullivan, Strang, Jones, Mertes, Sullivan. Struck out—By Platt, 3; by Kisinger, 1. Passed balls—Sullivan, 2. Bases on balls—Off Platt, 4; off Kissinger, 5. Hit with ball—Platt, 2; Green, Lepine, Elberfeld. Time—2:20. Umpires—Carruthers and Sheridan.

SECOND GAME.

Chicago.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Detroit.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Strang, 3.	0	1	3	1	1	Harley, l.	0	2	1	0	0
Jones, m..	1	1	2	0	0	O'Connor,	1	1	8	0	0
Green, r..	0	1	1	1	0	Elb'rd, s..	1	1	2	3	1
Davis, s..	1	1	0	3	0	Barrett, m	0	0	4	0	0
Mertes, l.	1	1	2	1	0	M'Als'r,	1	0	0	7	1
Daly, 2....	0	0	2	2	1	Lepine, r..	0	0	0	0	0
Isbell, 1..	0	2	9	3	0	Gleason, 2.	0	1	1	3	0
M'Far'd, c	0	0	4	0	0	McGuire, c	0	0	4	0	0
Pat'son, p	0	0	0	2	0	Mercer, p.	0	0	0	3	0
Totals...	4	8	24	13	2	Totals...	1	5*	20	16	2

*Green out, hit by batted ball.
Game called on account of darkness.

Chicago	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	*—	4
Detroit	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—	1

Left on bases—Chicago, 9; Detroit, 4. Two-base hit—Casey. Three-base hits—Isbell, Elberfeld. Sacrifice hits—Green, Daly. Stolen bases—Strang, Davis. Double play—Patterson, Daly and Isbell. Struck out—By Patterson, 2. Bases on balls—Off Mercer, 3. Wild pitch—Patterson. Time—1:20. Umpires—Sheridan and Carruthers.

Newsboys Hold Memorial.

The newsboys held McKinley memorial services yesterday morning at the Newsboys' home. Attorney E. Z. Smith addressed the meeting. In drawing lessons from the life of the illustrious president, he showed him as a model citizen, and told the boys that they could become honored and useful citizens if they would but copy and strive to emulate the splendid traits of William McKinley.

CLEARANCE SALE
(BEGINNING TODAY)

RUBBER TIRED RUNABOUTS

And entire stock of Park Traps, Surreys, Spiders, Speeding Wagons, Pony Carts and Wagons. We have them in many colors of Painting and Trimmings. We have several "slightly used" Runabouts, Park Traps and Wagonettes. These are rare bargains.

L. GLESENKAMP SONS & CO.,
318 AND 320 PENN AVE.

RYAN AND CARTER READY TO FIGHT

WILL GO 20 ROUNDS AT FORT ERIE TONIGHT.

Ryan Is the Favorite in the Betting—Big Crowd Will See Contest—Men Done Training.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Tomorrow night at the International Athletic club Tommy Ryan of Kansas City and Kid Carter of Brooklyn will meet in a 20-round boxing contest for a purse of $5,000 and the title of middleweight champion of the world. Ryan is now the holder of that title, and Carter, by his wonderful work in the ring for the past year, is conceded by all a worthy opponent to try for the honor of champion of that class.

The articles of agreement signed by them call for a 20-round contest at 158 pounds, weighing at 4 p. m. on the day of the contest. The purse of $5,000 offered by the club is to be divided $4,000 to the winner and $1,000 to the loser. Ryan and Carter have each deposited $1,000 with the International club to guarantee weight and appearance, and as both men are now on the ground and in fine condition, the contest should prove to be one of the grandest ever witnessed in the prize ring between middleweights.

Ryan's arrival in Buffalo has not changed the betting in the least, and plenty of the long green is being placed, the Ryan followers giving seven to five.

Both men completed their training this afternoon. Ryan in the presence of fully a thousand lovers of boxing wound up by taking light exercise for one hour at the Buffalo gymnasium, and after a rub-down tipped the scales at 155 pounds, and Carter put the finishing touches to his work at the International club, and after the usual alcohol rub he weighed 156 pounds.

A large number of out-of-town sports are already in Buffalo, and every train now on will increase their number. Tomorrow excursion trains will arrive from Kansas City, Chicago, New York, Cleveland and Detroit. There will be two preliminary contests, the first of which will be put on at 8:30 p. m. sharp, and it is expected that Ryan and Carter will enter the ring about 9:45.

The management wishes to correct the impression that has gone abroad to the effect that all of the seats for the contest have been sold, when in fact there are any number of good seats still to be had. Kid McCoy is the first of the prominent pugilists to arrive in the city. He comes for the purpose of challenging the winner.

AMONG THE AMATEAURS.

The West Liberty A. C. have cancelled all games for the rest of the season.

The O. A. C. football team had their pictures taken yesterday by C. Horgan. After that they had a little game of football and they made a fine showing.

Champion Leach A. C. defeated the Monester A. C. by a score of 10 to 11, also defeating the Rogers A. C., that team leaving the grounds, the umpire giving Leach A. C. the game, 9 to 0.

The Lowell A. C. want games with all good 100-pound teams on the following dates: October 4, 18, November 1, 15, 22 and 27. Address W. A. Lauer, 326 Lincoln avenue, E. E. All players are requested to report for practice Tuesday evening at 7:30 p. m.

The Shamrock A. C. will play the Fair Oaks on Fair Oaks grounds tomorrow and the following players will please report at Maloney's corner not later than 1:30: T. Manion, P. Manion, O'Connor, Mahoney, Fitzsimmons, Finn, Hemminger, Flannery and O'Rourke.

The T. F. Crawfords have cancelled all games this season on account of some of the stars leaving the team, but will have a strong team next year. Some of the playing signed for next season are Fisher, Fouiter, Mahohinny, C. Bengough, W. Bengough and Boll.

The National Tube Juniors have disbanded for this season and will be on the diamond next season. All players except Bennett and Treurelling, the two stars, will be found in the line up. They won 12 games and lost 4, a record to be proud of. Bennett will sign for a faster team.

The Imperials by defeating the Civic Club Reserves claim the 13 to 14-year-old championship. Any team disputing this claim can secure a game by addressing Roy Herrington, 41 Chatham street. Marks was about the only one that could hit Eberheart's delivery. The Civics could not hit at the right time.

The North End A. C. football team of Allegheny will have practice on Tuesday evening at 7:30 at the end of the Perrysville car line. The following players are requested to attend: James, Hunter, Gamble, Yeager, Sulz, Rafferty, Borland, Chatham, Eckert, Schumann, Dettrick, Schaffner, Eckert, Fincke and Gittings.

The Lincolns of the East End by defeating the Wilkinsburg A. C. by the decisive score of 9 to 2, brought its list of victories up to 14, having lost but two games during the entire season. The Lincolns have played the best 14 and 16-year-old teams in the city and expect to complete their schedule next Saturday, playing the Sunnyside Juniors.

The Crescent A. C. will practice this evening at 7 o'clock and the following players are requested to report at Central park, as there is important business to be transacted: Defrefs, Rapp, Stokes, Somerville, Moore, J. Page, H. Page, Sproul, Griffin, Winklenan, Mahaffey, Roberts, Cunningham, Cavanaugh and Broderick. All 90-pound teams desiring games address E. Stokes, 18 Arch street, city.

The Franklin A. C. football team will report for practice this evening at 7:30 o'clock. The manager would like to hear with all 108-pound teams in Western Pennsylvania. McDonald High School, West Ends of Carnegie, the X Altoona A. C., the ..orth Homesteads of Swissvale and all other out-of-town teams having grounds. Address Harry Himelblue, 821 Fifth avenue, city.

Shot at His Uncle.

GREENSBURG, PA., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—Edgar Smeltzer of Avonmore last night fired a bullet at his uncle, Joseph Heiney. The bullet passed through the crown of the hat of William Dewey, standing back of the merchant. Smeltzer was captured and committed to jail here. Smeltzer says on several occasions his uncle attempted to poison him.

WILL OPEN HERE WITH BUCKNELL

LOCAL FOOTBALL ELEVEN HAS STRONG SCHEDULE.

Team Will Play Two Preliminary Games at Greensburg Before Moving Down Here.

Pittsburgh's new football eleven will open the gridiron season in this city on October 18, with Bucknell. Preliminary games will be played at Greensburg on October 4 and 11 with W. U. P. and the Philadelphia Pennsylvania railroad Y. M. C. A. eleven. The schedule for the Pittsburgh team has been completed, but there will be a few changes if Homestead enters the new football league. The schedule as now made up follows:

October 4—Pittsburgh vs. W. U. P. at Greensburg.
October 11—Pittsburgh vs. Philadelphia Pennsylvania railroad Y. M. C. A. at Greensburg.
October 18—Pittsburgh vs. Bucknell at Pittsburgh.
October 22—Pittsburgh college at Greensburg.
October 25—East End Athletics at Pittsburg

PITTSBURGH STOCK EXCHANGE RECORD

SALES AND QUOTATIONS. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1902.

The public sales in detail were:

10 a. m. to 10:30 a. m.

200 Crucible Steel com. 25
40 Crucible Steel com. 25
20 Crucible Steel com. 25¼
50 Crucible Steel pfd. 88
40 Crucible Steel pfd. 88
10 Crucible Steel pfd. 88
5 Crucible Steel pfd. 88
5 Crucible Steel pfd. 88
50 Pgh. Coal com. 39½
200 Pgh. Coal com. 39½
50 Pgh. Coal com. 39½
50 Pgh. Coal com. 39½
50 Pgh. Coal com. 39½
25 Pgh. Coal com. 39¾
7 Pgh. Coal pfd. 91¾
15 Pgh. Coal pfd. 91¾
15 Pgh. Coal pfd. 91¾
15 Pgh. Coal pfd. 91¾
50 N. P. Proof pfd. 40
25 N. P. Proof pfd. 40
100 Pgh. Brewing pfd. 47½
10 Pitts. Screw com. 55
100 W. R. Steel com. 40¾
20 West. Elec. com. 114
50 West. Elec. com. 114
50 West. Elec. 1st. 114
15 Pgh. Trust. 225
200 Comno Nat. Bk. 195
10 Colonial Trust. 561
10 Colonial Trust. 561
10 Federal Trust. 144½
10 R. E. Trust. 220½
25 R. E. Trust. 220½
10 Duquesne Nat. Bk. 287
10 Lincoln Nat. Bk. 292
25 D. S. F. & F. Co. 575
30 D. S. F. & F. Co. 575

10:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m

10 Trad. Nat. Bk. 185
10 Trad. Nat. Bk. 186
25 N. P. Proof com. 37½
20 Crucible Steel com. 46½
50 U. S. Steel com. 40¾
40 Crucible Steel pfd. 87¾
10 Crucible Steel pfd. 87¾
10 Pitts. Fuel com. 50
25 N. P. Proof pfd. 40
50 A. W. Glass com. 62¾
50 A. W. Glass com. 62¾
50 A. W. Glass com. 62¾
50 A. W. Glass com. 62¾
50 A. W. Glass com. 62¾
20 A. W. Glass com. 62¾
16 A. W. Glass com. 62¾
15 Pgh. Brewing com. 31½
50 Pgh. Brewing com. 31½
20 Pgh. Coal com. 39¾
20 Pgh. Coal com. 39¾
20 Pgh. Coal com. 39½
20 Pgh. Coal com. 39½
50 Pgh. Coal com. 39¾
61 S. P. Cable. 215
50 S. W. Steel pfd. 99¼
10 West. Mfrs. com. 158
1 Union Trust. 190
1 Union Trust. 190
20 Mfrs. L. & Heat. 78¾
1 Mfrs. L. & Heat. 78¾
10 Am. Bank. 170
$3,000 M. R. Coal 6s. 116½
$7,000 M. R. Coal 6s. 116½
$7,000 Pgh. Brewing 5s. 112½
$1,000 Pgh. Brewing 6s. 112½
$1,000 P. McK. & C. 5s. 99

The total public sales were 5,300 shares of stock and $24,000 bonds, total preceding Saturday 10,471 shares of stock.

Closing bids and offers were:

STOCKS.	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Pgh. Bks.			Trust Cos.			M. L. & H.	78½	78¾	E. R. R.		36½
Arsenal	140	....	Fid. T. & T. Co.	550	570	Mining			Pgh. Brew.	31½	31¾
Bk. of Pgh.	....	133½	Penna. Tr.	252	255	Lake Erie		14½	Do pfd.	47½	47¾
Col. Nat.	385	400	Pgh. Tr.	720	750	Bridge			Pat. Coal	91¾	92
Duquesne	....	286	S. D. & T.	107	109	Railroad			Phila. Co.	49½	49¾
Exchs'ge	....	....	Guar. Tr.	....	....	Ally. V. pfd	33	....	Do 1st pfd.	45½	....
Dep. Nat.	....	1400	R. E. Trust	220½	224	Electric			P. S. Car pf		90
First Nat.	....	700	Am. Trust	....	128	West. 1st.	114½	....	U. S. & S.		96
Fifth Ave.	70	....	Guarantee	138½	....	Do 2d	114½	114¾	U. S. Glass	35	....
Germania	....	225	Ally Bldg.	....	....	Miscel.			W. Penn.		188
Iron City	120	130	D. S. F. &			A. W. Glass	62¾	62¾	N. F. Proof	30¾	31
Lib. Nat.	150	....	T. Co.	277	280	Do pfd.	....	92	Do pfd.	39¾	40
Mon. Nat.	200	....	Ally Trust	150	155	Chi. Ice	13¾	14	U. S. Steel	40½	....
Pgh Nat'l B.	....	....	Insurance.			Do pfd.	....	38	BONDS.		
Second Nat.	450	....	Allemannia	60	65	Consol Gas	25	25¼	P. McK. &		
Pco. Nat.	396	....	Nat. Gas			Do pfd.	87¾	88	C. 5s.	98¾	99¼
Second Nat.	....	700	Ft Pitt Gas	58½	....	M. R. Coal	12¾	12¾	M. L. & P.		
State Bank	60	....	Nat. Gas of			po pfd.	41	41¾	M. L. & P.		
S. Nat.	140	....	W. Va.	115	118	Mon. Water	....	42	5s.	116½	116¾
W'S. & D.	....	111½	P. N. G.			Pitts. Gas	....	13	Phila. Co. 5s	111½	....
Federal Nat.	141	142	P. Co.	....	26	P. B. & L.			P. Brew 6s		114½

The following is a complete summary of yesterday's official transactions on the Pittsburgh stock exchange. It shows the change in the closing selling prices, compared with the last preceding sales, the total sales of each security, the opening, high, low and closing prices and final bids and offers:

SECURITIES.	Total Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Bid.	Ask.	Ch'ge.
Cosmopolitan National Bank	20	109	109	109	109	....	109	½—
Duquesne National Bank	10	287	287	286	286	....	286	0
Federal National Bank	10	141½	141¾	141¾	141¾	141	142	0
Lincoln National Bank	10	292	292	292	292	....	....	5 —
Tradesmens National Bank	25	185	186	185	186	....	....	3 +
Colonial Trust Company	53	561	563	561	575	570	575	15 +
Dollar Savings Fund & Trust Co	10	270	*270	270	275	*270	275	5 —
Fidelity Title & Trust Company	20	550	*560	550	560	560	570	10 +
North American Savings Company	10	104	104	104	104	....	....	3 +
Pittsburgh Trust Company	15	725	725	725	725	720	730	0
Real Estate Trust Company	25	203½	203½	203½	204	203½	204	1 —
Union Trust Company	11	1600	*1650	1600	1650	....	....	50 +
Peoples Nat. Gas and Pipeage	25	25	25	25	25	....	26	½—
Westinghouse Electric first	50	114	114	114	114	114½	....	2½—
Second	180	114	114½	114	114½	114½	....	2½—
American Window Glass common	405	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾	0
Crucible Steel	300	24	25¼	25	25¼	25	25¼	¼+
Do preferred	152	88	88	87¾	88	87¾	88	¼+
United States Steel	250	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾	40½	....	¼+
Do preferred	50	91¾	92	91¾	92	....	....	¼+
National Fire Proofing	25	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	30¾	33	¼+
Do preferred	125	40	40	40	40	39¾	40	0
Manufacturers Light & Heat	15	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾	¼+
Pittsburgh Coal	840	39½	39¾	39½	39¾	39¾	39¾	¼+
Do preferred	52	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	¼+
Pittsburgh Brewing	300	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾	....
Do preferred	100	47¼	47¼	47¼	47¼	47¼	47¾	0
Standard Underground Cable	67	215	215	215	215	....	....	0
Westinghouse Airbrake	16	189	189	189	189	....	188	½+
Total	3,300							
Monongahela River Coal 6s	$10,000	116¼	116¾	116½	116¾	116¾	116½	0
Pittsburgh Brewing 6s	13,000	112½	112½	112½	112½	....	112½	0
Pgh., McK. & Con. 5s, Ry. 6s	1,000	99	99	99	99	98½	99¼	¼—
Total	3,300							

*New high record. †Price for 5 shares or less.

The Treasury and the Banks.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—(Special.)—In redemption of checks drawn by depositors of gold at the Seattle assay office, today's official report show that the sub-treasury paid out yesterday $6,622, against $274,714 for the same period a week ago. Total payment by government to New York banks for the day, $4,360,000. Payment by banks to government, $3,463,000. Balance on day's transactions, $402,000 paid by banks to government, against $858,000 similarly paid for the corresponding period a week ago. Included in the foregoing summary is $750,000 deposited by banks with the sub-treasury for the payment at interior points, against $200,000 for the same period a week ago.

Wall Street Brokers' "Tips."

Insiders are bullish on Missouri Pacific.

I think 842,000,000 of new Baltimore & Ohio stock will depress the price.

Average Atchison, Erie, Denvers on any further moderate dip. Keep long of Steels and buy either Peoples Gas or Brooklyn Rapid Transit. Remember that big deals are impending in Louisville & Nashville, Baltimore & Ohio and Southwestern issues, hence if you do short the market for a turn take quick profits. Leathers, Detroit Southern and Canadian Pacific will all sell higher in the near future.—Josephs.

OVER $12,000,000 GAINED.

Pittsburgh Bank Exchanges for the Week Broke all Previous Records for Same Period.

Pittsburgh bank exchanges for the week ending yesterday broke all previous records for the similar week in the history of the Clearing House association. Compared with the same week last year, which held the record, there was an increase of more than $12,000,000, or $2,000,000 per day. Compared with the preceding week there was a gain of more than $7,000,000. The total for the year to date is over $1,512,000,000, or more than $44,000,000 greater than in 1901. This is the largest total in the annals of Pittsburgh and is nearly three times as large as the total for 1895, showing an increase from this source alone of about 150 per cent in the business of the city in five years. The exchanges for yesterday were $1,540,000 larger than the same day in 1901, but about $100,000 smaller than for the preceding Saturday. The local money market was decidedly firm all week, closing at the top with the rate for call and time loans nominally quoted at 5@6 per cent.

The detailed clearing house reports are as follows:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Yesterday	$7,021,235 56	$1,074,482 49
Previous Saturday	7,796,147 04	1,089,999 23
Last year	5,772,111 15	1,029,518 07

Yesterday's increase, $1,840,124 41.

The figures of the clearing house for the week ending yesterday, compared with those for the preceding week (five days) and the same week last year, are as follows:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
This week	$44,512,016 84	$6,706,518 21
Daily average	7,418,669 39	1,117,719 70
Last week	37,420,162 85	4,564,851 93
Daily average	7,484,032 57	912,978 38
Last year	32,386,269 89	4,667,186 32
Daily average	5,397,711 31	832,961 05

This week's increase, $12,127,746 45.

The exchanges for the week ending yesterday, compared with those for the corresponding weeks in previous years, were as follows:

Week ending	
September 13, 1902	$44,512,016 84
September 14, 1901	32,384,269 89
September 15, 1900	26,316,298 03
September 16, 1899	25,175,626 77
September 17, 1898	17,805,192 63
September 18, 1897	16,185,906 63
Total to date:	
1902	$1,512,180,472 81
1901	1,468,070,037
1900	1,133,449,718 25
1899	1,041,781,808 20
1898	691,147,503 68
1897	674,697,528 27

Reports from other cities were:

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—Exchanges, $322,025,574; balances, $5,983,961.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13.—Clearings, $18,140,434; balances, $2,687,532. For the week, clearings, $107,870,652; balances, $16,222,474. Money, 6 per cent.

BOSTON, Sept. 13.—Exchanges, $21,850,489; balances, $1,426,712.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 13.—Clearings, $6,658,599; balances, $569,776. For the week, clearings, $25,993,404; balances, $3,181,231. Money, 5@6 per cent.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—Clearings, $23,010,213; balances, $1,257,505. New York exchange, 50c discount. Foreign exchange sterling posted, $4 84¾@4 87.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 13.—Money, 4@5 per cent; clearings, $2,462,700. New York exchange par.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 13.—Clearings, $5,873,269; balances, $961,000. Money steady, 5@6 per cent. New York exchange, 20c discount.

Boston Copper Mining Stocks.

A. E. Masten & Co., 308 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, furnish the following closing bids on copper and mining stocks in Boston:

Allouez	2¾	Osceola	59
Adventure	7¾	Old Dominion	21¾
Amalgamated	68½	Old Colony	78
Arcadian	50c	Parrot	26
Atlantic	27	Phoenix	4¾
Black Diamond	5	Quincy	125
Bingham	30¾	Range Consol	58½
†Calumet & Ariz	69	Rhode Island	2½
Calumet & Hecla	595	Swift	16
Centennial	18¼	Trimountain	80
*Calumet & Pgh.	40	Trinity	11¼
Elm River	2¾	Tamarack	175
Franklin	7¾	Union Fruit	114½
Greene	22	U. S. Mining	27½
†L. Sup. & P. D.	40	Victoria	5¾
Mass	17¼	Wolverine	61
Mohawk	44	Winona	4
Michigan	11¾		
Montreal & Bost.	3¾		

*Ask. †Bid.

New York Mining Stocks.

Adams Con.	20	Little Chief	11
Alice	200	Ontario	8.50
Breece	50	Ophir	1.00
Brunswick Con.	07	Phoenix	05
Comstock Tunnel	05½	Potosi	05
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.15	Savage	07
Horn Silver	1.25	Sierra Nevada	60
Iron Silver	50	Standard	3.35
Leadville Con.	05		

Boston Stocks.

BOSTON, Sept. 13.—Closing prices were:

Atchison	94¼	American Sugar	125¾
Do preferred	103¾	Do preferred	121½
Boston & Albany	260	Am. Tel. & Tel.	169¾
Boston & Maine	198	Dominion I. & S.	72½
Boston Elevated	153	United Fruit	114¾
N. Y., N. H. & H.	215	Daly West	40
Fitchburg pfd.	144	Union Pacific	109½
Mexican Central	28¾	U. S. Steel	40½
		Do preferred	90¼

LAST WEEK'S SALES SHOWED IMPROVEMENT

The volume of business transacted upon the Pittsburgh stock exchange during the week ending yesterday was the largest for any similar period in months. Still, the market was not so generally active as during its predecessor, though the sales were some 6,000 shares larger. During the period covered many sensational advances occurred in the banking group, 12 members of which reached new high record selling prices, and many more reached them in the bids. At the close the market was considerably quieter and the tone reactionary for the more active industrials. The total public sales were 50,161 shares of stock, $60,000 bonds and $100 scrip. These figures compare with 50,767 shares of stock and $26,000 for the preceding week (five days), and with 34,181.5 shares of stock and $54,000 bonds during the same week (five days) last year.

The following statement is a complete summary of the publicly recorded transactions on the Pittsburgh stock exchange during the week beginning Monday, September 8, and ending with Saturday, September 13, 1902. It shows the total sales, the opening, highest, lowest and closing prices, and the changes in the selling prices compared with those of the preceding week and the nearest ones to that time:

SECURITIES.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Columbia National Bank	25	280	*290	280	290	5 +
Cosmopolitan Nat. Bank	40	110	110	109	110	1 +
Farmers Dep. Nat. Bank	10	285	285	285	285	5 +
Federal National Bank	100	1350	*1350	1350	1350	50 +
First Nat. Bank, Pgh.	100	141	141½	141	141½	1 —
Hamilton National Bank	10	600	*600	600	600	75 +
Monongahela Nat. Bank	20	232	232	232	232	5 —
Peoples National Bank	20	252	252	252	252	0
Republic National Bank	10	112	112	112	112	0
Second Nat. Bank, Pgh.	26	*880	*885	885	885	10 +
Tradesmens National Bank	50	183	186	183	186	6 +
Allegheny Trust Co.	10	150	150	150	150	3 —
Colonial Trust Co.	602	500	*575	498	1000	85 +
Corn Exchange Trust	1100	240	240	240	240	5 +
Dollar Sav. Fund & Trust	75	275	*275	275	275	5 +
Fidelity Title & Trust Co.	80	500	*560	500	560	155 +
North American Svgs. Co.	20	101	*104	101	104	12 +
Penna. Trust Co.	25	200	200	200	200	0
Pittsburgh Trust Co.	120	600	*725	600	725	75 +
Prudential Trust Co.	25	150	*170	150	170	0 +
Real Estate Trust Co.	577	287	*295½	287	295½	1½+
United Realty Trust Co.	5	170	180	170	180	1 +
Union Trust Company	11	1600	*1650	1600	1650	50 +
Peoples Nat Gas & Pipeage	25	25	25	25	25	½—
Westinghouse Electric 1st	455	114	117	114	114	2½—
Second	5,745	112½	*116½	112½	114	2½—
A. V. R. R. preferred	350	33	33½	32	32½	½—
Penna. R. R.	7	80 11-16	80 11-16	80 11-16	80 11-16	2 15-16+
Southern Pacific R. R.	200	70½	70½	70½	70½	.....
Fed. Steel Pfgs. & Iron	100	29½	29½	29½	29½	½—
American Window Glass	4,173	62¾	62¾	62¼	62¾	¼+
Do preferred	55	91	91¾	91	91¾	1 +
U. S Glass common	500	35	35	35	35	0
Consolidated Ice	100	25	25	25	25	½—
Crucible Steel	10,092	25¼	25¼	24	25	¼+
Do preferred	1,005	87¾	88	87¾	88	¼+
U. S. Steel	2,505	41¾	42	40	40¾	¾—
Do preferred	300	91¾	92	91¾	92	¼+
National Fire Proofing	1,000	30¾	32	30½	31¼	0
Do preferred	1,588	40	40	39½	40	¼+
Marsden common	250	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	0
Mfrs. Light & Heat	1,173	78¼	78¾	78¼	78¾	¼+
Monongahela River Coal	1,295	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	½—
Do preferred	595	40½	41½	40½	41¼	¼—
Pittsburgh Coal	14,425	39¾	39¾	39½	39¾	¼+
Do preferred	760	91¾	92	91¾	91¾	¼+
Pittsburgh Brewing	3,928	31	32¾	31	31¾	¾—
Do preferred	810	47¾	48	47¾	47¾	¼—
Philadelphia Company	1,000	49¾	50	49¾	50	¼+
Pressed Steel Car	100	54	54	54	54	½+
Do preferred	110	90	90	89¾	89¾	1¼+
U. S. C. I. P. & F. pfd.	100	56	56	56	56	12¾+
U. S. & S. common	400	96	96	95¾	95¾	¼—
Std. Underground Cable	60	215	215	215	215	0
Westinghouse Airbrake	60	188	189	189	189	½+
Total	56,161					
BONDS.						
Monongahela River Coal 6s	$26,000	116½	116½	116½	116½	0
Pittsburgh Brewing 6s	18,000	112½	112½	112½	112½	0
P., McK. & Con. St. Ry 5s	15,000	99	99	99	99	¼—
U. S. Steel, Series A	1,000	111¾	111¾	111¾	111¾	4 +
Total	$60,000					
SCRIP.						
Pgh. Coal common stock	$100	30	*30	30	30	10 +

*New high record. †Interest. ‡Seven shares or less.

CLOSING BOND PRICES.

U. S. reg. 2s	104¾	L. & N. uni. 4s	102
Do 2s, c.	104¾	Mexican Cent. 4s	84
Do 3s, reg.	106¾	Do 1st inc.	31¾
Do 3s, coup.	107	M. & St. L. 4s	104¾
Do new 4s, reg.	136½	M., K. & T. 4s	100½
Do 4s, coup.	136½	Do 2ds	84½
Do old 4s, reg.	110	N. Y. C. 3½s	101¾
Do 4s, coup.	110	N. O. gen. 6s	103¾
Do 5s, reg.	105	Nor. Pac. 4s	104¾
Do 5s, coup.	105	Nor. Pac. 1st	104¾
Atchison gen. 4s	104	Do 2d	74¾
Do adjt. 4s	96½	N. & W. con. 4s	103½
Balt. & Ohio 4s	104¾	Penn. gen. 5s	108½
Do 3½s	84¾	S. L. & I. M. con. 5s	117
Do conv. 4s	115	St. L. & S. F. 4s	101
*Can. South. 2ds	108	St. L. & S. W. 1st	89½
Cent. of Ga. 5s	110	Do 2ds	74
Do 4s	82	S. A. & A. P. 4s	94¾
Ches. & Ohio 4½s	108¾	South. Pac. 4s	94¾
C. & A. 4s	82	Southern Ry. 5s	108¾
C., R. & Q. 4s	103	Union Pacific 4s	105
C., M. & St. P. gen. 4s	112¾	Do conv. 4s	111¾
C. & N. con. 7s	135	Wabash 1st 5s	116
C. R. I. & P. 4s	100½	Do 2ds	103½
C. & O. 4s	103½	Do Deb. B	83¾
Chicago Ter. 4s	89½	West. Md. 4s	113½
Col. & South. 4s	94	West. Shore 4s	113½
D. & R. G. 4s	102¾	Wis. Cent. 4s	93
Erie 1st ext. 4s	104¾	Wisconsin Cent. 4s	87¾
Gen. 4s	87		
G. W. & P. 5s	114½		
Hock. Val. 4½s	109		

*Offered.

Supplementary New York Stocks.

(By Leased Wire to The Gazette.)

STOCKS.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Bicycle	500	2	2	2
Do preferred	300	10	10	10
American G. Twine	200	60½	60	60
Butterick Co.	200	55	52½	53
Chi. Ter. Tran. pfd.	2900	41¾	41¾	41¾
Chicago Union Trac.	100	18¾	18¾	18¾
Cons. Tobacco pfd.	100	123½	123½	123½
Corn Products	1100	35¾	35¾	35¾
D. & R. G.	1100	43¾	43¾	43¾
Del. Rar. Ry. pfd.	2900	44¾	44¾	44¾
Distillers	100	44½	44½	44½
Hocking Valley	900	97¾	97¾	97¾
Internat. Paper	200	20	19¾	19¾
Internat. Pump	200	53	53	53
Int. Steam Pump	200	87½	87½	87½
Long Island	300	55	55	55
Mexican Central	200	28¾	28¾	29
Mo. Pac. & Iron.	600	80	80	80
Pacific Coast	100	80¾	80¾	80¾
Rubber Goods	200	20¾	20¾	20¾
St. J. & G. I. 1st pfd.	100	80	80	80
Sugar	1900	125¾	125¾	125¾
Standard R. & T.	100	6¾	6¾	6¾
U. S. C. I. P.	1800	15¾	14¾	15¼
Do preferred	600	56¾	56¾	56¾
Va. Car. Chem.	700	73¾	73¾	73¾

NEW YORK PRICES.

Daily range of prices reported by Messrs. Henry Sproul & Co., Peoples Savings Bank building, members of New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago stock exchanges and Chicago board of trade.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
27700	A., T. & S. F.	94½	94⅝	93½	94⅜
4100	Do preferred	103⅝	104	103½	103⅝
	Am. Express	122	122	122	122
2000	Am. Sugar Ref.	129	129¼	129	129¼
1300	Am. Locomotive	32¾	33¼	32¾	33
1800	Do preferred	96¾	97	96¾	96¾
1700	Am. Ice Security	34¾	36	34½	34¾
	Do preferred				91½
8200	Amal. Copper	68½	68⅝	68	68⅜
400	Anaconda Copper	107⅛	108	107½	107
2100	Atchison, Topeka & Sante Fe	46¾	46⅞	46¾	46⅞
	Do preferred				96
	American Ice				11
	Do preferred	39⅜	39½	39⅜	39½
16200	Balt. & Ohio	113⅜	114⅝	113⅜	114⅛
200	Do preferred	97½	97½	97	97
1000	Brooklyn R. T.	68¾	68¾	68½	68⅝
4900	Canadian Pacific	144¾	144¾	143¾	144⅜
2400	Chicago Gt. W.	22¾	23	22½	22¾
500	Consolidated Gas	223½	223½	223½	223½
700	C., C., C. & St. L.	105½	105½	105½	105½
3400	Chesa. & Ohio	46¾	47⅛	46¾	47⅛
600	Chicago & Alton	41¾	41¾	41¾	41¾
900	Do preferred	75⅝	75⅝	75⅝	75⅝
	Chi., Ind. & Lou.				17
	Colorado & S'n'w				20½
400	Col. Southern	80½	80½	80½	80¾
900	Col. Southern	33¾	34	33¾	33¾
	Do 1st pfd				75½
300	Do 2d pfd	51⅝	51⅝	51½	51⅝
	D., L. & W.				275
	Del. & Hudson				178
7000	Erie	40⅝	41⅜	40⅝	41¼
200	Do 1st pfd	70½	70½	70½	70
	Do 2d pfd	56	56	55	55¾
200	General Electric	192½	192½	192	192
2400	Illinois Central	170	171	170	170½
100	Iowa Central	48¾	48¾	48¾	48
	Do preferred				88
900	Internat. Paper	20	20	19¾	19¾
100	Do preferred	75	75	75	75
	L. E. & W.				65
	Do preferred				92
8700	Louis. & Nash.	154	154½	153¾	154
2000	Manhattan	134⅝	135	134⅝	134⅞
27200	Missouri Pacific	122	122	120¾	121¾
1000	M. K. & T. pfd.	67¾	67¾	67	67¾
1900	Metropolitan	147	147	147	147
200	Mexican Central	28¾	29	28¾	28¾
200	Mexican National	23	23	23	23
	Do preferred	91	91	91	91½
200	National Biscuit	48	48	47¾	47¾
	Do preferred				103½
1400	N. Y. Central	163½	164¼	163⅜	164⅛
1800	N. Y., O. & W.	35¾	36	35¾	35¾
7200	Norfolk & West.	74⅜	75¼	74⅜	75
	Do preferred				85
200	North American	125	125	125	125
	Ontario & West.				32½
2600	P. C. L. & C.	106¾	106¾	106	106¾
200	Pacific Mail	44¾	44¾	44¾	44
3700	Pennsylvania	142⅝	143	142⅝	142⅝
100	Do preferred	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾
13500	Penna. R. R.	166	167	166	166¾
	P., C. & St. L.	101¾	101¾	101¾	101
	Railway Springs	34¾	35¾	34¾	35
	Do preferred				84
18900	Reading	74¾	74⅝	73¾	74⅜
1100	Do 1st pfd	88½	89¼	88¼	89
	Do 2d pfd				78¾
1200	Rock Island	109	109	108¾	108¾
1000	Republic Iron	22¾	22⅞	22¾	22¾
100	Do preferred	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾
300	St. L. & S. F.	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾
	Do 1st pfd				85
200	Do 2d pfd	78¾	79	78¾	78¾
8500	Southern Ry.	39¾	39¾	39¼	39¼
100	Do preferred	97	97	97	96½
2900	Tenn. C. & I.	68	69¾	68¼	69¼
8700	Texas & Pacific	51	52¾	52	52¾
200	T. St. L. & K. W.	30	30¼	30	30
	Do preferred	48¾	49¼	48¾	48¾
4400	U. S. Steel	40½	40¾	40½	40¾
1300	Do preferred	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾
22200	Union Pacific	103¾	104¼	103¾	104¼
1100	Do preferred	90¾	91	90¾	90¾
200	U. S. Rubber	16¼	16½	16¼	16½
400	U. S. Leather	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
	Do preferred				76
5300	Wabash	38¾	39¼	38¾	39¼
3800	Do preferred	61¾	62⅜	61¾	62¼
1700	Western Union	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾
2100	W. & L. E.	29¾	29¾	28¾	29
	Do 1st pfd				84
	Do 2d pfd	40¼	41⅜	40¼	41¼
100	Wisconsin Cent.	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾
400	Do preferred	54¾	55	54¾	55
	U. S. C. I. P.				56
	Do preferred	90	90½	90	90½
	Kanawha & Mich.				48
	Do preferred	84¾	85	84¾	84¾
	Do preferred	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾
100	Hocking Valley	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾
200	Do preferred	92¼	92¼	92¼	91

New York Curb Stocks.

Henry Sproul & Co. furnish the following closing bids on active stocks traded

M'GAREY ON THE POLICE BENCH OVER SIX HOURS

Record-Breaking Sunday Session at Central Police Station.

M'ALEESE'S RAIDS WERE STARTED

Ten Visits to Disreputable Places Furnished Lots of Prisoners and Much Cost in the Way of Fines—First Ward Club.

Yesterday was a busy day for Magistrate David J. McGarey. Early in the morning he ascended the bench at No. 7 police station, on the South Side, and disposed of a big batch of drunks and disorderlies, for Saturday night was lively on that side of the river. Then the portly magistrate hurried over to Central police station to take the place of Magistrate Bernard McKenna, who is still on the sick list. It is not often that Magistrate McGarey is knocked out, but he was pretty badly staggered by what he found waiting for him to dispose of there.

All previous records had been broken. John McAleese, superintendent of police, had made a start in the direction of confirming his declaration that he was going to "clean up the city." He had had 10 speakeasies in the First and Seventh wards raided. McAleese said that this was merely a skirmish against the city's dens of vice; that the heavy firing would follow this week.

McGarey on the Bench for Six Hours.

In all there were 214 persons arrested Saturday night and early yesterday morning, whose cases were heard by Magistrate McGeary at Central station yesterday. He opened his court at 9 o'clock and it was 1:40 o'clock in the afternoon when the last case was out of the way. By that time McGeary's hair, what there is left of it, and his temper were both ruffled. He sniffed at himself and declared that what he most needed was a bath and a thorough fumigation. After that he said he might be able to eat something. The great majority of cases before McGeary were drunks and they had a hold-over odor with them that permeated the entire public safety building.

Disposition of the Cases.

Of the 214 persons arrested, 37 were committed to jail, 72 were discharged for want of sufficient evidence to hold them, seven were sent to the workhouse and the balance paid fines and were liberated. The fines and costs paid up to 5 o'clock last evening, amounted to $1,030 80, and more money was coming in as fast as friends of the prisoners could be reached and notified to come forward with the cash.

Most of the money came from seven women, who paid $100 and costs each for keeping speakeasies and disorderly houses. They were Ray Silvers of No. 280 Sixth avenue, Polly Robinson of No. 11 Sachem alley, Ray Davis of No. 14 Sachem alley, Claude Langley of No. 3 Sachem alley, Lillie Jeffries of No. 12 Sachem alley, Alice Stewart of No. 33 Logan street and Mabel Harris of No. 35 Logan street. There were 20 visitors at the Robinson house; three at Davis'; 31 at Langley's; 14 at Jeffries'; seven at Stewart's; three at Harris'. All of these visitors were fined $1 and costs, each.

Nellie Williams of No. 32 Ferry street was arrested in her establishment early yesterday morning. No visitors were found. She was fined $50 and costs. Information was made against her by Inspector Fred Will.

Annie McGuire of No. 34 Ferry street was also arrested for keeping a disorderly house and three visitors were found in her place. She was fined $50 and costs. The visitors were each fined $1 and costs.

First Ward Club Pulled.

The house of J. T. Nieland, otherwise known as the Lyric club, at No. 87 First avenue, was visited by the police early yesterday morning and 21 visitors were found in the place. Nieland was fined $50 and costs but this was later reduced to $25, and he paid it. It was testified to that the place was occupied by the Lyric club, composed of well-known people in the ward and all the men swore they were members of the club. The police, however, testified that they had two men go to the place and buy beer, and it was stated that they got it from Nieland.

While the reduced fine against Nieland was allowed to stand, the others found in the place were all allowed to go. A prominent First ward politician was busy in the meantime seeing people and explaining things.

Superintendent McAleese says the raiding of disreputable places and speakeasies is to be carried on this week. Many informations have been made by the police captains of the various districts, and McAleese has instructed his officers to make a thorough investigation of every place under suspicion. When they find sufficient evidence to make an information in the case they have been instructed to do so, regardless of who the person may be.

BIG CAR MANUFACTORY.

Site Is Secured for $5,000,000 Plant at West Pittsburgh.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—It is given out on good authority that the new industrial town of West Pittsburgh, six miles south of this city, is to secure a huge steel car manufacturing company.

John W. Garland, president of the Garland chain works of Rankin, Pa., is negotiating for a location there for the plant, which will have a capitalization of $5,000,000. It is said that A. Nesbit of Pittsburgh holds exclusive patents under which the cars are to be manufactured and that a number of Pittsburgh capitalists are interested.

Big Success of Harvest Home.

BELLEFONTE, PA., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—Over 1,000 people were present at Orange park today to hear the "Harvest Home" sermon this afternoon, preached by the Rev. G. W. Kerschner of the United Evangelical church of Center Hall. This evening there was a young people's rally in the auditorium. From present appearances this year's picnic will be the largest held in years.

Ancient Wooden Water Main.

YORK, PA., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—In making excavations for the York Water Company several employes unearthed a wooden water main which has been in the ground 80 years, having been a portion of the company's original mains. The ancient pipe measures 20 inches in circumference and is of yellow pine. This is in a good state of preservation, being as solid as new lumber. A section of the pine will be placed in the museum of the York County Historical society.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A YOUNG NAVAL HERO.
He is signal boy Pusey, of the British ship Victory, and wears a medal given him by King Edward VII. in recognition of his bravery in attempting to save the life of a man blown into the water by a gun burst on board.

CRAP GAME AGAIN LEADS TO MURDER

NEGRO LABORERS ON DAM AT LEGIONVILLE FIGHT.

William Cunningham, Run Out of Game, Killed Alonzo Scott and Escaped.

"Abe" Preston, colored, of Legionville, Beaver county, is in the Allegheny Central police station charged with drunkenness, but as he knows considerable about the murder of Alonzo Scott, also colored, which took place at Legionville on Saturday night, he will be turned over to the authorities of Beaver county today.

Preston was arrested at the Ft. Wayne depot in Allegheny yesterday morning. He was very much intoxicated at the time and as he came from Legionville and said he knew all about the murder of Scott he was locked up on general principles. In the afternoon after he had sobered up he told Police Sergeant James T. Sherry the story of the shooting.

He said there was a crap game going on Saturday night in a shanty on the river bank at Legionville, during which a fight occurred. The fight came about through charges of cheating being made against William Cunningham, colored. He was finally run out of the shanty by a half-dozen other colored men. Cunningham, after running a short distance, got out his revolver and then, turning about suddenly, fired all the shots the weapon contained into the crowd that had chased him out, killing Scott instantly. Cunningham then made his escape. The dead body of Scott was turned over to an undertaker and the crap game was resumed and continued all night.

Preston says he does not know how he got to Allegheny or why he came, on account of being so intoxicated. He says most of the men connected with the crap game work on the new government locks being erected at Legionville.

STEEL CORPORATION FAR FROM MONOPOLY

Figures Show That Other Companies in This Country Are Left Big Share of Business.

The Bulletin of the American Iron and Steel association of August 25 contains an article on the subject of "The United States Steel Corporation," brought out by the many statements that this corporation is a trust. The Bulletin gives the production of iron and steel of 1901, with figures on the production of the steel corporation, which show that this company has far from a monopoly of the business of the country.

For instance, the United States Steel Corporation used only 43.9 of the total output of iron ore of the country; it produced 58.5 per cent of the Bessemer and basic pig iron, 65.4 per cent of spiegeleisen and ferromanganese, and of all other iron 3.4 per cent. It produced 70.2 per cent of the Bessemer steel ingots and castings, and 40 per cent of the open hearth steel ingots and castings. Of the Bessemer steel rails the United States Steel corporation produced 59.0 per cent; structural shapes, 52.2 per cent; plates and sheets, 64.6 per cent; wire rods, 77.6 per cent; all other rolled products, 27.3 per cent.

The total rolled products of the steel corporation were but 50.1 per cent of the production of the country and its wire nails 65.8 per cent.

"While these figures establish the fact that the United States Steel Corporation, through its constituent companies, is a producer of iron ore, pig iron and finished iron and steel on a stupendous scale," says the Bulletin, "it just as clearly shows that it is very far from being a monopoly."

CUTTING IN A POOL ROOM.

Bloody Quarrel Between Two Negroes Saturday Night in Allegheny Resort.

Shortly after 12 o'clock Saturday night a stabbing affray took place in Frank Bailey's place, No. 515 East Diamond street, Allegheny, in which Earl Wilson, colored, of No. 605 Shawnee street, Allegheny, was stabbed in the left breast, just above the heart.

George Butler, also colored, who says he has no home, is held at the Allegheny Central police station, charged with doing the stabbing, although he stoutly denies he is guilty. The trouble arose over a game of "bottle" pool. The knife or dagger with which Wilson was stabbed struck a rib and glanced off, just escaping the heart.

Mistake in Signals.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—A wreck at the crossing of the Lake Erie and Baltimore & Ohio tracks here this afternoon blockaded traffic several hours. An Erie freight was on the crossing when a Baltimore & Ohio freight, mistaking the signals, ran into it, demolishing ten cars. Engineer H. E. Reynolds and Fireman Isaac Kennedy jumped and were only slightly injured.

A MONSTER VASE.

Probably the Largest Ever Cut on Exhibition at the Exposition.

The H. C. Fry Glass Company of Rochester, Pa., has just placed on exhibition at the Exposition a magnificent cut glass vase, that is probably the largest ever cut.

It is 31 inches tall and the glass is of rare brilliancy and beauty. It is cut in a new sunbeam pattern of exceptional richness and altogether is one of the most perfect pieces of cut glass ever produced in this or any other country.

The entire display of the H. C. Fry Company is probably the finest ever made in this city. There are vases and bowls and dishes of every size and shape and character—all of the most brilliant design and perfect purity. "Rochester Cut Glass" has only been on the market for a few months, but it has already gained for itself the reputation of being the most beautiful ever produced.

KORNBLUM, OPTICIAN
449 Wood Street, Near Fifth Avenue.

STONE GIVES UP OFFICIAL PLANS TO END STRIKE

Governor Thinks He Has Done All In His Power to Settle the Affair.

HE WILL NOT CALL AN EXTRA SESSION

Awaits Receipt of Bills from Railway Employes to Issue Statement—Situation in Mining Region Is Reported Unchanged.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 14.—Gov. Stone will make no further effort to settle the hard coal strike. He feels that he has done everything in his power to bring it to an end and that there is nothing more for him to do.

The governor still declines to disclose the result of his negotiations with the strike leaders. He said again today that there was nothing he could say about his conference with President Mitchell and his associates.

The governor has not received from the state legislative board of railroad employes of Pennsylvania the legislation being drafted by its attorneys to be considered if there shall be an extra session of the general assembly. As soon as he receives copies of these bills he is expected to make a public statement, giving his reasons for not calling an extra session.

SHENANDOAH, PA., Sept. 14.—Tomorrow will begin the nineteenth week of the coal strike. The date on which Senator Platt predicted that the strike would end has passed and the hope which was instilled into the people in this locality because of that prediction has been succeeded by a feeling that the end is still far off.

Troops Will Remain.

Gen. Gobin denies that he is preparing to remove the troops at an early date or that he expects an order from the governor to withdraw the troops. He says he does not anticipate an order of that kind until there is a settlement of the strike.

TAMAQUA, PA., Sept. 14.—By the accidental discharge of a Winchester rifle in the hands of Hugh Black, a deputy at the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company's No. 4 stockade near Nesquehoning last night, Paul Haulick, a non-union man, was instantly killed. The bullet passed through his left lung, coming out of his back.

Last night a Hungarian who gave his name as John Kausha appealed to the officers in command of the troops at Manitou park for protection. The man was bleeding from a number of severe cuts on the head and face. He said that he was walking along the road leading from Coaldale to Lansford when he was assaulted by a number of his countrymen. The man's wounds were dressed and he was escorted to his home.

More Mines to Start.

WILKESBARRE, PA., Sept. 14.—Superintendent Barnard of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Company's collieries in the Wyoming region this evening notified Sheriff Jacobs that additional men would be put to work tomorrow at the collieries which resumed operations last week, and that probably one or two more would be started up. Superintendent Barnard requests the sheriff to furnish protection for the workmen. Sheriff Jacobs will have a large force of deputies at hand to send to any place in the region where trouble occurs.

President Mitchell is still silent on the conference held with Gov. Stone at Harrisburg on Saturday. He says this evening that there was no change in the strike situation.

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)

Mahogany Chiffonier of Distinction

You, of course, have often observed the exquisite ensemble of an article evolved by a real artist from mahogany.

Isn't such an article an inspiration?

No wood is more artistic than mahogany.

And as for the chiffonier pictured above, it is one of the most effective pieces ever produced. The lines are simple, the details chaste. You cannot but admire it. If its beauty could be portrayed in the picture this advertisement would hold your attention longer. But as pictorial representation has not reached such a degree of perfection, the thought of a realistic reproduction must be abandoned.

Here are the details:

Made of solid mahogany, 38 inches wide, 22 inches deep, with a splendid French oval plate mirror, 30 by 82 inches, 3 large drawers, 4 small drawers, large hat box.

Such a Chiffonier finds a hearty welcome in homes where ideals of refined workmanship are cherished.

Despite the exclusiveness of the styles shown at this store, and their manifest superiority, price is always an inducement at

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)
525-527-529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Fair. Monday, September 15, 1902.

Autumn Shoppers Find This Store Ready.

Ready with everything fashionable that anybody and everybody will want this Fall. Variety so liberal that the most fastidious tastes can have full sway.

This is the best Fashion page published. It tells first the news of new goods, and where to get them. For men as well as women.

And in the matter of buying economically it is always clear and to the point.

Lupin's Crepes—A Sensational Price Of 75c a Yd.—Just Half

Lupin, the famous French manufacturer, is known all over the world as a weaver of finest dress stuffs.

Many women will have no other goods. They know them to be perfect—the most dependable of all woolen textures. The following is the best bit of news we have had for women for a long time:

Through Lupin's New York agents we secured a lovely 43-inch Olga Crepe. There are 22 colors in the lot. Over the color grounds are neatly woven silk dots—only a quarter of an inch apart.

Although it retails at $1.50 a yard in every city in the union, we begin selling 3,000 yards today at 75c the yard.

In passing we may say that this is one of the choicest silk dotted woolen fabrics ever offered, and can be found only in this store. For wear at social functions, and for general household wear, it is admirable—such delicate colors as cream, sky blue, baby blue, pink, Nile green, canary, heliotrope, lilac, silver gray, pearl gray, rose pink, old rose, reseda, tea green, castor, cardinal, delft blue, chocolate, brown and navy.

A First Exhibit of Imported Dress Novelties.

These are exclusive materials as well as designs, personally selected from the most noted French manufacturers, and will be exhibited to-day in the first aisle to left of main entrance.

And for the making of handsome Tailor Gowns we have to invite you to a sight of two exclusive lines of exceedingly rich French stuffs—

44-inch Ottoman Zibeline, $1.50 a yard.
48-inch Amazone Diamant, $1.50 a yard.

These are represented by newest Fall shades of navy, French blue, brown, castor, tan, tobacco, steel gray and oxford, with effective white camel's hair spread over the surface.

Something of Broadcloths.

For years we have imported these cloths, and women have come to understand that the richest and finest can be found only here.

The new importation consists of 50 and 52-inch widths, 20 to 30 new Autumn shades to each quality, in a range of prices that is remarkable—$1, $1.25, $1.50, $2, $2.50 and on to $4 a yard.

Satin Sedan Cloths.

52-inch widths expressly imported for the making of smart wraps—especially the handsome long evening wear garments.

Blue, castor, silver gray, and the new champagne color—exclusive—$4.00 a yard.

Black Dress Goods.

This department is replete with all the new materials. There is none of any prominence that is missing. The exhibit of blacks is the most varied we ever had.

As a special offer, this:

1,000 yards Imported Black Venetian Cloth that retails regularly for $1.75 a yard, on our counters today for..... $1.25 Yd.

The New Waistings:

Choose either all wool or all cotton. And we hope you will not consider us impertinent if we hint that your wardrobe is not complete without several waists made of these beautiful fabrics.

A further hint: The demand is so great that manufacturers refuse to give definite dates for delivery.

Happily we had large orders ahead, and really are showing to-day larger variety in these handsome waist materials than Eastern stores.

Prices range from 40c to $1.75 a yard.

Golf and the Things With Which to Play It.

Perhaps golf may be held to interest all ages but the infant. At any rate, these offerings will keenly interest golfers. A good supply of the Kempshall and Henley Golf Balls for one thing—a splendid assortment of the latest kinds of clubs for another.

Cann & Taylor's Drivers and Brassies, $2.

Cann & Taylor's Irons, $1.50.

Morristown Drivers and Iron Clubs, 75c.

Kempshall Golf Balls, $6 dozen.

Henley Flyer Golf Balls, $4 dozen.

Joseph Horne Co.'s re-made Golf Balls, $1.75 dozen.

Polishing Cloths 5c.

That is to say two cloths in an envelope, and the envelope will cost you 5c.

They are chemically prepared and are for polishing gold and silver.

14 Packs Toilet Paper 50c.

In 8-ounce size rolls—700 sheets to the roll.

On sale Basement House Furnishing Department.

New Lace Robes $22.50.

They are worth $35.

Saturday we received a shipment of beautiful Black Silk Lace Net Robes, trimmed with appliques of various designs.

The prettiest, neatest, best patterns we have ever handled.

Of the applique effects there are 19 different designs.

Enough to please the most overly particular.

Although fully worth $35, we shall only ask you to pay $22.50 for choice.

Italian Shell Combs.

Another shipment just in—another sale today.

Ladies never met with anything so popular.

There are Side Combs, Neck Combs and Barrettes.

They have been divided into two lots—choice 25c and 50c.

Manufacturers of tortoise shell products are puzzled how to overcome the popularity for this class of goods—they are so cleverly imitative of the real thing, so much like those that cost five and six times the price.

The 25c Combs, if real, would sell for $2 to $3.50; the 50c goods would bring ten times that were they real.

Velutina—A Cotton Velvet.

A splendid, rich fabric—the closest approach to silk velvet ever put on the market. It is well adapted for smart walking suits, since, by reason of its weight and texture, it hangs well and holds its shape. It is also an admirable fabric for waists and children's Winter suits and dresses.

Many new Fall styles and colorings are here. One—a "hollow cut" cord, is produced by cutting the long, thick pile with sharp knives.

Another charming series of patterns is in metallic effects on dark grounds.

Some details:

75c, 85c, $1 a yard. Printed Novelty Velutinas in Persian and Dresden designs and figured stripes, in all the leading colorings for Fall.

At 75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2 a yard we are showing a rich black Velutina in weights made expressly for walking skirts.

At $1, $1.25, $1.50 a yard. Hollow Cut Velutina Cords in 18 of this Fall's colorings, including black in the medium and broad cords.

$1 a yard. 24-inch Velutinas, with a velvet finish, in 24 of the newest shades for Fall. Light and dark effects, including black.

As to variety in new Velvets, there could not be a more liberal showing, for we have everything of note. Would like you to see, specially, the high-art novelties in white and black. Mention of a few velvet numbers:

A rich Silk Velvet in stripes, all this Autumn's popular colors, including black and white, $1.25 value for $1 a yard.

A new Glace Velvet, with hollow-cut dots, all the leading shades, $1.25 a yard.

Panne Velvets in light and dark shades, $1.25 grade for $1 a yard.

The Newest Silks.

In colors the most prominent of the new Silks are

PEAU LOUISINES, brilliant Fall colors,

ECOSSE STRIPES, with warp print figures, one of the newest novelties,

WARP PRINT TAFFETAS—white and black—pastille effects,

BANNALEC, a new armure weave, evening and street shades,

POINTILLE EFFECTS in a variety of novelties.

As a special for today this will be approved of—

75c a yard—$1 value—Crepe de Chines in evening and street shades.

Among the new weaves in Plain Black Silks are

Fleur de Printemps,
Satin Sedusants,
Satin Mousseline,
Satin Sultanne,
Satin Marquisat.

Either as rich and handsome as could be wished for.

Two specials for consideration—

68c a yard. A soft Black Silk with a rustling finish, "guaranteed" woven on edge—a splendid Swiss make.

$1.25 a yard—$1.50 grade. Black Moire Velour, yard wide.

Rich Cut Glass and Bric-a-Brac

The third floor is brilliant with new goods from abroad, goods that were not bought second-hand from importers, but novelties personally selected by our buyer when in Europe the past Summer.

Today, Limoges Enamels, by the most celebrated artists—miniatures on copper and ivories—$25 to $150 each.

Some very handsome art nouveau Statuettes and Candlesticks, from $1.50 to $5 each.

Beautifully shaped Vases and Flower Centers, in the richest color effects, from the Silesian mountains. The prices rise gradually from $1.50 to $25 each.

For the inexpensive present, or for the richest present that can be well imagined, this department of the third floor is full of suggestions, both in bric-a-brac and sparkling cut glass.

More of the German Enameled Ware.

Our German manufacturer shipped us 10 more cases of this excellent culinary ware, and it is on sale today. We never did believe in disparaging American manufacture of anything, but in this case we have to acknowledge that ware will last twice as long as similar goods made in this country, while costing no more.

Blue outside—white inside. Prices

STOVE POTS—
6 qt. .... 85c each
8 qt. ....$1.00 each
10 qt. .... 1.25 each

TEA POTS—
1 qt. .... 55c each
1½ qt. .... 60c each
2 qt. .... 75c each
3 qt. .... 85c each

COFFEE POTS—
½ qt. .... 45c each
¾ qt. .... 50c each
1½ qt. .... 60c each
3 qt. .... 85c each
4 qt. .... 95c each
5 qt. .... 1.10 each

BERLIN KETTLES—
1½ qt. .... 40c each
2 qt. .... 50c each
3 qt. .... 65c each
4 qt. .... 85c each
5 qt. .... 85c each
7 qt. ....$1.10 each
8 qt. .... 1.25 each

MILK KETTLES—
½ qt. .... 50c each
1½ qt. .... 55c each
2 qt. .... 65c each
3 qt. .... 75c each
4 qt. ....$1.00 each

MILK BUCKETS—
½ qt. .... 35c each
1 qt. .... 40c each
1½ qt. .... 45c each
2 qt. .... 50c each
3 qt. .... 55c each
4 qt. .... 65c each
6 qt. .... 75c each

JELLY CAKE PANS—20c and 22c each

MILK PANS—
1½ qt. .... 25c each
2 qt. .... 30c each
2½ qt. .... 35c each
3 qt. .... 40c each
4 qt. .... 45c each
5 qt. .... 50c each

PUDDING PANS—
1 qt. .... 22c each
1½ qt. .... 25c each
2½ qt. .... 35c each
3 qt. .... 40c each
5 qt. .... 45c each
6 qt. .... 50c each

DIPPERS—35c and 40c each

SCOOPS—35c, 40c, 45c, 50c and 75c each.

DEEP PIE PANS—18c, 20c, 22c and 25c each.

SHALLOW PIE PANS—18c, 20c, 22c and 25c each.

SAUCE PANS—
1½ qt. .... 40c each
2½ qt. .... 50c each
3 qt. .... 65c each
4 qt. .... 85c each
5 qt. .... 95c each

SOAP DISHES—25c.

COFFEE BOILERS—
14 qt. ....$1.75 each
8 qt. .... 1.35 each
6 qt. .... 1.25 each
4 qt. .... 1.00 each

FISH KETTLES—$2.50 and $3.00 each

BABY FOOD CUPS—
½ pt. .... 30c each
1 pt. .... 35c each
1½ pt. .... 40c each
2 pt. .... 45c each

JAR FILLERS—25c.

CHAMBER PAILS—$1.75 each

HAM BOILERS—$2.50 and $3.00 each

ROUND MIXING BOWLS—
¼ qt. .... 20c each
½ qt. .... 22c each
1 qt. .... 25c each
1½ qt. .... 30c each
1¾ qt. .... 35c each
2 qt. .... 40c each
2½ qt. .... 50c each

OBLONG PUDDING OR VEGETABLE DISHES—45c, 50c and 55c each

MEASURES—
¼ pt. .... 25c each
½ pt. .... 30c each
1 pt. .... 35c each
2 qt. .... 40c each
4 qt. .... 50c each

The Basement China Store

was never so completely filled with attractive China, marked, according to grade, with remarkably small prices.

Today we pass the more expensive wares and ask notation of the following specials:

25c each—regularly 50c—1,000 Souvenir Plates from a noted English Pottery. Pittsburg scenes in royal flow blue, such as entrance to Highland Park, Carnegie Library and Point Bridge.

A very desirable line of old English Pitchers to be closed out at these reduced prices: 25c from 35c, 35c from 50c, 50c from 75c, 60c from 85c, 70c from $1.

Lot of imported English Mixing or Pastry Bowls to be closed out as follows: 40c sizes for 25c, 65c and $1 sizes for 50c.

Another lot of those $25 French China Dinner Sets, pink decoration—100 pieces to the set—for $15.

Light for the Long Evenings.

Portable Lamps, Mantles, Shades, Globes and Tubing. Everything for fixing yourself comfortable for the evening.

The Lamps are made of brass, nickel, copper, bronze and silver. Inexpensive to pretty fine. $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2 and up to $5.

Various makes of Mantles—any of them all right. Black Stag, plain, 10c each; Black Stag, with cap, 15c; Welsbach, 15c; "Yusea," 38c.

Shades—fluted, 10c each; green lined, heavy, $1; decorated, complete with cap, $3.50 to $5. These are imported.

Tubing—Mohair, 6-foot lengths, 25c; 8-foot lengths, 35c; silk, 6-foot lengths, 90c; 8-foot lengths, $1.20.

Olive Oil Castile Soap 10c.

Ten cents for a chunk—convenient size for the bath.

Purest soap made.

Water Bottles—Little to Pay.

Only two sizes left, and they will be closed out—

2-quart size for 50c.

3-quart size for 60c.

PENN AND FIFTH.